

Semi-Annual Report

Feb 2019 Fiscal Period



GLP



14th Fiscal Period

(from September 1, 2018 to February 28, 2019)

GLP J-REIT

1-5-2, Higashi-Shimbashi, Minato-ku, Tokyo 105-7134, Japan https://www.glpjreit.com/english/



Dividend per unit (Feb 2019 actual)

2,657 yen

(including an optimal payable distribution of 296 yen)

Dividend per unit (Aug 2019 forecast)

2,764_{yen}

(including an optimal payable distribution of 296 yen)

Total assets (as of Mar 31, 2019)

607.9 bn yen

(Note) Based on acquisition price

Occupancy (as of Feb 28, 2019)

99.2%

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To Our Unitholders



On behalf of GLP J-REIT, I am pleased to present the financial results of the 14th fiscal period ended February 2019.

In terms of external growth, GLP J-REIT acquired eight new logistics facilities (worth 84.8 billion yen in total (Note 2)) from the GLP Group (Note 1), the sponsor, in September 2018, the beginning of the period, through its sixth public offering since its listing. New revenues from these newly acquired properties significantly contributed to the increase in distribution for the 14th period.

Meanwhile, in terms of operation, GLP J-REIT provided services carefully tailored to meet the GLP Group's tenant needs, endeavoring to actively revise rents upward against a backdrop of high demand for modern logistics facilities. As a result, GLP J-REIT maintained or increased rent for all rent contracts that were renewed during the 14th fiscal period for the 13th consecutive period since its listing, while maintaining an occupancy rate as of February 28 of as high as 99% or more.

Furthermore, GLP J-REIT has been steadily improving the occupancy rate of the properties newly acquired in 2018 with some vacancies left.

As a result, the 14th period ended with operating revenues of 18,691 million yen and net income of 9,052 million yen. Reflecting the above performance, the total dividend is 2,657 yen per unit, comprising a dividend of 2,361 yen per unit and an optimal payable distribution per unit of 296 yen. This figure is an increase of 23 yen (0.9%) from the distribution for the previous period.

In addition, GLP J-REIT sold GLP Fukuoka in March 2019 (the 15th fiscal period ending August 2019). The proceeds from the sale of this property are expected to be 784 million yen.

GLP J-REIT's portfolio after the sale of this property became 75 properties valued at 607.9 billion yen (Note 2), maintaining one of the highest asset levels for a logistics REIT (Note 3). The dividend per unit for the 15th period is expected to be 2,764 yen (an increase of 107 yen from the 14th period), reflecting the proceeds from the sale of the said property.

GLP J-REIT is determined to maximize investor value through its best-inclass asset management services, recognized both in Japan and around the world, harnessing GLP's extensive experience in operating logistics facilities.

I thank you for your ongoing support.

Yoii Tatsumi Executive Director, GLP J-REIT President, GLP Japan Advisors Inc.

(Note 1) GLP Pte. Ltd. (hereinafter, "GLP"), the parent company of GLP J-REIT's sponsor, and its Group companies will be hereinafter collectively termed "the GLP Group."

(Note 2) Based on acquisition price. (Note 3) For the purposes of this report, "logistics REIT" refers to an investment corporation listed in Japan for which logistics facilities comprise 95% or more of its holdings in terms of acquisition price. The same applies hereafter



Yoji Tatsumi Executive Director, GLP J-REIT

Overview of GLP



■ Investment in Modern Logistics Facilities

Top-tier asset size (Note 1) among logistics J-REITs

607.9 bn yen

Continuous support from the sponsor, which is the operator with the **Largest logistics AUM in Japan**

Largest and ever-growing 3 pipeline (Note 2) among logistics J-REITs

.35 mm sam

4 Robust internal growth

Occupancy rate at end of occupancy rate at end of most recent period (Note 3) 99.2%

Most recent rent increase

5 Financial Soundness

JCR credit rating Δ

(Assumption for August 31, 2019)

(Note 1) "Asset size" is based on the acquisition price as of March 31, 2019.

(Note 2) "Pipeline" is the gross floor area (gross floor area on the inspection certificate) as of March 31, 2019.
(Note 3) The "occupancy rate at end of most recent period" is the proportion of total leased area as of February 28, 2019 to total leasable area of each asset, rounded to the first decimal place.

Investment Target

Our investment is intended to focus on "modern logistics facilities," which we define as large-scale, highly functional leasable logistics facilities. This policy is strategically developed based on our market analysis, which tells us that demand for modern logistics facilities is expected to increase, reflecting the growth of Japanese 3PL business (Note) as well as the e-commerce market, while such facilities remaining scarce.

Large scale

Gross floor area: 10,000 sgm or more

High functionality (For more than 50% of the gross floor area) Floor-to-ceiling height: 5.5 meters or more Floor load tolerance: 1.5 tons/sam or more

(Note) Third-party logistics ("3PL") operators provide partial or complete supply chain management services for corporate clients. Typically, 3PL companies provide unified services for operational, storage and transportation processes that can be adjusted and customized to fit the needs of individual clients in response to relevant market trends, including

■ State-of-the-art Modern Logistics Facility (Example: GLP Tokyo II)



Investment Areas

We plan to invest primarily in logistics facilities located near airports and trading ports, along main traffic routes connecting major consumption districts, and around logistics hubs in production or consumption areas. Location selection is intended to ensure geographical diversification of the portfolio in consideration of local characteristics such as population distribution, overall production trends, and logistics dynamics within the region.

Investment percentage by location (based on acquisition price)

Location	Tokyo metropolitan area	Greater Osaka area	Others
Investment percentage	50-70%	20-40%	5-20%

Continuing Strong Internal Growth





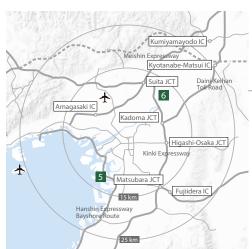
38,997 m²

Leased area for



Completion date August 2004

Leased area for





Soja, Okayama

February 2013

Location

Completion date



(Note) "Occupancy rate" is rounded down and shown as 99% when it may result in 100% after rounding.







ocation	Okegawa, Saitama	Rent increase
ompletion date	July 1993	16 Fa
eased area for	17.062 m ²	+6.5%

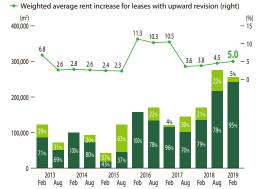






Location	Koto, Tokyo	nent increase
Completion date	April 2006	17/1
Leased area for rent increase	12,286 m²	+7.4%





Leased area for rent increase (left) Leased area for flat rent (left)

(Note 1) Excludes automatic rent increases and tenant replacement after vacancy periods. (Note 2) "Occupancy rate" is calculated by dividing total leased area for each property by the total leasable area, rounded to the first decimal place. However, when it may result in 100.0% after rounding, the figure is rounded down to the first decimal place and shown

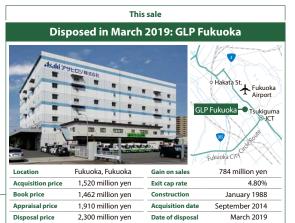
Asset Disposal with Capital Gain



■ Overview of Property Disposed

GLP J-REIT sold GLP Fukuoka on March 29, 2019. It disposed four properties in January 2016 and July 2017 for a total of 7.170 million ven (disposal price basis), making this disposal its third asset disposal (fifth asset), GLP J-REIT has continuously achieved capital gains.





■ Highlight of the Sale

Realized 784 million yen of

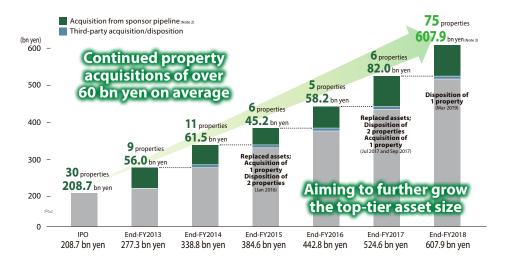
gain (+20% higher than appraisal value) by selling the asset just after the rent growth

Reason for the sale

- ▶ Given the present strong real estate market condition, the sale is implemented at a disposal price that is over 20% higher than the appraisal value.
- ► Appropriate timing: the contracted rent has been recently raised by 9%.
- ▶ Proceeds from the sale can be used for measures that will contribute to stable growth of the unitholders' value, including repayment of debt before maturity and acquisition of assets in future.

Sustained Enhancement of Unitholders' Value

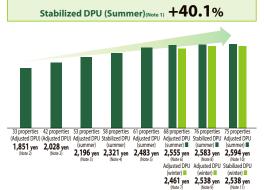
■ Steady Expansion of the Portfolio

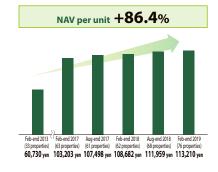


(Note 1) A "FY" is from April 1 to March 31 of the following year.

 $(Note\ 2)\ Acquisition\ from\ sponsor\ pipeline\ means\ properties\ acquired\ from\ sponsor's\ RoFL\ or\ acquired\ directly/indirectly\ from\ GLP\ funds\ properties\ acquired\ from\ sponsor's\ RoFL\ or\ acquired\ directly/indirectly\ from\ GLP\ funds\ properties\ prop$ (Note 3) 13 solar panels (4.9 bn yen) acquired on March 1, 2018 following the 5th public offering are included in the acquisition price and asset size.

■ Track Record Since Listing





(Note 1) Includes OPD.
(Note 2) Adjusted DPU described in "Amendment of Forecast for the Fiscal Period Ending February 28, 2014 and Announcement of Forecast for the Fiscal Period Ending August 31, 2014" dated

September 3, 2013.
Adjusted DPU described in "Announcement of Amendment of Forecast Concerning Operating Status and Distribution for the Fiscal Period Ending February 29, 2016 and Forecast for the Fiscal Period Ending August 31, 2016" dated August 10, 2015.
(Note 4) Actual DPU for the Aug 2016 fiscal period described in "Summary of Financial Results (REIT) for the 9th Fiscal Period Ended August 31, 2016" dated October 13, 2016.

Actual DPU for the Aug 2017 fiscal period described in "Summary of Financial Results (REIT) for the 11th Fiscal Period Ended August 31, 2017" dated October 13, 2017 excluding the Asset

Actual DPU for the Aug 2017 iscal period described in Summary or Financial results (RELI) for the Financial Period Ended August 31, 2017 dated October 13, 2017 excluding the Asset Disposal Effect.
Adjusted DPU described in "Announcement of Amendment of Forecast Concerning Operating Status and Distribution for the Fiscal Period Ending August 31, 2018 and Forecast for the Fiscal Period Ending February 28, 2019" dated February 5, 2018.
Adjusted DPU before amendment described in "Announcement of Amendment of Forecast Concerning Operating Status and Distribution for the Fiscal Period Ending Appets 31, 2018.
Adjusted DPU before amendment described in "Announcement of Amendment of Forecast Concerning Operating Status and Distribution for the Fiscal Period Ending Appets 31, 2018.
Adjusted DPU before amendment described in "Announcement of Amendment of Forecast Concerning Operating Status and Distribution for the Fiscal Period Ending Appets 31, 2019" dated August 13, 2018.

and the cost of th Made the same adjustment as in the adjusted DPU announced on Aug 13, 2018, from the forecast DPU for the Feb 2019 fiscal period described in "Summary of Financial Results (REIT) for the 13th Fiscal Period Ended August 31, 2018" dated October 15, 2018.

ast DPU for the Aug 2019 fiscal period described in "Summary of Financial Results (REIT) for the 14th Fiscal Period Ended February 28, 2019" dated April 15, 2019 excluding the Asset Disposal Effect (Note 11) Forecast DPU for the Feb 2020 fiscal period described in "Summary of Financial Results (REIT) for the 14th Fiscal Period Ended February 28, 2019" dated April 15, 2019

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Financial Highlights

Portfolio Data (Note 1)



■ Financials

Feb 2019 (from September 1, 2018 to February 28, 2019) Aug 2019 (forecast) (from March 1, 2019

(from March 1, 2019 to August 31, 2019)

Operating revenue (mm yen) 18,691 19,875

Operating income (mm yen) 10,185 10,737

Ordinary income (mm yen) **8,946 9,462**

Net income (mm yen) 9,052 9,462

No. of properties at fiscal end 75

■ Dividend per Unit

Feb 2019 (from September 1, 2018 to February 28, 2019) Aug 2019 (forecast) (from March 1, 2019 to August 31, 2019)

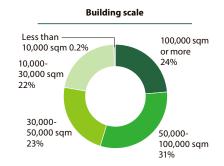
Dividend per unit (total) (yen) **2,657 2,764**

Dividend per unit (excl. OPD) (yen) **2,361 2,468**

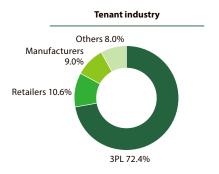
Optimal payable distribution per unit (yen) 296 296

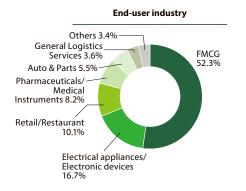
Others 16% Greater Osaka Area 27% Tokyo Metropolitan Area

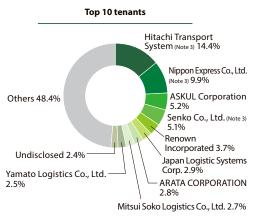
57%











(Note 1) The above data is as of March 29, 2019 (based on 75 properties). Data for location and building scale is based on acquisition price. Other data is based on leased area excluding vacant area.

⁽Note 2) WALE (weighted average leasing expiry) indicates the remaining lease period of each lease agreement weighted averaged on a leased area basis (Note 3) Hitachi Transport System, Nippon Express, and Senko include group companies.

Sustainability Practices

GLP J-REIT, together with its asset management company GLP Japan Advisors Inc., gives the utmost consideration to environmental protection, and fulfills its social responsibilities in ensuring the comfort and health of its employees and customers as well as of local communities. As a demonstration of its comprehensive commitment to place its social responsibilities for social sustainability at the core of its business operations, GLP J-REIT has formulated environment, society and governance (ESG) guidelines and has been pursuing various approaches on a corporate and investment property basis.

■ Properties that Have Received Sustainability or Environmental Certificates

► GRESB Real Estate Assessment (September 21, 2018)

GLP J-REIT has been awarded a "Green Star" rating in the 2018 Global Real Estate Sustainability Benchmark Real Estate Assessment ("GRESB Assessment") in 4 consecutive years and a "4 Star" rating in GRESB rating for 3 consecutive years, respectively.



Green Star

Awarded to companies receiving high evaluation on both "management and policy" and "implementation and measurement" for sustainability performance.

► CASBEE (February 28, 2019)

GLP J-REIT obtained CASBEE for Real Estate Certifications (Rank S: 2 properties/Rank A: 2 properties) in February 2019.





CASREE

Comprehensive Assessment System for Built Environmental Efficiency (CASBEE) evaluates buildings comprehensively on a 5-point scale based on environmental performance such as energy/resource saving and recycling, and other criteria such as aesthetic appeal, etc.

Examples of properties with Rating **** (Rank S)













▶ Examples of properties with BELS Assessment

Evaluation ****













Building Energy-efficiency Labeling System (BELS) is a public assessment system established in April 2014 by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism, to evaluate the energy saving performance

■ Initiatives Taken by GLP J-REIT at Its Facilities



LED lighting

Promote reduction of

Trash separation





24-hour security









■ Teamed up with Local Governments to Use GLP's Facilities at Times of Natural Disasters

GLP has entered into agreements with a number of local governments to use GLP's logistics facilities as restoration support centers and evacuation sites at times of disaster or emergency.

GLP Atsugi II

(Property owned by GLP J-REIT)



- GLP entered into an agreement with Aikawa Town in Aiko District of Kanagawa Prefecture on April 27, 2017 to use the parking lot of GLP Atsugi II as a vehicle standby site for disaster relief operations and emergency firefighting assistance, as well as a site for temporary tents for storing goods and materials at times of an earthquake or other disaster
- GLP Atsugi II is a multi-tenant modern logistics facility with a gross floor area of 89,242 sqm, completed in June 2016. GLP has agreed with Aikawa town to use GLP Atsugi II as a restoration support center as it has various business continuity features such as seismic isolation, backup power supply, and groundwater supply facilities, as well as a large parking lot that can hold up to 356 cars.





- GLP entered into an agreement concerning GLP Suita with its tenant ASKUL Corporation and the city of Suita, Osaka on January 18, 2018 to use the facility for support and cooperation
- At times of disaster, the city of Suita will use GLP Suita as a transportation hub for accumulating, handling, and shipping relief supplies that are brought in from outside of the city.
- GLP Suita's location in an urban area, its optimal structure for bringing in and shipping supplies as it offers trucks direct access to each floor, and its robust architecture were appreciated.
- GLP Suita is a modern logistics facility with a gross floor area of 165,235 sgm and a double rampway. It was completed in August 2017. It has various features for business continuity such as seismic isolation, backup power supply, and partial use of power generated by solar panels at times of disaster.

An evacuation site when a tsunami occurs





- GLP entered into the "Agreement on the Provision of Facilities during a Tsunami" concerning GLP Yokohama with Tsurumi-ku. Yokohama on October 1, 2014
- GLP Yokohama's seismic isolation performance, location, and relationship with the local community have been highly rated as an evacuation facility.
- Since the conclusion of the agreement, the Tsurumi ward office, GLP, Tsurumi Fire Department, and Tsurumi Police Department have held joint tsunami evacuation drills every year with the participation of local residents.
- The installation of a gate for entering the premises of GLP Yokohama from the neighboring residential area and escape routes within the premises enable safe and efficient evacuation of local residents when a tsunami warning is issued.

■ GLP Group's CSR Activities

The GLP Group is actively engaged in CSR activities by offering support in discovering and nurturing children's possibilities and talents.



children in cooperation with



Provides working experience such as in warehouse-related work to primary/middle school Hosted bubble soccer events for



Delivered Japanese picture books with translation stickers to children in developing countries

Overseas (China)

Founded GLP Hope Schools and provided educational opportunities to around 10,000 students

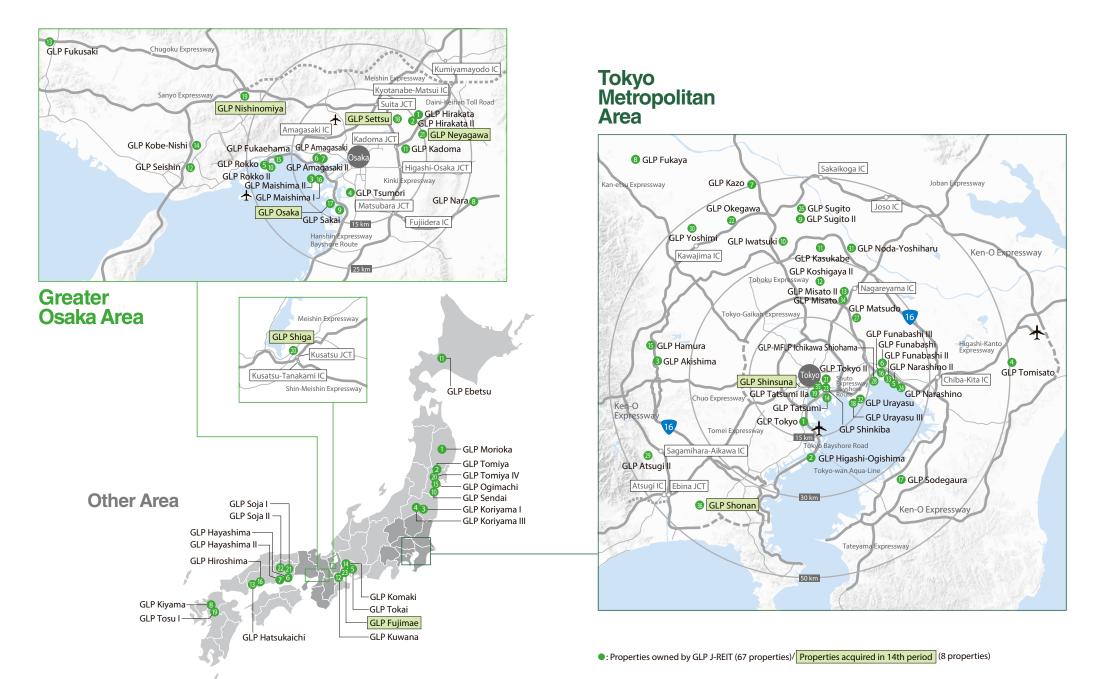




Since its inception in 2006, GLP has funded 14 schools benefitting

Portfolio Map





Overview of Portfolio in

Tokyo Metropolitan Area



11 GLP Tokyo Ota, Tokyo



2 GLP Higashi-Ogishima Kawasaki, Kanagawa



3 GLP Akishima Akishima, Tokyo



4 GLP Tomisato Tomisato, Chiba



40 GLP Narashino Narashino, Chiba



5 GLP Narashino II Narashino, Chiba



GLP Kazo Kazo, Saitama



(3) GLP Fukaya Fukaya, Saitama



11 GLP Kasukabe Kasukabe, Saitama



1 GLP Tokyo II Koto, Tokyo



10 GLP lwatsuki Saitama, Saitama



6 GLP Funabashi Funabashi, Chiba



16 GLP Funabashi III Funabashi, Chiba



Q GLP Koshigaya II Koshigaya, Saitama



(5) GLP Hamura Hamura, Tokyo



3 GLP Funabashi II Funabashi, Chiba



17 GLP Sodegaura Sodegaura, Chiba



3 GLP Shinkiba Koto, Tokyo

Tokyo Metropolitan Area





(B) GLP Misato II Misato, Saitama



(1) GLP Tatsumi Koto, Tokyo



3 GLP Sugito Kita-Katsushika, Saitama





GLP Sugito II Kita-katsushika, Saitama
 GLP Tatsumi IIa Koto, Tokyo



23 GLP-MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama Ichikawa, Chiba



GLP Atsugi II Aiko, Kanagawa







QD GLP Okegawa Okegawa, Saitama

32 GLP Urayasu Urayasu, Chiba

13 GLP Urayasu III Urayasu, Chiba





30 GLP Yoshimi Hiki, Saitama

35 GLP Shinsuna Koto, Tokyo







37 GLP Matsudo Matsudo, Chiba

11 GLP Noda-Yoshiharu Noda, Chiba

36 GLP Shonan Fujisawa, Kanagawa

Overview of Portfolio in Greater ___







2 GLP Hirakata II Hirakata, Osaka

4 GLP Tsumori Osaka, Osaka





GLP Rokko Kobe, Hyogo







14 GLP Kobe-Nishi Kobe, Hyogo

12 GLP Seishin Kobe, Hyogo

11 GLP Kadoma Kadoma, Osaka



(B) GLP Fukusaki Kanzaki, Hyogo

(I) GLP Fukaehama Kobe, Hyogo



(B) GLP Settsu Settsu, Osaka

10 GLP Nishinomiya Nishinomiya, Hyogo



00 GLP Shiga Kusatsu, Shiga



Q GLP Neyagawa Neyagawa, Osaka

16 GLP Maishima I Osaka, Osaka

3 GLP Maishima II Osaka, Osaka



6 GLP Amagasaki Amagasaki, Hyogo



GLP Amagasaki II Amagasaki, Hyogo



17 GLP Osaka Osaka, Osaka

Overview of Portfolio in



1 GLP Morioka Shiwa, Iwate



5 GLP Tokai Tokai, Aichi



3 GLP Koriyama I Koriyama, Fukushima



2 GLP Tomiya Tomiya, Miyagi



10 GLP Tomiya IV Tomiya, Miyagi



4 GLP Koriyama III Koriyama, Fukushima



G GLP Hayashima Tsukubo, Okayama

10 GLP Sendai Sendai, Miyagi







111 GLP Ebetsu Ebetsu, Hokkaido



(I) GLP Komaki Komaki, Aichi



(I) GLP Ogimachi Sendai, Miyagi



D GLP Kuwana Kuwana, Mie



(I) GLP Hatsukaichi Hatsukaichi, Hiroshima



16 GLP Hiroshima Hiroshima, Hiroshima



3 GLP Fujimae Nagoya, Aichi





② GLP Soja I Soja, Okayama

1 Tosu, Saga



22 GLP Soja II Soja, Okayama

ASSET MANAGEMENT REPORT

[Overview of Asset Management]

1. Trends in Key Indicators

		10th Period	11th Period	12th Period	13th Period	14th Period
		Sept. 1, 2016 to Feb. 28, 2017	Mar. 1, 2017 to Aug. 31, 2017	Sept. 1, 2017 to Feb. 28, 2018	Mar. 1, 2018 to Aug. 31, 2018	Sept. 1, 2018 to Feb. 28, 2019
Operating revenues Millio	on yen	14,065	14,505	14,181	16,896	18,691
Of which, Property-related revenues Millio	on yen	14,065	14,181	14,181	16,896	18,691
Operating expenses Millio	on yen	6,593	6,811	6,718	7,796	8,506
Of which, Property-related expenses Millio	on yen	5,067	5,187	5,125	5,936	6,389
Operating income Millio	on yen	7,471	7,694	7,463	9,100	10,185
Ordinary income Millio	on yen	6,298	6,391	6,388	7,944	8,946
Net income Millio	on yen	6,297	6,390	6,387	7,944	9,052
Total assets Millio	on yen	446,849	442,537	441,944	528,614	610,861
[Period-on-period changes]	%	[15.2]	[(1.0)]	[(0.1)]	[19.6]	[15.6]
Total net assets Millio	on yen	216,693	215,920	215,055	273,931	318,687
[Period-on-period changes]	%	[16.2]	[(0.4)]	[(0.4)]	[27.4]	[16.3]
Unitholders' capital, net (Note 3) Millio	on yen	210,393	209,526	208,665	265,985	309,633
Number of investment units issued and outstanding	Unit	2,853,078	2,853,078	2,853,078	3,402,681	3,833,420
Net assets per unit	Yen	75,950	75,679	75,376	80,504	83,134
Distributions Millio	on yen	7,164	7,252	7,246	8,962	10,185
Of which, Distributions of earnings	on yen	6,296	6,390	6,388	7,945	9,050
Of which, Distributions in excess of retained earnings _{Milli}	on yen	867	861	858	1,017	1,134
Distributions per unit	Yen	2,511	2,542	2,540	2,634	2,657
Of which, Distributions of earnings per unit	Yen	2,207	2,240	2,239	2,335	2,361
Of which, Distributions in excess of retained earnings per unit	Yen	304	302	301	299	296
Ordinary income to total assets (Note 4)	%	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.6
[Annualized ordinary income to total assets]	%	[3.0]	[2.9]	[2.9]	[3.2]	[3.2]
Return on unitholders' equity (Note 4)	%	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.1
[Annualized return on unitholders' equity]	%	[6.3]	[5.9]	[6.0]	[6.4]	[6.2]
Unitholders' equity to total assets (Note 4)	%	48.5	48.8	48.7	51.8	52.2
[Period-on-period changes]	%	[0.4]	[0.3]	[(0.1)]	[3.2]	[0.3]
Payout ratio (Note 4)	%	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9
[Other Information]						
Number of operating days		181	184	181	184	181
Number of investment properties		63	61	62	68	76
Occupancy ratio	%	99.8	99.9	99.9	99.4	99.2
Depreciation expenses Millio	on yen	2,898	2,875	2,864	3,400	3,788
Capital expenditures Millio	on yen	635	446	675	658	962
Rental NOI (Net Operating Income) (Note 4) Millio	on yen	11,896	11,869	11,920	14,360	16,090
FFO (Funds From Operation) (Note 4) Millio	on yen	9,195	8,941	9,252	11,345	12,840
FFO per unit (Note 4)	Yen	3,223	3,134	3,243	3,334	3,349
Total distributions / FFO ratio (Note 4)	%	77.9	81.1	78.3	79.0	79.3
Debt service coverage ratio (Note 4)		8.2	8.2	8.8	10.6	11.1
The ratio of interest bearing liabilities to total assets	%	48.7	48.0	48.4	45.1	44.9

- (Note 1) Operating revenues and expenses are stated net of consumption taxes.
- (Note 2) Any fraction is rounded down for monetary amounts unless otherwise stated. Ratios are rounded to the first decimal places. As to "Occupancy ratio," however, when it may result in 100.0% after rounding, the figure is rounded down to the first decimal place and shown as 99.9%.
- (Note 3) It represents the amount of unitholders' capital, net of distributions in excess of retained earnings deducted from the total unitholders' capital amount.

(Note 4) The following formulas are used for the calculation.

tote 1) The following formulas are asea	
Ordinary income to total assets	Ordinary income / [(Total assets at beginning of period + Total assets at end of period) /2] x 100
Return on unitholders' equity	Net income / [(Net assets at beginning of period + Net assets at end of period) /2] x 100
Unitholders' equity to total assets	Net assets at end of period / Total assets at end of period x 100
Payout ratio	Distributions per unit (excluding OPD**) / Net income per unit x 100 (Any fraction is rounded down to the first decimal place.) For the 10th, 13th and 14th Periods, the following formula is used due to the issuance of new units during the period. Total distributions (excluding OPD**) / Net income x 100
Rental NOI (Net Operating Income)	Property-related revenues – Property-related expenses + Depreciation expenses + Loss on disposal of property and equipment
FFO (Funds From Operation)	Net income + Depreciation expenses + Loss on disposal of property and equipment – Gain on sale of properties
FFO per unit	FFO / Number of investment units issued and outstanding
Total distributions / FFO ratio	Total distributions (including OPD**) / FFO x 100
Debt service coverage ratio	(Net income + Interest expenses + Interest expenses on investment corporation bonds) / (Interest expenses + Interest expenses on investment corporation bonds)

^{**: &}quot;OPD" stands for "Optimal Payable Distribution" that means distributions in excess of retained earnings.

2. Performance Review for the 14th Period

(1) Brief Background of GLP J-REIT

GLP J-REIT is a real estate investment corporation ("J-REIT") specializing in logistics facilities, and it primarily invests in modern logistics facilities. GLP J-REIT was founded in accordance with the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations (hereinafter the "Investment Trust Act") with GLP Japan Advisors Inc. as the founder. It had its units listed on the Real Estate Investment Trust Market of the Tokyo Stock Exchange on December 21, 2012 (securities code: 3281).

Having GLP Group (Note) as sponsor and investing in highly functional modern logistics facilities while taking advantage of the wealth of experience and management resources, GLP J-REIT aims to earn stable income and achieve steady growth in assets under management over the medium and long term. Since starting its operation as a listed J-REIT with 30 properties (total acquisition price of 208,731 million yen) in January 2013, GLP J-REIT has been steadily expanding its assets through the continuous acquisition of properties. As of the end of the current fiscal period, GLP J-REIT owns 76 properties (total acquisition price of 609,494 million yen).

(Note) GLP Group consists of GLP Holdings Limited, the holding company of the Sponsor of GLP J-REIT, and its group companies.

(2) Investment Environment and Business Performance

During the current fiscal period, the Japanese economy continued to recover moderately as a whole, whereas exports were slightly weak, creating early signs which may indicate the slowdown of current recovery. At the Monetary Policy Meeting held on March 14 and 15, 2019, the Policy Board of the Bank of Japan determined that the current economy was "expanding moderately" but also mentioned that the Japanese economy has been affected by the slowdown in overseas economies. Thus, it becomes necessary to pay close attention to future trends in overseas economies.

In the real estate investment market, acquisitions by private placement funds as well as J-REITs have been increasing, and transactions remain active on the back of a continued favorable financing environment. In the logistics real estate market, active demand led to an increase in facilities development projects and liquidity has been further improved due to an increase in transactions. As a result, capitalization rates continue their downward trend.

In the logistics facilities leasing market, in addition to the new expansion of internet shopping and the business expansion of third party logistics (3PL), the importance of employment and customers' growing needs for value-added services including security have led to greater demand for modern logistics facilities with such functions. In this market environment, the vacancy rate temporarily increased in certain areas where the new supply of logistics facilities is concentrated. On the other hand, the vacancy rate of facilities held by logistics REITs or logistics facilities built more than one year ago remains low. Thus, it is deemed that the supply-demand balance of current logistics facilities continues to be stable due to the record-high levels of demand for logistics facilities.

Under these conditions, with the aim of further expansion of its asset size and improvement of stability and quality of its asset portfolio, GLP J-REIT decided to issue new investment units through the 6th public offering at the Board of Directors' Meeting held on August 13, 2018. Further, GLP J-REIT also decided to purchase eight logistics facilities, mainly developed by GLP Group (total acquisition price of 84,850 million yen) using funds from the public offering and new borrowings. The acquisition of

properties was completed on September 3, 2018.

Regarding rental operations, while providing services to satisfy the needs of existing tenants, GLP J-REIT has actively made efforts to increase rents in an environment of steady demand for modern logistics facilities. Thus, all lease agreements, including (i) lease agreements newly entered into on the day following the last day of the previous lease period or (ii) lease agreements modified for rent during lease periods (excluding automatic rent increases based on the provision of rent revisions), have been concluded with equal or higher rents for the 13 consecutive fiscal periods since GLP J-REIT's listing on the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

As a result of these operations, GLP J-REIT owns 76 properties with a total acquisition price of 609,494 million yen and total leasable area of 2,785,263.44 m² as of the end of the current fiscal period. The occupancy rate across the entire portfolio remained stable at the high level of 99.2% as of the end of the current fiscal period. Furthermore, the total appraisal value of the entire portfolio reached 714,180 million yen with an unrealized gain of 125,479 million yen and the unrealized gain ratio (Note) of 21.3 %.

(Note) Unrealized gain ratio = Unrealized gain (Appraisal value or research price at the fiscal period end – Book value) / Book value.

(3) Overview of Financing

GLP J-REIT operates by pursuing the optimal balance between financial stability and the enhancement of investor value. With strong relationships with financial institutions, GLP J-REIT delivers cost efficiency by lengthening debt maturities, proactively using or converting to fixed interest rates and diversifying repayment dates, and maintains an appropriate level of Loan-To-Value ratio (hereinafter "LTV").

In the current fiscal period, GLP J-REIT newly borrowed 41,320 million yen to cover part of the acquisition price and related costs of eight properties which were acquired on September 3, 2018, as stated "(2) Investment Environment and Business Performance" above. In addition, issuing the first Green Bonds (GLP J-REIT 12th Unsecured Bonds, total amount issued: 5,100 million yen) on December 20, 2018, GLP J-REIT pursued the diversification and lengthening of debt maturities, as well as diversifying the sources of fundraising.

As a result of the above, outstanding interest-bearing liabilities as of the end of the current fiscal period totaled 274,100 million yen (outstanding loans 244,500 million yen, outstanding investment corporation bonds 29,600 million yen) and the ratio of interestbearing liabilities to total assets (LTV) was 44.9 %.

GLP J-REIT was assigned the following credit ratings as of the end of the current fiscal period.

Credit Rating Agency	Туре	Rating	Outlook
JCR (Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.)	Long-term issuer rating	AA	Stable
	Bond rating (Note)	AA	_

(Note) It is the rating for the 2nd to the 12th Investment Corporation Bonds.

(4) Overview of Financial Results and Cash Distribution

As a result of these management efforts, GLP J-REIT reported total operating revenues of 18,691 million yen, operating income of 10,185 million yen, ordinary income of 8,946 million yen and net income of 9,052 million yen for the current fiscal period.

As for cash distribution for the current fiscal period, in accordance with the distribution policy set forth in its Articles of Incorporation, GLP J-REIT decided to distribute 9,050,704,620 yen. This cash distribution is eligible for the special tax treatment on investment corporations (Section 67.15 of the Special Taxation Measures Act) and represents the multiple of the number of investment units issued and outstanding (3,833,420 units) from unappropriated retained earnings. Accordingly, distribution per unit for the current fiscal period was 2,361 yen.

In addition, GLP J-REIT intends to distribute funds in excess of the amount of retained earnings (OPD) for each fiscal period on a continuous basis, in accordance with the distribution policy set forth in the Articles of Incorporation (Note). Based on this, GLP J-REIT decided to distribute 1,134,692,320 yea, an amount almost equivalent to 30% of depreciation (3,788 million yea) for the current fiscal period, as a refund of investment categorized as a distribution from unitholders' capital for tax purposes. As a result, the amount of OPD per unit was 296 yen.

(Note) GLP J-REIT intends to distribute funds in excess of the amount of retained earnings that do not exceed the amount obtained by deducting capital expenditure for the operating period immediately before the period in which the distribution is made from an amount equal to depreciation expenses for the corresponding period. The amount obtained by deducting 962 million yen of capital expenditure for the current fiscal period from 3,788 million yen of depreciation expenses for the period is 2,826 million yen.

For the time being, GLP J-REIT intends to make an OPD distribution (a refund of investment categorized as a distribution from unitholders' capital for tax purposes) in the amount equal to approximately 30% of depreciation expenses for the operating period immediately before the period in which the distribution is made, unless GLP J-REIT determines that the OPD payment would have a negative impact on its long-term repair and maintenance plan or financial conditions in light of the estimated amount of capital expenditure for each fiscal period based on the plan.

With respect to all 76 properties held as of the end of the current fiscal period, the six-month period average of the total amount of the emergency repair and maintenance expenses and the medium- to long-term repair and maintenance expenses, which are set forth in the Engineering Reports, is 653 million yen.

3. Changes in Number of Investment Units Issued and Outstanding

Changes in number of investment units issued and outstanding and net unitholders' capital for the last five years are as follows:

Date	Date Type of issue		Number of investment units issued and outstanding (Unit)		Unitholders' capital, net (Note 1) (Million yen)	
		Increase (decrease)	Total	Increase (decrease)	Total	
May 19, 2014	Distributions in excess of retained earnings (a refund of investment)	_	2,097,700	(526)	129,415	(Note 2)
September 1, 2014	Public offering	281,709	2,379,409	30,973	160,389	(Note 3)
September 24, 2014	Issuance of new units through allocation to a third party	11,322	2,390,731	1,244	161,633	(Note 4)
November 19, 2014	Distributions in excess of retained earnings (a refund of investment)	_	2,390,731	(593)	161,040	(Note 5)
May 19, 2015	Distributions in excess of retained earnings (a refund of investment)	_	2,390,731	(698)	160,342	(Note 6)
September 1, 2015	Public offering	197,594	2,588,325	21,784	182,126	(Note 7)

Date	Date Type of issue		vestment units standing (Unit)	Unitholders' capital, net (Note 1) (Million yen)		Note
		Increase (decrease)	Total	Increase (decrease)	Total	
September 25, 2015	Issuance of new units through allocation to a third party	5,459	2,593,784	601	182,728	(Note 8)
November 17, 2015	Distributions in excess of retained earnings (a refund of investment)	_	2,593,784	(707)	182,020	(Note 9)
May 17, 2016	Distributions in excess of retained earnings (a refund of investment)	_	2,593,784	(778)	181,242	(Note 10)
September 1, 2016	Public offering	247,507	2,841,291	28,561	209,804	(Note 11)
September 27, 2016	Issuance of new units through allocation to a third party	11,787	2,853,078	1,360	211,164	(Note 12)
November 16, 2016	Distributions in excess of retained earnings (a refund of investment)	_	2,853,078	(770)	210,393	(Note 13)
May 16, 2017	Distributions in excess of retained earnings (a refund of investment)	_	2,853,078	(867)	209,526	(Note 14)
November 14, 2017	Distributions in excess of retained earnings (a refund of investment)	_	2,853,078	(861)	208,665	(Note 15)
March 1, 2018	Public offering	529,922	3,383,000	56,095	264,760	(Note 16)
March 20, 2018	Issuance of new units through allocation to a third party	19,681	3,402,681	2,083	266,843	(Note 17)
May 15, 2018	Distributions in excess of retained earnings (a refund of investment)	_	3,402,681	(858)	265,985	(Note 18)
September 3, 2018	Public offering	411,013	3,813,694	42,620	308,605	(Note 19)
September 26, 2018	Issuance of new units through allocation to a third party	19,726	3,833,420	2,045	310,651	(Note 20)
November 14, 2018	Distributions in excess of retained earnings (a refund of investment)		3,833,420	(1,017)	309,633	(Note 21)

- (Note 1) "Unitholders' capital, net" represents the amount of unitholders' capital, net of distributions in excess of retained earnings deducted from total unitholders' capital.
- At the Board of Directors' Meeting held on April 15, 2014, it was resolved that GLP J-REIT would make distributions (Note 2) in excess of retained earnings (a refund of investment) of 251 yen per unit for the 4th Fiscal Period (the period ended February 28, 2014). The payment of distributions was commenced on May 19, 2014.
- In order to obtain funds to acquire new properties, GLP J-REIT issued new investment units through a public offering (Note 3) at the issue price of 109,947 yen or the offer price of 113,827 yen per unit.
- (Note 4) In connection with the public offering, GLP J-REIT issued new investment units through a third party allocation at the issue price of 109,947 yen.
- (Note 5) At the Board of Directors' Meeting held on October 15, 2014, it was resolved that GLP J-REIT would make distributions in excess of retained earnings (a refund of investment) of 283 yen per unit for the 5th Fiscal Period (the period ended August 31, 2014). The payment of distributions was commenced on November 19, 2014.
- At the Board of Directors' Meeting held on April 14, 2015, it was resolved that GLP J-REIT would make distributions (Note 6) in excess of retained earnings (a refund of investment) of 292 yen per unit for the 6th Fiscal Period (the period ended February 28, 2015). The payment of distributions was commenced on May 19, 2015.

- In order to obtain funds to acquire new properties, GLP J-REIT issued new investment units through a public offering at the issue price of 110,247 yen or the offer price of 114,174 yen per unit.
- (Note 8) In connection with the public offering, GLP J-REIT issued new investment units through a third party allocation at the issue price of 110,247 yen.
- (Note 9) At the Board of Directors' Meeting held on October 14, 2015, it was resolved that GLP J-REIT would make distributions in excess of retained earnings (a refund of investment categorized as a distribution from unitholders' capital for tax purposes) of 296 yen per unit for the 7th Fiscal Period (the period ended August 31, 2015). The payment of distributions was commenced on November 17, 2015.
- (Note 10) At the Board of Directors' Meeting held on April 13, 2016, it was resolved that GLP J-REIT would make distributions in excess of retained earnings (a refund of investment categorized as a distribution from unitholders' capital for tax purposes) of 300 yen per unit for the 8th Fiscal Period (the period ended February 29, 2016). The payment of distributions was commenced on May 17, 2016.
- (Note 11) In order to obtain funds to acquire new properties, GLP J-REIT issued new investment units through a public offering at the issue price of 115,398 yen or the offer price of 119,357 yen per unit.
- (Note 12) In connection with the public offering, GLP J-REIT issued new investment units through a third party allocation at the issue price of 115,398 yen.
- (Note 13) At the Board of Directors' Meeting held on October 13, 2016, it was resolved that GLP J-REIT would make distributions in excess of retained earnings (a refund of investment categorized as a distribution from unitholders' capital for tax purposes) of 297 yen per unit for the 9th Fiscal Period (the period ended August 31, 2016). The payment of distributions was commenced on November 16, 2016.
- (Note 14) At the Board of Directors' Meeting held on April 13, 2017, it was resolved that GLP J-REIT would make distributions in excess of retained earnings (a refund of investment categorized as a distribution from unitholders' capital for tax purposes) of 304 yen per unit for the 10th Fiscal Period (the period ended February 28, 2017). The payment of distributions was commenced on May 16, 2017.
- (Note 15) At the Board of Directors' Meeting held on October 13, 2017, it was resolved that GLP J-REIT would make distributions in excess of retained earnings (a refund of investment categorized as a distribution from unitholders' capital for tax purposes) of 302 yen per unit for the 11th Fiscal Period (the period ended August 31, 2017). The payment of distributions was commenced on November 14, 2017.
- (Note 16) In order to obtain funds to acquire new properties, GLP J-REIT issued new investment units through a public offering at the issue price of 105,856 yen or the offer price of 109,372 yen per unit.
- (Note 17) In connection with the public offering, GLP J-REIT issued new investment units through a third party allocation at the issue price of 105,856 yen.
- (Note 18) At the Board of Directors' Meeting held on April 13, 2018, it was resolved that GLP J-REIT would make distributions in excess of retained earnings (a refund of investment categorized as a distribution from unitholders' capital for tax purposes) of 301 yen per unit for the 12th Fiscal Period (the period ended February 28, 2018). The payment of distributions was commenced on May 15, 2018.
- (Note 19) In order to obtain funds to acquire new properties, GLP J-REIT issued new investment units through a public offering at the issue price of 103,697 yen or the offer price of 107,130 yen per unit.
- (Note 20) In connection with the public offering, GLP J-REIT issued new investment units through a third party allocation at the issue price of 103,697 ven.
- (Note 21) At the Board of Directors' Meeting held on October 15, 2018, it was resolved that GLP J-REIT would make distributions in excess of retained earnings (a refund of investment categorized as a distribution from unitholders' capital for tax purposes) of 299 yen per unit for the 13th Fiscal Period (the period ended August 31, 2018). The payment of distributions was commenced on November 14, 2018.

[Changes in Unit Price at TSE]

The highest and lowest closing prices of the investment units listed on J-REIT section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange for each period are as follows:

(Unit: Yen)

Fiscal Period	10th Period	11th Period	12th Period	13th Period	14th Period
For the period ended	February 28, 2017	August 31, 2017	February 28, 2018	August 31, 2018	February 28, 2019
Highest	135,500	129,700	128,400	122,600	120,500
Lowest	122,500	114,700	111,500	110,800	107,100

4. Distributions

Actual amount of distributions is as follows:

(Unit: Thousand yen, unless otherwise stated)

	10th Period	11th Period	12th Period	13th Period	14th Period
	Sept. 1, 2016 to	Mar. 1, 2017 to	Sept. 1, 2017 to	Mar. 1, 2018 to	Sept. 1, 2018 to
	Feb. 28, 2017	Aug. 31, 2017	Feb. 28, 2018	Aug. 31, 2018	Feb. 28, 2019
Unappropriated retained earnings	6,299,307	6,393,445	6,390,448	7,946,714	9,053,764
Retained earnings carried forward	2,564	2,551	2,406	1,454	3,059
Total distributions	7,164,078	7,252,524	7,246,818	8,962,661	10,185,396
[Distributions per unit]	[2,511 yen]	[2,542 yen]	[2,540 yen]	[2,634 yen]	[2,657 yen]
Of which, distributions of earnings	6,296,743	6,390,894	6,388,041	7,945,260	9,050,704
[Distributions of earnings per unit]	[2,207 yen]	[2,240 yen]	[2,239 yen]	[2,335 yen]	[2,361 yen]
Of which, total refund of investments	867,335	861,629	858,776	1,017,401	1,134,692
[Total refund of investments per unit]	[304 yen]	[302 yen]	[301 yen]	[299 yen]	[296 yen]
Of total refund of investments,					
total distributions from reserve					
for temporary difference					
adjustments	_	_	_	_	_
Of total refund of investments per					
unit, distributions from reserve for					
temporary difference adjustments	[-yen]	[-yen]	[-yen]	[-yen]	[-yen]
per unit]					
Of total refund of investments,					
total distributions from the	0.5-44-				
unitholders' capital for tax	867,335	861,629	858,776	1,017,401	1,134,692
purposes					
Of total refund of investments					
per unit, total distributions from	5004	5000	5204	5000	5006
the unitholders' capital for tax	[304 yen]	[302 yen]	[301 yen]	[299 yen]	[296 yen]
purposes per unit]					

GLP J-REIT intends to distribute funds in excess of the amount of retained earnings that do not exceed the amount (Note) obtained by deducting capital expenditure for the operating period immediately before the period in which the distribution is made from an amount equal to depreciation expenses for the corresponding period. The amount obtained by deducting 962 million yen of capital expenditure for the current fiscal period from 3,788 million yen of depreciation expenses for the period is 2,826 million yen.

For the time being, GLP J-REIT intends to make an OPD distribution (a refund of investment categorized as a distribution from unitholders' capital for tax purposes) in the amount equal to approximately 30% of depreciation expenses for the operating period immediately before the period in which the distribution is made, unless GLP J-REIT determines that the OPD payment would have a negative impact on its long-term repair and maintenance plan or financial conditions in light of the estimated amount of capital expenditure for each fiscal period based on the plan. With respect to all 76 properties held as of the end of the current fiscal period, the six-month period average of the total amount of the emergency repair and maintenance expenses and the medium- to long-term repair and maintenance expenses, which are set forth in the Engineering Reports, is 653 million yen.

5. Future Management Policy and Matters to be Addressed

GLP J-REIT is committed to implementing the following measures to advance growth over the medium to long term:

- (1) In terms of its internal growth strategy, while enjoying the stable cash flows that characterize its portfolio of assets, GLP J-REIT will aim to keep high occupancy rate of facilities regardless the fluctuation of vacancy rate in the market as a whole, and negotiate for higher rents for lease agreements subject to renewal upon the expirations of lease periods with consideration of market rents. At the same time, GLP J-REIT will seek to enhance the value of existing assets through appropriate maintenance of such assets and capital expenditures.
- (2) With regard to its external growth strategy, GLP J-REIT will take advantage of 12 properties under Rights-of-First-Look agreement (floor area: approximately 0.69 million m²) (Note 1) (Note 2), which is held by GLP J-REIT as a specific and flexible pipeline, and seek future opportunities to acquire some of the 28 properties (floor area: approximately 2.67 million m²) (the figures include properties under construction or planned for construction) (Note 2) held by a joint venture formed by GLP Group with a third party. Furthermore, GLP J-REIT will pursue further expansion of its portfolio by continuously collecting information about prospective third-party properties and using the bridge approach through the Optimal Takeout Arrangement ("OTA") (Note 3).
- (3) As to financial strategy, GLP J-REIT will examine such financing activities as extending debt maturities through refinancing, issuing investment corporate bonds and raising funds through public offerings of units, while closely monitoring the trends in the financing environment. By doing so, GLP J-REIT will work to achieve an optimal balance of financing methods and financing costs.
 - (Note 1) The floor area shown is for the 12 properties, including five sponsor-owned properties under the Rights-of-First-Look agreement, five properties acquired by Bridge SPCs for which the private equity placement was arranged by Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd. on January 31, 2019, and two properties acquired by another bridge scheme (undisclosed).
 - (Note 2) The figures as of March 31, 2019 are stated. (The figures exclude those of properties already sold as of today.) For properties under construction or planned for construction as of March 31, 2019, the floor area is calculated based on planned floor area of construction at that time.
 - (Note 3) Optimal Takeout Arrangement ("OTA") refers to the arrangement under which GLP J-REIT acquires an asset at the timing designated by GLP J-REIT within the scheduled acquisition period, and with the acquisition price which may be reduced to some degree depending on the timing of acquisition.

6. Significant Subsequent Events

(1) Sale of assets

GLP J-REIT sold the asset as described below.

GLP Fukuoka

· Type of specified asset Beneficiary right of real estate in trust

· Contract date March 29, 2019 · Closing date March 29, 2019

· Sales price 2,300 million yen (Note 1) • Buyer Not disclosed (Note 2)

(Note 1) "Sales price" excludes asset transfer costs, property taxes, city planning taxes, consumption taxes and local consumption taxes.

(Note 2) The Buyer is one entity, but its profile including the company form is not disclosed since the Buyer's consent has not been obtained. As of today, there is no capital, personnel or transactional relationship to be disclosed between the Buyer and GLP J-REIT or its Asset Manager. In addition, the Buyer is not a related party of GLP J-REIT or its Asset Manager.

From this transaction, GLP J-REIT will recognize approximately 784 million yen of gain on sales of property and equipment for the fiscal period ending August 31, 2019 (from March 1, 2019 to August 31, 2019).

[Profile of GLP J-REIT]

1. Status of Unitholders' Capital

	10th Period	11th Period	12th Period	13th Period	14th Period
	As of February	As of August 31,	As of February	As of August 31,	As of February
	28, 2017	2017	28, 2018	2018	28, 2019
Number of investment units authorized (Units)	16,000,000	16,000,000	16,000,000	16,000,000	16,000,000
Number of investment units issued and outstanding (Units)	2,853,078	2,853,078	2,853,078	3,402,681	3,833,420
Unitholders' capital, net (Million yen) (Note)	210,393	209,526	208,665	265,985	309,633
Number of unitholders	14,521	14,588	14,310	17,820	18,961

It represents the amount of unitholders' capital, net of accumulated distributions in excess of retained earnings (Note) deducted from total unitholders' capital amount.

2. Matters Concerning Investment Units

The following is a list of major unitholders as of February 28, 2019.

Name	Location	Number of units held (Units)	Ratio to total number of units issued and outstanding (%) (Note)
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account)	1-8-11, Harumi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	595,916	15.54
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	2-11-3, Hamamatsucho, Minato-ku, Tokyo	573,598	14.96
GLP CAPITAL JAPAN 2 PRIVATE LIMITED (Note 2) Standing proxy: Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd. Retail Operations Department	Otemachi First Square, 1-5-1, Otemachi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	352,240	9.18
J.P. MORGAN BANK LUXEMBOURG S.A. 384500 Standing proxy: Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd. Settlement & Clearing Services Department	Building A, Shinagawa Intercity, 2-15-1, Konan, Minato-ku, Tokyo	263,908	6.88
The Nomura Trust and Banking Co., Ltd. (Investment Trust Account)	2-2-2, Otemachi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	141,461	3.69
Trust & Custody Services Bank, Ltd. (Securities Investment Trust Account)	Office Tower Z, Harumi Island Triton Square, 1-8-12, Harumi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	130,198	3.39
NOMURA BANK (LUXEMBOURG) S.A. Standing proxy: Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	1-3-2, Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	65,596	1.71
JP Morgan Securities Japan Co., Ltd.	Tokyo Building, 2-7-3, Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku. Tokyo	63,439	1.65
SSBTC CLIENT OMNIBUS ACCOUNT Standing proxy: The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Tokyo Branch, Custody Department	3-11-1, Nihonbashi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	55,301	1.44

Name	Location	Number of units held (Units)	Ratio to total number of units issued and outstanding (%) (Note)
STATE STREET BANK WEST CLIENT – TREATY 505234 Standing proxy: Mizuho Bank, Ltd., Settlement & Clearing Services Department	Building A, Shinagawa Intercity, 2-15-1, Konan, Minato-ku, Tokyo	50,445	1.31
Total		2,292,102	59.79

⁽Note 1) "Ratio to total number of units issued and outstanding" is rounded down to the second decimal place.

GLP CAPITAL JAPAN 2 PRIVATE LIMITED is a group company of GLP, the Sponsor of GLP J-REIT, and holds 34,000 units in addition to the above. Thus, GLP CAPITAL JAPAN 2 PRIVATE LIMITED holds 386,240 units in total (ratio to total number of units issued and outstanding as of February 28, 2019: 10.07%).

3. Matters Concerning Directors and Auditors

(1) Names of Directors and Independent Auditor for the current period

Title	Name	Other concurrent title	Total amount of fees paid during the Period (Thousand yen)
Executive Director (Notes 1 and 2)	Yoji Tatsumi	President and CFO, GLP Japan Advisors Inc.	_
Supervisory Director	Toraki Inoue	Representative CPA, Toraki Inoue CPA Firm President, Accounting Advisory Co., Ltd.	1,980
(Note 2)	Kota Yamaguchi	Partner, Kimura Takushima & Yamaguchi Law Firm Outside Director, Heiwa Corporation	1,980
Independent Auditor (Note 3)	KPMG AZSA LLC	-	27,000

⁽Note 1) Yoji Tatsumi owns 82 investment units of GLP J-REIT under his own name.

(2) Policy on dismissal and non-reappointment of Independent Auditor

The dismissal and non-reappointment of Independent Auditor is to be resolved by the Board of Directors' Meeting of GLP J-REIT after comprehensively considering various circumstances.

⁽Note 2) Executive Directors and Supervisory Directors may be an officer of entities other than the above; however, any of such entities including the above has no interest with GLP J-REIT.

The amount of fees paid to Independent Auditor includes the fees for the preparation of a comfort letter (Total 13,500 (Note 3) thousand yen).

4. Asset Management Company, Custodian and General Administrators

The asset management company, the custodian and administrators as of the current period end are as follows:

Operational role	Company name		
Asset Management Company	GLP Japan Advisors Inc.		
Custodian, General Administrator, Transfer Agent for Investment Units	Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation		
Administrator for Investment Corporation Bonds	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation		
Administrator for Investment Corporation Bonds	MUFG Bank, Ltd.		

[Status on Investment Properties]

1. Investment Status

			13th P As of Augus		14th Period As of February 28, 2019		
Type of asset	Use of asset	Area (Note 1)	Total amount held (Million yen) (Note 2)	Ratio to total assets (%) (Note 3)	Total amount held (Million yen) (Note 2)	Ratio to total assets (%) (Note 3)	
Proved		Tokyo Metropolitan area	314,163	59.4	337,191	55.2	
Property and equipment in trust (Note 4)	Logistics facility	Greater Osaka area	98,397	18.6	156,542	25.6	
(1.000 1)		Other	93,666	17.7	94,966	15.5	
	Subtotal		506,227	95.8	588,700	96.4	
Deposits and other assets		22,387	4.2	22,161	3.6		
Total assets (Note 5)		528,614 [506,227]	100.0 [95.8]	610,861 [588,700]	100.0 [96.4]		

- (Note 1) "Tokyo Metropolitan area" includes Tokyo, Kanagawa, Saitama, Chiba, Ibaraki, Tochigi, Gunma and Yamanashi prefectures. "Greater Osaka area" includes Osaka, Hyogo, Kyoto, Shiga, Nara and Wakayama prefectures. "Other" includes areas other than the above.
- "Total amount held" represents the book value (for property and equipment or property and equipment in trust, the (Note 2) book value after deducting depreciation).
- (Note 3) "Ratio to total assets" is rounded to the first decimal place.
- (Note 4) The amount of "Property and equipment in trust" does not include the amount of construction in progress and construction in progress in trust. The amount of "Property and equipment in trust" in Tokyo Metropolitan area includes the book value of vehicles.
- (Note 5) The total assets above are stated at the book value. In addition, the figures in square brackets represent the holding properties portion to total assets.

2. Major Properties Owned

The major components of assets (the 10 largest properties by book value) as of the current period end are as follows:

Name of properties	Book value (Million yen)	Leasable area (m²) (Note 1)	Leased area (m²) (Note 2)	Occupancy ratio (%) (Note 3)	Ratio to total rental revenues (%) (Note 3)	Primary use
GLP Osaka	35,985	128,504.34	118,937.05	92.6	4.6	Logistics facility
GLP Tokyo II	35,121	79,073.21	79,073.21	100.0	5.9	Logistics facility
GLP Amagasaki	23,363	110,224.41	110,224.41	100.0	4.6	Logistics facility
GLP Tokyo	21,589	56,757.92	56,757.92	100.0	4.0	Logistics facility
GLP Atsugi II	20,623	74,176.27	74,176.27	100.0	(Note 4)	Logistics facility
GLP Maishima I	19,252	72,948.78	72,948.78	100.0	(Note 4)	Logistics facility
GLP Shinsuna	18,361	44,308.34	36,995.46	83.5	2.1	Logistics facility
GLP Urayasu III	18,056	64,198.11	64,198.11	100.0	(Note 4)	Logistics facility
GLP Sugito II	17,551	101,272.40	100,345.84	99.1	3.7	Logistics facility
GLP Misato	16,936	46,892.00	46,892.00	100.0	(Note 4)	Logistics facility
Total	226,842	778,355.78	760,549.05	97.7	35.9	

- (Note 1) "Leasable area" is the area of property or property in trust that is available for lease in accordance with relevant lease agreements or architectural drawings. The figures are rounded down to the second decimal place. Leasable area may change upon renewal of agreements.
- (Note 2) "Leased area" is the total area leased to building tenants in accordance with the relevant lease agreements of each property or property in trust. The figures are rounded down to the second decimal place. When a property or property in trust is leased through a master lease agreement, the leased area represents the total space actually leased based on the lease agreement concluded with end-tenants.
- "Occupancy ratio" and "Ratio to total rental revenues" are rounded to the first decimal place. As to "Occupancy ratio," however, when it may result in 100.0% after rounding, the figure is rounded down to the first decimal place and shown as 99.9%.
- (Note 4) Not disclosed because the tenants' consent is not obtained.

3. Summary of Portfolio Properties

The following table summarizes the investment propertiesheld by GLP J-REIT as of the current period end.

The following tab	ple summarizes the investment propertiesheld by GLP J-RE	II as of the cu	irrent period en	d.	
Name of property	Location (Note 1)	Type of ownership	Leasable area (m²) (Note 2)	Appraisal value (Million yen) (Note 3)	Book value (Million yen)
CL D. T. 1	2.1.2 T.1.: Ot. 1. T.1		56 757 02		21.590
GLP Tokyo	2-1-2, Tokai, Ota-ku, Tokyo	-	56,757.92	29,700	21,589
GLP Higashi-Ogishima	23-9, Higashi-Ogishima, Kawasaki-ku, Kawasaki, Kanagawa	-	34,582.00	6,850	4,906
GLP Akishima	4-13-41, Mihori-cho, Akishima, Tokyo 4-13-42, Mihori-cho, Akishima, Tokyo		27,356.63	9,730	7,370
GLP Tomisato	3-1, Misawa, Tomisato, Chiba		27,042.59	6,080	4,560
GLP Narashino II	3-6-3, Akanehama, Narashino, Chiba		101,623.59	20,100	14,487
GLP Funabashi	1-1389-2, Kaijincho-Minami, Funabashi, Chiba		10,465.03	2,090	1,908
GLP Kazo	1-5-1, Minami-shinozaki, Kazo, Saitama		76,532.71	14,300	10,505
GLP Fukaya	1900-2, Mizugahara, Orinokuchi, Fukaya, Saitama		19,706.00	2,890	2,202
GLP Sugito II	398-2, Fukawa, Sugito-machi, Kita-Katsushika, Saitama		101,272.40	24,600	17,551
GLP Iwatsuki	2-9-10, Kokaba, Iwatsuki-ku, Saitama, Saitama		31,839.99	9,520	6,469
GLP Kasukabe	1155, Anzai, Suikaku, Kasukabe, Saitama		18,460.73	5,280	3,863
GLP Koshigaya II	2-2-1, Ryutsu-Danchi, Koshigaya, Saitama		43,533.28	13,500	9,233
GLP Misato II	3-2-1, Lala-city, Shinmisato, Misato, Saitama		59,208.59	21,100	14,151
GLP Tatsumi	3-11-10, Tatsumi, Koto-ku, Tokyo		12,925.58	6,430	4,822
GLP Hamura	4-9-8, Shinmeidai, Hamura, Tokyo		40,277.93	9,960	7,359
	2-15-1, Nishiura, Funabashi, Chiba		18,281.84	4,230	2,993
GLP Sodegaura	385-18, Shiinomori, Sodegaura, Chiba		45,582.06	8,090	5,743
GLP Urayasu III	15-27, Chidori, Urayasu, Chiba	-	64,198.11	22,800	18,056
GLP Tatsumi IIa	3-8-10, Tatsumi, Koto-ku, Tokyo		17,108.52	8,500	6,615
GLP Tokyo II	3-4-11 Shinsuna, Koto-ku, Tokyo	Beneficiary	79,073.21	43,400	35,121
GLP Okegawa	2-6 Akabori, Okegawa, Saitama	right of real	17,062.92	3,080	2,394
GLP Shinkiba	1-10-9, Shinkiba, Koto-ku, Tokyo	estate in trust	18,341.73	12,800	11,490
GLP Narashino	2-6-6, Shibazono, Narashino, Chiba		23,548.03	5,570	5,303
GLP Sugito	398-13, Fukawa, Sugito-machi, Kita-Katsushika, Saitama	-	58,918.12	10,300	8,295
GLP Matsudo	520-1, Kamihongo, Matsudo, Chiba	-	14,904.60	2,890	2,413
GLP-MFLP	1-6-3, Shiohama, Ichikawa, Chiba		50,813.07	17,300	15,277
GLP Atsugi II	4022-2, Sakuradai, Nakatsu, Aikawa-machi, Aiko, Kanagawa		74,176.27	24,000	20,623
GLP Yoshimi	603-1, Nishi-Yoshimi, Yoshimi-machi, Hiki, Saitama	-	62,362.89	11,800	10,902
GLP Noda- Yoshiharu	722-2, Aza Tameshita, Yoshiharu, Noda, Chiba		26,631.40	5,360	4,502
GLP Urayasu	76-4, Minato, Urayasu, Chiba	1	25,839.60	7,910	7,467
GLP Funabashi II	6-1, Shiomi-cho, Funabashi, Chiba		34,699.09	8,300	7,780
GLP Misato	3-1-3, Izumi, Misato, Saitama		46,892.00	18,200	16,936
GLP Shinsuna	2-5-20, Shinsuna, Koto-ku, Tokyo		44,308.34	18,900	18,361
GLP Shonan	16, Kirihara-cho, Fujisawa, Kanagawa	1	23,832.60	6,190	5,926
GLP Hirakata	3-2-27, Minami-Nakaburi, Hirakata, Osaka 3-2-7, Minami-Nakaburi, Hirakata, Osaka		29,829.56	6,390	4,569
GLP Hirakata II	3-3-1, Minami-Nakaburi, Hirakata, Osaka	1	43,283.01	9,440	7,463
GLP Maishima II	2-1-92, Hokukoryokuchi, Konohana-ku, Osaka, Osaka	1	56,511.10	12,200	8,229
GLP Tsumori	2-1-30, Minami-Tsumori, Nishinari-ku, Osaka, Osaka	1	16,080.14	2,750	2,039
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Name of property	Location (Note 1)	Type of ownership	Leasable area (m²) (Note 2)	Appraisal value (Million yen) (Note 3)	Book value (Million yen)
GLP Amagasaki	231-2, Nishi-Mukojima-cho, Amagasaki, Hyogo		110,224.41	29,500	23,363
GLP Amagasaki II	16, Nishi-Takasu-cho, Amagasaki, Hyogo		12,342.95	2,340	1,943
GLP Nara	6-4, Imago-cho, Yamatokoriyama, Nara		19,545.35	3,000	2,083
GLP Sakai	1-63, Chikkoyawatamachi, Sakai-ku, Sakai, Osaka		10,372.10	2,260	1,820
GLP Rokko II	4-15-1, Koyocho-Higashi, Higashinada-ku, Kobe, Hyogo		20,407.30	4,350	3,153
GLP Kadoma	4-2-1, Shinomiya, Kadoma, Osaka		12,211.73	3,250	2,412
GLP Seishin	2-5-1, Yasakadai, Suma-ku, Kobe, Hyogo		9,533.88	1,640	1,423
GLP Fukusaki	1714-14, Saiji, Fukusaki-cho, Kanzaki, Hyogo		24,167.83	4,480	3,589
GLP Kobe-Nishi	7-1-1, Mitsugaoka, Nishi-ku, Kobe, Hyogo		35,417.31	7,620	6,739
GLP Fukaehama	34-1, Fukaehama-cho, Higashinada-ku, Kobe, Hyogo		19,386.00	4,910	4,672
GLP Maishima I	2-1-66, Hokukoryokuchi, Konohana-ku, Osaka, Osaka		72,948.78	19,400	19,252
GLP Osaka	2-4-43, Nanko Minami, Suminoe, Osaka, Osaka		128,504.34	36,200	35,985
GLP Settsu	2-1-62, Torikainaka, Settsu, Osaka		38,997.24	7,650	7,336
GLP Nishinomiya	1-52, Hanshin Ryutsu Center, Yamaguchi-cho, Nishinomiya, Hyogo		19,766.00	2,820	2,763
GLP Shiga	2-6-56, Noji Higashi, Kusatsu, Shiga 2-6-50, Noji Higashi, Kusatsu, Shiga 2-6-55, Noji Higashi, Kusatsu, Shiga 2-2349-24, Azakamegaya, Noji Higashi, Kusatsu, Shiga		29,848.70	4,740	4,565
GLP Neyagawa	10-10, Shoji Minami-machi, Neyagawa, Osaka		26,938.02	8,360	8,105
GLP Morioka	59, Urata, Sakuramachi, Shiwa-cho, Shiwa, Iwate		10,253.80	870	750
GLP Tomiya	9-1-2, Narita, Tomiya, Miyagi	Beneficiary	20,466.98	3,670	2,938
GLP Koriyama I	3-2-2, Oroshi, Kikuta-machi, Koriyama, Fukushima	right of real	24,335.96	4,590	3,679
GLP Koriyama III	5-12, Mukaihara, Horinouchi, Kikuta-machi, Koriyama, Fukushima	estate in trust	27,671.51	2,770	2,623
GLP Tokai	2-47, Asayama, Tokai, Aichi		32,343.31	7,930	5,838
GLP Hayashima	823, Yao, Hayashima-cho, Tsukubo, Okayama		13,574.58	1,360	1,193
GLP Hayashima II	4507-40, Hayashima, Hayashima-cho, Tsukubo, Okayama		14,447.48	2,880	2,186
GLP Kiyama	2950-1, Urata, Sonobe, Kiyama-cho, Miyaki, Saga		23,455.96	6,020	4,627
GLP Sendai	2-5-2, Sendaikou Kita, Miyagino-ku, Sendai, Miyagi		37,256.23	6,940	5,301
GLP Ebetsu	69-3, Kakuyama, Ebetsu, Hokkaido		18,489.25	2,220	1,430
GLP Kuwana	3646-1, Kanegaya, Mizono, Tado-cho, Kuwana, Mie		20,402.12	4,300	3,350
GLP Hatsukaichi	14-2, Mokuzaiko-Kita, Hatsukaichi, Hiroshima		10,981.89	2,360	1,837
GLP Komaki	1-31, Shinkoki, Komaki, Aichi		52,709.97	13,700	10,206
GLP Ogimachi	1-8-5, Ogimachi, Miyagino-ku, Sendai, Miyagi		13,155.28	1,650	1,428
GLP Hiroshima	2-7-11, Kusatsukou, Nishi-ku, Hiroshima, Hiroshima 2-7-4, Kusatsukou, Nishi-ku, Hiroshima, Hiroshima		21,003.04	4,200	3,597
GLP Fukuoka	1-10-1, Itaduke, Hakata-ku, Fukuoka, Fukuoka		14,641.22	1,910	1,464
GLP Tosu I	1715, Hirata, Hatazaki-machi, Tosu, Saga		74,860.38	11,100	9,367
GLP Tomiya IV	9-7-3, Narita, Tomiya, Miyagi 9-7-7, Narita, Tomiya, Miyagi		32,562.60	6,500	5,808
GLP Soja I	4-10, Nagara, Soja, Okayama		63,015.53	13,100	12,705
GLP Soja II	4-1, Nagara, Soja, Okayama		63,213.22	13,000	12,616
GLP Fujimae	2-201-8, Fujimae, Minato, Nagoya, Aichi		12,609.00	2,040	2,014
	Total		2,785,263.44	714,180	588,700

- "Location" represents the indication of residential address. If no indication of residential address exists, the location of the building (one of those if there are multiple buildings) shown on the registry is stated.
- "Leasable area" is the area of property or property in trust that is available for lease in accordance with relevant lease (Note 2) agreements or architectural drawings. The figures are rounded down to the second decimal place. The leasable area may be changed upon renewal of lease agreements.
- (Note 3) "Appraisal value" represents the appraisal value or research price as set forth on the relevant study reports by real estate appraisers as of the balance sheet date in accordance with the policy prescribed in the Articles of Incorporation of GLP J-REIT and the rules of the Investment Trusts Association, Japan.
- GLP-MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama is a property under joint co-ownership which GLP J-REIT holds 50% beneficiary right of real estate in trust. "Leasable area" stated above is computed by multiplying 50% of the joint co-ownership

The trend of property-related business of GLP J-REIT is as follows.

	13th Period From March 1, 2018 To August 31, 2018				14th Period From September 1, 2018 To February 28, 2019			
Name of property	At Period Number of tenants (Note 1)	Occupancy ratio (%) (Note 2)	Rental revenues (Million yen)	Ratio to total rental revenues (%) (Note 2)	At Peri Number of tenants (Note 1)	Occupancy ratio (%) (Note 2)	Rental revenues (Million yen)	Ratio to total rental revenue (%) (Note 2)
GLP Tokyo	4	100.0	738	4.4	3	100.0	738	4.0
GLP Higashi-Ogishima	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Akishima	3	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	3	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Tomisato	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Narashino II	2	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	2	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Funabashi	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Kazo	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Fukaya	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Sugito II	5	99.1	687	4.1	5	99.1	685	3.7
GLP Iwatsuki	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Kasukabe	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Koshigaya II	2	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	2	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Misato II	2	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	2	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Tatsumi	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Hamura	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Funabashi III	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Sodegaura	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Urayasu III	2	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	2	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Tatsumi IIa	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Tokyo II	6	100.0	1,107	6.6	6	100.0	1,100	5.9
GLP Okegawa	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Shinkiba	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Narashino	3	100.0	171	1.0	3	100.0	171	0.9
GLP Sugito	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Matsudo	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP-MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama	5	100.0	484	2.9	5	100.0	470	2.5
GLP Atsugi II	2	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	2	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Yoshimi	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Noda-Yoshiharu	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Urayasu	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Funabashi II	1	99.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	99.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Misato	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Shinsuna	_	_	_		4	83.5	400	2.1
GLP Shonan	_	_	_	_	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Hirakata	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Hirakata II	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Maishima II	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Tsumori	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Rokko	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Amagasaki	7	100.0	882	5.2	7	100.0	851	4.6

		From M	h Period Iarch 1, 2018 ust 31, 2018		14th Period From September 1, 2018 To February 28, 2019			
Name of property	At Period Number of tenants (Note 1)	od End Occupancy ratio (%) (Note 2)	Rental revenues (Million yen)	Ratio to total rental revenues (%) (Note 2)	At Peri Number of tenants (Note 1)	Occupancy ratio (%) (Note 2)	Rental revenues (Million yen)	Ratio to total rental revenue (%) (Note 2)
GLP Amagasaki II	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Nara	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Sakai	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Rokko II	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Kadoma	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Seishin	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Fukusaki	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Kobe-Nishi	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Fukaehama	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Maishima I	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Osaka	_	_	_	_	12	92.6	861	4.6
GLP Settsu	_	_	_	_	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Nishinomiya	_	_	_	_	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Shiga	_	_	_	_	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Neyagawa	_	_	_	_	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Morioka	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Tomiya	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Koriyama I	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Koriyama III	4	100.0	126	0.7	4	100.0	126	0.7
GLP Tokai	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Hayashima	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Hayashima II	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Kiyama	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Sendai	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Ebetsu	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Kuwana	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Hatsukaichi	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Komaki	2	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	2	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Ogimachi	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Hiroshima	2	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	2	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Fukuoka	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Tosu I	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Tomiya IV	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
GLP Soja I	4	80.8	419	2.5	5	95.5	402	2.2
GLP Soja II	8	98.4	370	2.2	7	99.6	382	2.0
GLP Fujimae	_	_	_	_	1	100.0	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
Total	114	99.4	16,896	100.0	135	99.2	18,691	100.0

⁽Note 1) "Number of tenants" represents the total number of building tenants stated on the lease agreement of each property or property in trust.

⁽Note 2) "Occupancy ratio" and "Ratio to total rental revenues" are rounded to the first decimal place. As to "Occupancy ratio," however, when it may result in 100.0% after rounding, the figure is rounded down to the first decimal place and shown as 99.9%.

4. Specified Transaction

As of the current period end, the contract amount and fair value of the outstanding transaction under the specified transaction account of GLP J-REIT are as follows.

	Trung	Contract amount (M	Fair value	
	Type		Due after one year	(Million yen) (Note 2)
OTC	Interest rate swaps: Receive floating/ Pay fix	182,340	161,540	(2,142)
	Total	182,340	161,540	(2,142)

- (Note 1) The contract amount of interest rate swaps is based on its notional principal.
- (Note 2) Fair value is the amount measured by the counterparty of the transaction based on data such as market rates.
- For the financial reporting purpose, the transaction is not measured at fair value but accounted for under special treatment for interest rate swaps based on "Accounting Standards for Financial Instruments" under Japanese GAAP.

5. Investments and Other Assets

(1) Investment securities – Equity securities

Name of stock	Number of	1	Acquisition cost (Thousand yen)		Fair value (Thousand yen)		Remarks
	share	Per share	Total	Per share	Total	(Thousand yen)	
Okayama General Distribution Center Co., Ltd.	16 shares	100	1,600	100	1,600	_	(Note)

(Note) The book value is used as its fair value for the unlisted equity securities.

(2) Details of other specified assets

Beneficiary rights of real estate in trust held by GLP J-REIT are disclosed in aforementioned "3. Summary of Portfolio Properties." GLP J-REIT has no other specified assets.

[Capital Expenditure for Properties Owned]

1. Future Plan for Capital Expenditure

The following table summarizes the major capital expenditure plan in connection with scheduled renovation and others for properties owned as of the end of the current fiscal period. Estimated construction cost includes the amounts to be expensed for accounting purpose.

	Location			Estimated construction cost (Million yen)		
Property name		Purpose	Planned period	Total amount	Amount paid during the period	Total amount paid
GLP Tokai	Tokai, Aichi	Renovation of South-side exterior walls	From May 2019 to June 2019	33	_	
GLP Kasukabe	Kasukabe, Saitama	Roadbed improvement work in the facility yard (Southside)	From August 2019 to August 2019	32	_	_
GLP Tokyo	Ota, Tokyo	FRP waterproofing work on roofs	From July 2019 to August 2019	28	_	_
GLP Urayasu	Urayasu, Chiba	Renovation of North-side track berth	From September 2019 to October 2019	27	_	_
GLP Sugito II	Kita-Katsushika, Saitama	FRP waterproofing work on roofs	From January 2020 to February 2020	24	_	
GLP Settsu	Settsu, Osaka	Renewal of No. C Omni Lifter, Building No.4	From August 2019 to January 2020	22	_	
GLP Urayasu	Urayasu, Chiba	Renovation of North-side exterior walls and eave soffits	From October 2019 to November 2019	21	_	_
GLP Koriyama I	Koriyama, Fukushima	Replacement of foam fire extinguishing facility (deluge valves)	From October 2019 to February 2020	20	_	
GLP Akishima	Akishima, Tokyo	Renovation of West-side exterior walls, Building B	From January 2020 to February 2020	20	_	
GLP Morioka	Shiwa, Iwate	Renewal of vertical conveyors	From April 2019 To August 2019	9	_	_

2. Capital Expenditure Incurred for the Period

The following table summarizes the major constructions to holding properties that resulted in capital expenditure for the current period. Capital expenditure for the current period was 962 million yen. The total construction cost amounted to 1,044 million yen, including repair and maintenance of 82 million yen that was accounted for as expenses.

Property name	Location	Purpose	Period	Construction cost (Million yen)
GLP Narashino II	Narashino, Chiba	Renewal of water chiller/heater	From June 2018 to November 2018	72
GLP Urayasu III	Urayasu, Chiba	Renewal of high-efficiency lightning equipment	From October 2018 to December 2018	59
GLP Okegawa	Okegawa, Saitama	Replacement of lighting equipment	From November 2018 to December 2018	37
GLP Shonan	Fujisawa, Kanagawa	Renovation of exterior walls (Northand South-side)	From October 2018 to December 2018	36
GLP Rokko	Kobe, Hyogo	Renovation of exterior walls, South- side of ASB building, West-side of	From November 2018 to January 2019	29

Property name	Location	Purpose Period		Construction cost (Million yen)
		warehouse building and other		
GLP Urayasu	Urayasu, Chiba	Renewal of high-efficiency lightning equipment	From September 2018 to November 2018	27
GLP Misato II	Misato, Saitama	Renewal of high-efficiency lightning equipment From July 2018 to September 2018		26
GLP Sugito II	Kita-Katsushika, Saitama	FRP waterproofing work on roofs	From October 2018 to December 2018	22
Other	_	_	_	650
Total				

3. Funds Reserved for Long-Term Repair Plans

Based on the long-term repair plan established for each property, GLP J-REIT accounted for the following reserves from the operating cash flows to be appropriated for the large-scale engineering works in the mid- to long-term future.

(Unit: Million yen)

Operating period	10th Period Sept. 1, 2016 to Feb. 28, 2017	11th Period Mar. 1, 2017 to Aug. 31, 2017	12th Period Sept. 1, 2017 to Feb. 28, 2018	13th Period Mar. 1, 2018 to Aug. 31, 2018	14th Period Sep. 1, 2018 to Feb 28, 2019
Balance brought forward from the previous period	_	_	_	_	-
Amount reserved during the period	_	_	_	_	_
Amount used during the period	_	_	_	_	_
Balance to be carried forward to the next period	_	_	_	_	_

- (Note 1) GLP J-REIT intends not to account for reserves if the estimated amount of capital expenditure of the following period does not exceed the amount equivalent to 70% of the estimated depreciation expenses for the same period. GLP J-REIT estimates the amount of capital expenditure for the 15th period (for the period ending August 31, 2019) to be 873 million yen, which does not exceed 2,651 million yen, the amount equivalent to 70% of 3,788 million yen, which is the estimated depreciation expenses for the same period.
- (Note 2) GLP J-REIT intends to distribute funds in excess of the amount of retained earnings that do not exceed the amount obtained by deducting capital expenditure for the operating period immediately before the period in which the distribution is made from an amount equal to depreciation expenses for the corresponding period. The amount obtained by deducting 962 million yen of capital expenditure for the current fiscal period from 3,788 million yen of depreciation expenses for the period is 2,826 million yen.

For the time being, GLP J-REIT intends to make an OPD distribution (a refund of investment categorized as a distribution from unitholders' capital for tax purposes) in the amount equal to approximately 30% of depreciation expenses for the operating period immediately before the period in which the distribution is made, unless GLP J-REIT determines that the OPD payment would have a negative impact on its long-term repair and maintenance plan or financial conditions in light of the estimated amount of capital expenditure for each fiscal period based on the plan.

With respect to all 76 properties held as of the end of the current fiscal period, the six-month period average of the total amount of the emergency repair and maintenance expenses and the medium- to long-term repair and maintenance expenses, which are set forth in the Engineering Reports, is 653 million yen. Please refer to the "Summary of Engineering Due Diligence Report" below for the emergency repair and maintenance expenses and the mid-to-long term repair and maintenance expenses for each asset.

(Reference) Summary of Engineering Due Diligence Report

Property number	Name of property	Engineering due diligence company	Date of report	Emergency repair and maintenance expenses (Thousand yen) (Note 1)	Mid-to-Long term repair and maintenance expenses (Thousand yen) (Note2)
Tokyo-1	GLP Tokyo			_	446,000
Tokyo-2	GLP Higashi-Ogishima		 		337,520
Tokyo-3	GLP Akishima (Note 3)			_	206,370
Tokyo-4	GLP Tomisato		-	_	90,060
Tokyo-5	GLP Narashino II			_	1,117,350
Tokyo-6	GLP Funabashi			_	167,750
Tokyo-7	GLP Kazo			_	392,050
Tokyo-8	GLP Fukaya		August 31, 2017	_	307,300
Tokyo-9	GLP Sugito II			_	406,640
Tokyo-10	GLP Iwatsuki			_	71,950
Tokyo-11	GLP Kasukabe	Deloitte Tohmatsu		_	167,980
Tokyo-12	GLP Koshigaya II	Property Risk			139,890
Tokyo-13	GLP Misato II (Note 3)	Solution Co., Ltd.			168,620
Tokyo-14	GLP Tatsumi				54,520
Tokyo-15	GLP Hamura				61,540
Tokyo-16	GLP Funabashi III				127,980
Tokyo-17	GLP Sodegaura		August 31, 2018		63,000
Tokyo-18	GLP Urayasu III			_	296,600
Tokyo-19	GLP Tatsumi IIa		March 20, 2014		86,120
Tokyo-21	GLP Tokyo II (Note 3)			_	357,870
Tokyo-22	GLP Okegawa		July 25, 2014	_	209,530
Tokyo-23	GLP Shinkiba		July 27, 2015		243,980
Tokyo-24	GLP Narashino				230,950
Tokyo-26	GLP Sugito (Note 3)		July 27, 2015	_	276,775
Tokyo-27	GLP Matsudo	Tokio Marine & Nichido Risk Consulting	December 14, 2015	_	142,870
Tokyo-28	GLP-MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama (Note 4)		Nichido Risk Consulting April 12	April 12, 2016	_
Tokyo-29	GLP Atsugi II	Co., Ltd.	August 3, 2016	_	180,143
Tokyo-30	GLP Yoshimi			_	142,536
Tokyo-31	GLP Noda-Yoshiharu	Deloitte Tohmatsu Property Risk Solution Co., Ltd.	July 1, 2015	_	62,226
Tokyo-32	GLP Urayasu	Bolution Co., Ltu.			82,849
	<u> </u>	Tokio Marine &	August 18, 2017 July 30, 2018		
Tokyo-33	GLP Funabashi II	Nichido Risk		_	262,847
Tokyo-34	GLP Misato	Consulting		_	211,734
Tokyo-35	GLP Shinsuna	Co., Ltd.			298,639
Tokyo-36	GLP Shonan		vary 30, 2 010	_	142,715
Osaka-1	GLP Hirakata	Deloitte Tohmatsu Property Risk		_	376,400
Osaka-2	GLP Hirakata II			_	236,350
Osaka-3	GLP Maishima II (Note 3)			_	271,900
Osaka-4	GLP Tsumori			_	143,330
Osaka-5	GLP Rokko		August 31, 2017	_	406,840
Osaka-6	GLP Amagasaki (Note 3)		ļ	_	204,430
Osaka-7	GLP Amagasaki II	Solution Co., Ltd.		_	136,600
Osaka-8	GLP Nara	,		_	146,790
Osaka-9	GLP Sakai			_	39,800
Osaka-10	GLP Rokko II		August 31, 2018	_	353,530
Osaka-11	GLP Kadoma		July 25, 2014	_	114,160
Osaka-12	GLP Seishin		541, 25, 2017	_	186,900

Property number	Name of property	Engineering due diligence company	Date of report	Emergency repair and maintenance expenses (Thousand yen) (Note 1)	Mid-to-Long term repair and maintenance expenses (Thousand yen) (Note2)
Osaka-13	GLP Fukusaki (Note 3)	Deloitte Tohmatsu	July 25, 2014	_	160,500
Osaka-14	GLP Kobe-Nishi	Property Risk Solution Co., Ltd.	January 28, 2015	_	57,340
Osaka-15	GLP Fukaehama (Note 3)		August 3, 2016	_	219,979
Osaka-16	GLP Maishima I		August 18, 2017	_	407,302
Osaka-17	GLP Osaka	Tokio Marine &		_	459,059
Osaka-18	GLP Settsu	Nichido Risk		_	413,785
Osaka-19	GLP Nishinomiya	Consulting Co., Ltd.	July 30, 2018	_	227,195
Osaka-20	GLP Shiga		-	_	215,421
Osaka-21	GLP Neyagawa			_	63,718
Other-1	GLP Morioka			_	52,660
Other-2	GLP Tomiya (Note 3)			_	84,040
Other-3	GLP Koriyama I			_	56,400
Other-4	GLP Koriyama III		August 31, 2017	_	315,200
Other-5	GLP Tokai			_	151,530
Other-6	GLP Hayashima			_	144,200
Other-7	GLP Hayashima II			_	51,550
Other-8	GLP Kiyama (Note 3)	Deloitte Tohmatsu		_	233,920
Other-10	GLP Sendai	Property Risk Solution Co., Ltd.		_	134,980
Other-11	GLP Ebetsu	Solution Co., Ltd.		_	74,540
Other-12	GLP Kuwana		A	_	126,470
Other-13	GLP Hatsukaichi		August 31, 2018	_	83,530
Other-14	GLP Komaki			_	227,250
Other-15	GLP Ogimachi			_	110,170
Other-16	GLP Hiroshima		July 25, 2014	_	198,660
Other-17	GLP Fukuoka			_	134,110
Other-19	GLP Tosu I (Note 3)		July 27, 2015	_	187,234
Other-20	GLP Tomiya IV	Tokio Marine &	August 3, 2016	_	233,500
Other-21	GLP Soja I	Nichido Risk Consulting	January 15, 2018	_	161,102
Other-22	GLP Soja II	Co., Ltd.	January 13, 2018	_	161,224
Other-23	GLP Fujimae	, —	July 30, 2018	_	143,851
	Tot	_	15,682,999		

[&]quot;Emergency repair and maintenance expenses" represents the repair costs deemed to be required within one year (Note 1) from the date of the report.

[&]quot;Mid-to-Long term repair and maintenance expenses" represents the total repair costs deemed to be required within (Note 2) 12 years from the date of the report.

⁽Note 3) The amounts include repair and maintenance expenses reported in "Engineering Due Diligence Report (Solar Panels)" on January 15, 2018.

⁽Note 4) GLP-MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama is a property under joint co-ownership which GLP J-REIT holds 50% beneficiary right of real estate in trust. "Emergency repair and maintenance expenses" and "Mid-to-Long term repair and maintenance expenses" stated above are computed by multiplying 50% of the joint co-ownership ratio.

[Expenses and Liabilities]

1. Status of Expenses related to Asset Management

(Unit: Thousand yen)

		(Cint. Thousand Jon)
	13th Period	14th Period
	From March 1, 2018	From September 1, 2018
	To August, 31, 2018	To February 28, 2019
Asset management fee	1,738,971	1,994,088
Asset custody fee	6,636	7,547
Administrative service fees	22,439	24,474
Directors' remuneration	3,960	3,960
Audit fee	13,500	13,500
Taxes and dues	108	103
Other operating expenses	73,805	73,302
Total	1,859,422	2,116,975

In addition to the amount shown, the amount of asset management fee capitalized as part of acquisition cost was (Note) 231,181 thousand yen and 254,550 thousand yen for the 13th Period and the 14th Period, respectively.

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2. Status of Borrowings

The following summarizes the outstanding loans payable by financial institutions as of the current period end.

	Category	Data of	Balance at	Balance at	Average	Repayment			
	Name of financial institution	Date of borrowing	beginning of the period (Million yen)	end of the period (Million yen)	rate (Note 2)	date (Note 3)	Repayment	Use	Remarks
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation		284	1					
\mathbf{z}	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	1	307	_					
hor	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	1	66	_					
t-tei	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch		78	_	-				
E I	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.		49	_					Unsecured
oar	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	February	72	_	0.21%	February	Lump-sum	(Note 8)	not
ıs p	The Norinchukin Bank	28, 2018	106	_		28, 2019	•		guaranteed
Short-term loans payable	Resona Bank, Limited	1	33	_					
ble	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank,		130	_					
	Limited	_	1.4						
	Shinsei Bank, Limited	_	14						
	The 77 Bank, Ltd.		14	_		September			Unsecured
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	September 3, 2018	_	480	0.21%	2, 2019 (Note 5)	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	not guaranteed
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	September 3, 2018	_	320	0.21%	September 2, 2019 (Note 6)	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed
	Subtotal		1,160	800		(,			S
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking		5,000	5,000					
	Corporation		3,000	5,000					
Loı	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	January 4,	6,400	6,400	1.41%	January 4,	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	Unsecured not
ng-i	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	2013	4,000	4,000	(Note 4)	2020	Lump-sum	(Noic 9)	guaranteed
tern	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.		900	900					<i>3</i>
n lo	Development Bank of Japan Inc.		4,500	4,500					
Long-term loans payable	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	February 1, 2013	3,250	3,250	1.03%	January 31, 2020	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed
able	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	February 1, 2013	3,250	3,250	1.30% (Note 4)	February 1, 2021	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation		3,720	_					
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.		3,730						
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	March 3,	2,550		0.76%	February 28, 2019	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	Unsecured not
	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch	2014	700		(Note 4)	(Note 7)	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	guaranteed
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.		700	_		, ,			
	The Norinchukin Bank		450	_					
	Resona Bank, Limited		450	-					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking		2,000	2,000					
	Corporation	March 3,	,	,	1.09%	February	Ļ		Unsecured
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	2014	2,400	2,400	(Note 4)	26, 2021	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	not guaranteed
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	_	1,250	1,250					guaranteeu
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.		450	450					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	M 1.2	1,470	1,470	1.560/	F 1			Unsecured
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	March 3, 2014	1,170	1,170	1.56% (Note 4)	February 29, 2024	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	not
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.		500	500	(11000 1)	23, 202.			guaranteed
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	March 3, 2014	3,800	3,800	0.92%	February 26, 2021	Lump-sum	(Note 8)	Unsecured not guaranteed
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking	June 30,	500	500	1.48%	June 30,	Lump	(Note 9)	Unsecured
	Corporation MUEG Penk Ltd	2014	500	500	(Note 4)	2026	Lump-sum	(Note 8)	not guaranteed
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	1	300	300		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>i </u>	J

	Category Name of financial institution	Date of borrowing	Balance at beginning of the period	Balance at end of the period	Average rate (Note 2)	Repayment date (Note 3)	Repayment	Use	Remarks				
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation		(Million yen) 3,890	(Million yen) 3,890	(11010-2)	(11010 3)							
Lc	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	-	4,440	4,440									
ng-	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		2,830	2,830									
tern	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	September	610	610	0.86%		Lump-sum	(Note 9)	Unsecured not				
ı lo	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	2, 2014	650	650	(Note 4)		2, 2022	2, 2022	2, 2022	2, 2022	Lump sum	(11010))	guaranteed
ans j	The Norinchukin Bank	4	350	350									
Long-term loans payable	Resona Bank, Limited Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	_	560	270 560									
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	September 2, 2014	1,530	1,530	1.85% (Note 4)	September 2, 2027	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	Unsecured not				
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	2, 2011	1,170	1,170	(11010-1)	2, 2027			guaranteed				
	Development Bank of Japan Inc. Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	January 5, 2015	1,250 1,250	_	0.31%	December 20, 2018	Lump-sum	(Note 8)	Unsecured not guaranteed				
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	May 1, 2015	800	_	0.29%	February 28, 2019	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed				
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	May 1, 2015	2,700	2,700	0.52% (Note 4)	April 30, 2021	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed				
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	May 1, 2015	700	700	0.52% (Note 4)	April 30, 2021	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed				
	The Norinchukin Bank	May 1, 2015	400	400	0.52% (Note 4)	April 30, 2021	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed				
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation		2,922	2,922					3				
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.		3,028	3,028									
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		1,640	1,640									
	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch	_	320	320									
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.		480	480				(Note 9)					
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	September	320	320	0.61%	February	Lump-sum		Unsecured not				
	1 1	1, 2015	320	320	(Note 4)	28, 2022	Lump sum		guaranteed				
	The Norinchukin Bank	_											
	Resona Bank, Limited		320	320									
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited		440	440									
	Shinsei Bank, Limited	_	130	130									
	The 77 Bank, Ltd.		130	130									
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	September 1, 2015	1,300	1,300	0.96% (Note 4)	September 1, 2025	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed				
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		3,000	_	<u> </u>								
	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch	January 4,	500	_	(0.01)%	February	Lump-sum	(Note 8)	Unsecured not				
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	2016	1,800		(Note 4)	28, 2019	Lump sum	(Note o)	guaranteed				
			1,400	1,400					Unsecured				
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	January 4, 2016			0.35% (Note 4)	February 26, 2021	Lump-sum	(Note 8)	not				
	The Norinchukin Bank		1,400	1,400	(=)	,			guaranteed				
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	January 4, 2016	1,900	1,900	0.61% (Note 4)	February 29, 2024	Lump-sum	(Note 8)	Unsecured				
	Resona Bank, Limited Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	January 4,	1,400 1,500	1,400 1,500	0.93%	February	Lump-sum	(Note 8)	Unsecured not				
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking	2016			(Note 4)	27, 2026	Lamp sum	(11010-0)	guaranteed				
	Corporation MUFG Bank, Ltd.	January 4, 2016	5,600	5,600	1.22% (Note 4)	December 21, 2026	Lump-sum	(Note 8)	Unsecured not guaranteed				
	WIOI O Balik, Liu.	1	3,100	3,100		<u> </u>							

	Category Name of financial institution	Date of borrowing	Balance at beginning of the period (Million yen)	Balance at end of the period (Million yen)	Average rate (Note 2)	Repayment date (Note 3)	Repayment	Use	Remarks
L	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	January 4, 2016	500	500	1.31% (Note 4)	December 20, 2027	Lump-sum	(Note 8)	Unsecured not guaranteed
ong-tern	MUFG Bank, Ltd. Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	January 4,	600	600	1.57%	December	Lump-sum	(Note 8)	Unsecured
ı loa	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	2016	400	400	(Note 4)	20, 2028	Eamp sum	(11010 0)	guaranteed
Long-term loans payable	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	January 15, 2016	980	980	0.42% (Note 4)	January 14, 2022	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed
ble	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	January 15, 2016	850	850	0.42%	January 14, 2022	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	January 15, 2016	610	610	0.42% (Note 4)	January 14, 2022	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	September 1, 2016	3,780	3,780	0.29%	September 1, 2023	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	September 1, 2016	4,100	4,100	0.32%	September 1, 2024	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.		530	530					
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		510	510	0.24%	G . 1		(Notes 8 and 9)	Unsecured
	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch	September 1, 2016	310	310		September 2, 2019	Lump-sum		not
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.		290	290		ŕ			guaranteed
	The 77 Bank, Ltd.		300	300					
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.		1,250	1,250					
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	September	1,570	1,570	0.26%	September	Lump-sum	(Notes 8	Unsecured not
	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch	1, 2016	270	270	0.2070	1, 2020	Lump-sum	and 9)	guaranteed
	The 77 Bank, Ltd.		60	60					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation		790	790					
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.		2,000	2,000					
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		1,280	1,280					
	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch		780	780					
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	1	500	500					
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	September	230	230	0.440/	March 1,	T	(Notes 8	Unsecured
	The Norinchukin Bank	1, 2016	1,060	1,060	0.44%	2024	Lump-sum	and 9)	not guaranteed
	Resona Bank, Limited	1	490	490					
	Aozora Bank, Ltd.]	180	180					
	Shinsei Bank, Limited		180	180					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited		480	480					
	The 77 Bank, Ltd.		180	180					

	Category Name of financial institution	Date of borrowing	Balance at beginning of the period (Million yen)	Balance at end of the period (Million yen)	Average rate (Note 2)	Repayment date (Note 3)	Repayment	Use	Remarks
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking		2,170	2,170					
L	Corporation MUEC Book Ltd	1	2,310	2,310					
ong-	MUFG Bank, Ltd.		1,110	1,110					
term	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	1	740	740					
loar	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	September	550	550	0.57%	March 3,	Lump-sum	(Notes 8	Unsecured not
ıs pa	Development Bank of Japan Inc. Resona Bank, Limited	1, 2016	650	650	0.5776	2025	Lump-sum	and 9)	guaranteed
Long-term loans payable	Aozora Bank, Ltd.		370	370					
е	Shinsei Bank, Limited		370	370					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank,								
	Limited		920	920					
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	December 20, 2016	1,150	1,150	0.25%	December 21, 2020	Lump-sum	(Note 8)	Unsecured not guaranteed
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	December 20, 2016	500	500	0.53%	December 20, 2022	Lump-sum	(Note 8)	Unsecured not guaranteed
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	December 20, 2016	1,150	1,150	0.56%	December 20, 2023	Lump-sum	(Note 8)	Unsecured not guaranteed
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	December 20, 2016	5,700	5,700	0.79%	September 1, 2025	Lump-sum	(Note 8)	Unsecured not guaranteed
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	September 1, 2017	870	870	0.46%	September 1, 2023	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	September 1, 2017	580	580	0.46%	September 1, 2023	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		1,500	1,500					8
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	1	800	800	0.19%			(Note 8)	Unsecured
	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch	January 4, 2018	1,800	1,800		December 21, 2020			not
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	2010	1,800	1,800		21,2020			guaranteed
	The Norinchukin Bank		1,300	1,300					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation		5,100	5,100					Unsecured
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	January 4, 2018	3,600	3,600	0.28% (Note 4)	December 20, 2021	Lump-sum	(Note 8)	not
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		500	500	()				guaranteed
	Resona Bank, Limited	January 4, 2018	1,300	1,300	0.48% (Note 4)	December 22, 2025	Lump-sum	(Note 8)	Unsecured not guaranteed
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	January 4,	2,300	2,300	0.60%	October	_		Unsecured
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	2018	2,300	2,300	(Note 4)	30, 2026	Lump-sum	(Note 8)	not guaranteed
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		2,000	2,000					<i>B</i>
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation		540	540					
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	1	700	700					
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	1	930	930					
	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch	March 1,	140	140	0.29%	September	Lump-sum	(Notes 8	Unsecured not
	The Norinchukin Bank	2018	190	190	(Note 4)	1, 2021	. 1	and 9)	guaranteed
	Resona Bank, Limited]	130	130					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited		340	340					
	Shinsei Bank, Limited		200	200					

	Category Name of financial institution	Date of borrowing	Balance at beginning of the period (Million yen)	Balance at end of the period (Million yen)	Average rate (Note 2)	Repayment date (Note 3)	Repayment	Use	Remarks
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking		2,850	2,850					
Lc	Corporation MUFG Bank, Ltd.	-	2,600	2,600					
Long-term loans payable	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	1	1,900	1,900					
erm	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch		470	470					
loan	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	March 1,	580	580	0.34%	February	Lump-sum	(Notes 8	Unsecured not
s pay	The Norinchukin Bank	2018	530	530	(Note 4)	28, 2023		and 9)	guaranteed
/able	Resona Bank, Limited	1	260	260					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank,		440	440					
	Limited	1		_					
	Shinsei Bank, Limited Sumitomo Mitsui Banking		500	500					
	Corporation		1,900	1,900					
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.		1,900	1,900					
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		1,140	1,140					
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	March 1,	270	270	0.38%	February	I samon cramo	(Notes 8	Unsecured
	The Norinchukin Bank	2018	220	220	(Note 4)	29, 2024	Lump-sum	and 9)	not guaranteed
	Resona Bank, Limited		60	60					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited		220	220					
	Shinsei Bank, Limited		290	290					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation		1,130	1,130					
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	March 1,	830	830	0.50% (Note 4)	February	Lump-sum	(Notes 8	Unsecured not
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	2018	820	820		27, 2026		and 9)	guaranteed
	Resona Bank, Limited	1	390	390					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	March 1,	1,420	1,420	0.71%	February		(Notes 8	Unsecured
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	2018	1,110	1,110	(Note 4)	29, 2028	Lump-sum	and 9)	not guaranteed
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		630	630					8
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation		_	1,690					
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.		_	1,280					
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		_	2,530					
	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch	September	_	1,200	0.36%	September	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	Unsecured not
	The Norinchukin Bank	3, 2018	_	980	(Note 4)	2, 2022	Dump sum	(Note 3)	guaranteed
	Resona Bank, Limited		_	120					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited		_	940					
	Shinsei Bank, Limited		_	1,230					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking		_	4,920					
	Corporation MUFG Bank, Ltd.	1	_	4,770					
			_	2,610					
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	September	_	530	0.45%	September	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	Unsecured not
	Development Bank of Japan Inc. The Noringbukin Bank	3, 2018	_	600	(Note 4)	1, 2024	Lump-sum	(11016 9)	guaranteed
	The Norinchukin Bank	1	_	540					
	Resona Bank, Limited Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank,	-	_						
	Limited Limited		_	540					

	Category	Date of	Balance at beginning of	Balance at end of the	Average rate	Repayment date	Repayment	Use	Remarks
	Name of financial institution	borrowing	the period (Million yen)	period (Million yen)	(Note 2)	(Note 3)	Кераушен	Osc	Kemarks
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation		_	3,160					
Lor	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	0 . 1	_	2,840	0.700/	G 4 1			Unsecured
ıg-te	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	September 3, 2018	_	1,770	0.70% (Note 4)	September 2, 2027	Lump-sum	(Note 9)	not guaranteed
rm l	Development Bank of Japan Inc.		_	530					guaranteea
oans	Resona Bank, Limited		=	540					
Long-term loans payable	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	December 20, 2018	_	1,250	0.31% (Note 4)	December 20, 2023	Lump-sum	(Note 8)	Unsecured not guaranteed
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	December 20, 2018	_	1,250	0.31% (Note 4)	December 20, 2023	Lump-sum	(Note 8)	Unsecured not guaranteed
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	February 26, 2019	_	3,600	0.21%	February 28, 2020	Lump-sum	(Note 10)	Unsecured not guaranteed
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	February 26, 2019	_	2,400	0.21%	February 28, 2020	Lump-sum	(Note 10)	Unsecured not guaranteed
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation		_	557					
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.		_	703					
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		_	1,125	0.21% (Note 4)				
	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch		_	1,091					
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	February	_	639		February		(Note 8)	Unsecured
	The Norinchukin Bank	28, 2019	_	139		28, 2022	Lump-sum		not guaranteed
	Resona Bank, Limited		_	100					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited		_	131					
	Shinsei Bank, Limited		=	14					
	The Gunma Bank, Ltd.		_	500					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking		_	350					
	Corporation MUFG Bank, Ltd.		_	1,034					
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		_	2,007					
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	February	_	1,223	0.37%	February			Unsecured
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	28, 2019	_	73	(Note 4)	27, 2026	Lump-sum	(Note 8)	not guaranteed
	The Norinchukin Bank	_	_	296					
	Resona Bank, Limited		_	262					
	Shinsei Bank, Limited			14					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation		_	2,100					Unsecured
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	February 28, 2019	_	2,100	0.63% (Note 4)	February 28, 2029	Lump-sum	(Note 8)	not
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	-0, 2017		1,800	,			(= :5:0 5)	guaranteed
	Subtotal		206,520	243,700					
	Total		207,680	244,500					

- (Note 1) "Long-term loans payable" includes the current portion of long term loans payable as of each period end.
- (Note 2) "Average rate" represents the weighted average interest rate during the fiscal period and is rounded to the second decimal place.
- (Note 3) When the repayment date falls on a day other than a business day, it shall be the next business day.
- (Note 4) GLP J-REIT uses interest rate swaps to hedge the interest rate risk exposure. The rate stated above is the effective rate of interest after interest rate swaps.
- (Note 5) GLP J-REIT borrowed 4,800 million yen on September 3, 2018 and made repayments of 1,140 million yen on September 28, 2018 and 3,180 million yen on December 20, 2018 before respective contractual repayment date.
- GLP J-REIT borrowed 3,200 million yen on September 3, 2018 and made repayments of 760 million yen on September 28, 2018 and 2,120 million yen on December 20, 2018 before respective contractual repayment date.

- (Note 7) Of outstanding loan balance of 12,300 million yen at beginning of the period, 3,300 million yen was repaid on December 11, 2018 before its contractual repayment date.
- (Note 8) The fund was used to make repayments of bank borrowing.
- (Note 9) The fund was used to acquire properties or beneficiary rights of real estate in trust.
- (Note 10) The fund was used to redeem the investment corporation bonds.

3. Status of Investment Corporation Bonds

The following summarizes the status of investment corporation bonds issued as of the current period end.

Description	Issued date	Balance at beginning of the period (Million yen)	Balance at end of the period (Million yen)	Interest rate (Note 1)	Maturity date	Maturity method	Use	Remarks
GLP J-REIT 1st Unsecured Bonds	February 27, 2014	6,000	_	0.47%	February 27, 2019	Lump-sum	(Note 2)	(Note 3)
GLP J-REIT 2nd Unsecured Bonds	July 30, 2014	2,000	2,000	0.98%	July 30, 2024	Lump-sum	(Note 2)	(Note 3)
GLP J-REIT 3rd Unsecured Bonds	December 26, 2014	4,500	4,500	0.51%	December 25, 2020	Lump-sum	(Note 2)	(Note 3)
GLP J-REIT 4th Unsecured Bonds	December 26, 2014	1,500	1,500	0.68%	December 26, 2022	Lump-sum	(Note 2)	(Note 3)
GLP J-REIT 5th Unsecured Bonds	December 26, 2014	3,000	3,000	1.17%	December 25, 2026	Lump-sum	(Note 2)	(Note 3)
GLP J-REIT 6th Unsecured Bonds	June 30, 2015	1,500	1,500	0.89%	June 30, 2025	Lump-sum	(Note 2)	(Note 3)
GLP J-REIT 7th Unsecured Bonds	November 28, 2016	6,900	6,900	0.01%	November 28, 2019	Lump-sum	(Note 2)	(Note 3)
GLP J-REIT 8th Unsecured Bonds	November 28, 2016	1,100	1,100	0.45%	November 27, 2026	Lump-sum	(Note 2)	(Note 3)
GLP J-REIT 9th Unsecured Bonds	February 27, 2017	1,000	1,000	0.47%	February 26, 2027	Lump-sum	(Note 2)	(Note 3)
GLP J-REIT 10th Unsecured Bonds	July 9, 2018	2,000	2,000	0.23%	July 7, 2023	Lump-sum	(Note 2)	(Note 3)
GLP J-REIT 11th Unsecured Bonds	July 9, 2018	1,000	1,000	0.56%	July 7, 2028	Lump-sum	(Note 2)	(Note 3)
GLP J-REIT 12th Unsecured Bonds (Green Bonds)	December 20, 2018	_	5,100	0.68%	December 20, 2028	Lump-sum	(Note 2)	(Note 3)
Total		30,500	29,600					

- (Note 1) "Interest rate" is rounded to the second decimal place.
- (Note 2) The fund was used to make repayment of bank borrowing.
- (Note 3) The bond is subject to the special pari passu clause among specified investment corporation bonds.

4. Status of Short-Term Investment Corporation Bonds

None

5. Status of Subscription Rights to New Investment Units

None

[Acquisition and Disposition]

1. Acquisition and Disposition of Real Estate Properties & Asset-Backed Securities and **Infrastructure & Infrastructure Related Assets**

		Acqu	uisition
Type of asset	Name of property	Date	Price (Million yen) (Note)
Beneficiary right of real estate in trust	GLP Shinsuna	September 3, 2018	18,300
Beneficiary right of real estate in trust	GLP Shonan	September 3, 2018	5,870
Beneficiary right of real estate in trust	GLP Osaka	September 3, 2018	36,000
Beneficiary right of real estate in trust	GLP Settsu	September 3, 2018	7,300
Beneficiary right of real estate in trust	GLP Nishinomiya	September 3, 2018	2,750
Beneficiary right of real estate in trust	GLP Shiga	September 3, 2018	4,550
Beneficiary right of real estate in trust	GLP Neyagawa	September 3, 2018	8,100
Beneficiary right of real estate in trust	GLP Fujimae	September 3, 2018	1,980
Tot	al		84,850

"Acquisition price" represents the purchase amount (excluding acquisition costs and consumption taxes) of each (Note) property or beneficiary right of real estate in trust as stated in the Sales and Purchase Contract of Beneficiary Rights of Real Estate in Trust.

2. Acquisition and Disposition of Other Assets

Other assets except real estate properties & asset-backed securities and infrastructure & infrastructure related assets mentioned above mostly consist of cash and deposits and cash and deposits in trust.

3. Appraisal Values of Specific Assets

(1) Real estate properties

Acquisition or disposition	Name of property	Acquisition date	Acquisition price (Million yen) (Note 1)	Appraisal value (Million yen) (Note 2)	Name of appraiser	Date of appraisal
Acquisition	GLP Shinsuna	September 3, 2018	18,300	18,500	The Tanizawa Sōgō Appraisal Co., Ltd.	June 30, 2018
Acquisition	GLP Shonan	September 3, 2018	5,870	6,040	The Tanizawa Sōgō Appraisal Co., Ltd.	June 30, 2018
Acquisition	GLP Osaka	September 3, 2018	36,000	36,200	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K	June 30, 2018
Acquisition	GLP Settsu	September 3, 2018	7,300	7,520	Japan Real Estate Institute	June 30, 2018
Acquisition	GLP Nishinomiya	September 3, 2018	2,750	2,830	Japan Real Estate Institute	June 30, 2018
Acquisition	GLP Shiga	September 3, 2018	4,550	4,690	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K	June 30, 2018
Acquisition	GLP Neyagawa	September 3, 2018	8,100	8,100	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K	June 30, 2018
Acquisition	GLP Fujimae	September 3, 2018	1,980	2,020	The Tanizawa Sōgō Appraisal Co., Ltd.	June 30, 2018

- (Note 1) "Acquisition price" represents the purchase amount (excluding acquisition costs and consumption taxes) of each property or beneficiary right of real estate in trust as stated in the Sales and Purchase Contract of Beneficiary Rights of Real Estate in Trust or the Price Agreement associated to the Contract.
- (Note 2) "Appraisal value" of specific assets above was determined in accordance with the "Real Estate Appraisal Standards, Specific Standards Chapter 3, Appraisal of Securitized Properties" or the "General Guideline for Real Estate Appraisers on Determination of Purpose and Scope of Valuation and Contents of Report" issued by Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism of Japan.

(2) Other

(a) Name of the party who performed the investigation

KPMG AZSA LLC

(b) Overview of the method and results of the investigation

The transactions subject to the investigation for the period from September 1, 2018 to February 28, 2019 are four interest rate swap transactions. For these transactions, GLP J-REIT entrusted KPMG AZSA LLC to perform the investigation of comparable prices, names of counterparties, contract amounts, durations of transactions etc. based on the Article 201-2 of the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations, and obtained the report on agreed-upon procedures based on Professional Practice Guidelines 4460, the "Practical Guidelines on Agreed-Upon Procedures for the Investigation of Values, etc. of Specified Assets held by Investment Trusts or Investment Corporations" issued by the Japanese Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

This investigation is neither a part of the financial audit nor an attestation engagement on the reasonableness of values or the internal control system.

4. Transactions with Interested Parties

(1) Transactions

	Transaction amount	t (Thousand yen)
	Acquisition	Sales
Total amount	84,850,000	-
Breakdown of transactions		
Shinsuna Logistic Special Purpose Company	18,300,000 (21.6%)	- (-%)
Azalea Two Special Purpose Company	17,720,000 (20.9%)	- (-%)
Osaka Logistic Special Purpose Company	36,000,000 (42.4%)	- (-%)
Cosmos Special Purpose Company	4,730,000 (5.6%)	- (-%)
Neyagawa Logistic Special Purpose Company	8,100,000 (9.5%)	- (-%)
Total	84,850,000 (100.0%)	- (-%)

(2) Amounts of fees paid

	Total fees (A)	Name of interested parties and major the amount of transaction	(B)/(A)		
	(Thousand yen) Paid to		Amount paid (B) (Thousand yen)	(%)	
Property management fee	354,879	GLP Japan Inc.	354,879	100.0	
Royalty fee	7,500	GLP Japan Inc.	7,500	100.0	
Leasing commission	108,702	GLP Japan Inc.	108,702	100.0	

(Note) The term "interested parties" refers to interested parties of Asset Management Company (Asset Manager) as stipulated by Article 123 of the Order for Enforcement of the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations and Article 26, Paragraph 1, Item 27 of the Regulations Concerning Investment Reports of Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations issued by The Investment Trust Association, Japan.

5. Status on Transactions with Asset Manager in connection with Concurrent Business conducted by the Asset Manager

No item to report since GLP Japan Advisors Inc., the Asset Manager of GLP J-REIT, does not concurrently engaged in any of the Type I Financial Instruments Business, Type II Financial Instruments Business, Building Lots and Buildings Transaction Business or Real Estate Specified Joint Business.

[Accounting]

1. Status on Assets, Liabilities, Principals, and Income and Losses

Please refer to the "Balance Sheets," "Statements of Income," "Statements of Changes in Net Assets," "Notes to Financial Statements" and "Statements of Distributions" presented later in this report.

2. Change in Calculation of Depreciation

None

3. Change in Valuation of Real Estate Properties and Infrastructure Assets

None

4. Status of Beneficiary Certificates of Investment Trust Established by Self

None

[Other Information]

1. Notice

The following summarizes an overview of major contracts that the Board of Directors of GLP J-REIT approved to conclude or modify for the current period.

Date of approval	Item	Summary
November 27, 2018	Conclusion of Underwriting Agreement and other with regard to investment corporation bonds	Based on a comprehensive resolution on the issuance of unsecured investment corporation bonds at a meeting of the Board of Directors held on November 27, 2018, GLP J-REIT entered into the following agreements with effective date of December 14, 2018. (1) Underwriting Agreement, relating to the issuance of GLP J-REIT 12th Unsecured Bond with special pari passu conditions among specified investment corporation bonds (Green Bonds), concluded among GLP Japan Advisors Inc., SMBC Nikko Securities Inc., Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. and Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd.
		 (2) Fiscal Agent Agreement for GLP J-REIT 12th Unsecured Bond with special pari passu conditions among specified investment corporation bonds (Green Bonds), concluded with MUFG Bank, Ltd. ("MUFG"). Under the Agreement, MUFG is designated as the fiscal agent, issuing agent and payment agent. (3) Memorandum agreed with MUFG regarding the fiscal agent commission prescribed in the Fiscal Agent Agreement as stated above (2), for GLP J-DEIT 12th Market Page 12th 12th 12th 12th 12th 12th 12th 12th
		REIT 12th Unsecured Bond with special pari passu conditions among specified investment corporation bonds (Green Bonds).

2. Other

In this report, any fraction is rounded down for monetary amounts and rounded off for ratios unless otherwise stated.

[Disclosure regarding Investments in Real Estate Holding Companies in Foreign Countries] None

[Disclosure regarding Properties Held by above Mentioned Real Estate Holding Companies in **Foreign Countries**]

None

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

[The information provided in this section is based on the status as of February 28, 2019, unless otherwise stated.]

Diversification of Portfolio

The following summarizes the diversification of properties in trust.

a. By Geographical Area

Area	Total floor space (m²) (Note 1)	Ratio (%) (Note 2)	Acquisition cost (Million yen)	Ratio (%) (Note 2)
Tokyo Metropolitan area	1,614,237.22	51.4	348,273	57.1
Greater Osaka area	874,816.15	27.9	161,837	26.6
Other	651,682.90	20.7	99,384	16.3
Total	3,140,736.28	100.0	609,494	100.0

(Note 1) "Total floor space" is based on the floor space stated on any of the followings: certificate of completion of the major building, notice of verification of building construction or application for verification of building construction. For a property in trust under joint co-ownership, floor space is based on the entire property.

(Note 2) "Ratio" is rounded to the first decimal place. Thus, the totals shown do not necessarily agree with the sums of the individual

b. By Building Age

y Building Age					
Building age (Note 1)	Number of properties	Total floor space (m ²) (Note 2)	Ratio (%) (Note 3)	Acquisition cost (Million yen)	Ratio (%) (Note 3)
20 years or more	27	719,856.25	22.9	118,931	19.5
15 years or more but less than 20 years	9	270,731.59	8.6	73,411	12.0
10 years or more but less than 15 years	32	1,624,393.81	51.7	324,104	53.2
5 years or more but less than 10 years	3	232,793.84	7.4	32,796	5.4
Less than 5 years	5	292,960.79	9.3	60,250	9.9
Total	76	3,140,736.28	100.0	609,494	100.0

- (Note 1) As a general rule, "Building age" shows the period of years from a completion date of new construction of major building stated on real estate register to February 28, 2019.
- (Note 2) "Total floor space" is based on the floor space stated on any of the followings: certificate of completion of the major building, notice of verification of building construction or application for verification of building construction. For a property in trust under joint co-ownership, floor space is based on the entire property.
- (Note 3) "Ratio" is rounded to the first decimal place. Thus, the totals shown do not necessarily agree with the sums of the individual ratios.

c. By Total Floor Space

Total floor space (m ²) (Note 1)	Number of properties	Total floor space (m²) (Note 1)	Ratio (%) (Note 2)	Acquisition cost (Million yen)	Ratio (%) (Note 2)
100,000 m ² or more	6	751,558.94	23.9	147,056	24.1
50,000 m ² or more but less than 100,000 m ²	14	978,218.86	31.1	189,583	31.1
30,000 m ² or more but less than 50,000 m ²	19	720,788.28	22.9	139,115	22.8
10,000 m ² or more but less than 30,000 m ²	36	680,766.55	21.7	132,269	21.7
Less than 10,000 m ²	1	9,403.64	0.3	1,470	0.2
Total	76	3,140,736.28	100.0	609,494	100.0

(Note 1) "Total floor space" is based on the floor space stated on any of the followings: certificate of completion of the major building, notice of verification of building construction or application for verification of building construction. For a property in trust

- under joint co-ownership, floor space is based on the entire property.
- (Note 2) "Ratio" is rounded to the first decimal place. Thus, the totals shown do not necessarily agree with the sums of the individual ratios.

d. By Remaining Lease Period

Lease period (Remaining period) (Note 1)	Leased area (m²) (Note 2)	Ratio (%) (Note 3)	Annual contracted rent (Million yen) (Note 4)	Ratio (%) (Note 3)
7 years or more	493,589.70	17.9	7,084	19.6
5 years or more but less than 7 years	170,490.92	6.2	1,712	4.7
3 years or more but less than 5 years	944,900.72	34.2	12,529	34.7
1 year or more but less than 3 years	790,552.46	28.6	10,029	27.8
Less than 1 year	364,486.03	13.2	4,774	13.2
Total	2,764,019.84	100.0	36,131	100.0

- (Note 1) "Lease period" represents the remaining lease period subsequent to February 28, 2019 based on the lease agreement of each property or property in trust as of February 28, 2019.
- (Note 2) "Leased area" represents the total leased area by remaining lease period, based on the relevant lease agreement of each property or property in trust as of February 28, 2019, and is rounded down to the second decimal place. For a property in trust under joint co-ownership, leased area is computed by multiplying the joint co-ownership ratio.
- (Note 3) "Ratio" is rounded to the first decimal place. Thus, the totals shown do not necessarily agree with the sums of the individual ratios.
- (Note 4) "Annual contracted rent" represents the total of individual rents annualized and classified by remaining lease period. It is calculated by multiplying the monthly contracted rent for building (including CAM but excluding consumption taxes. If the property or property in trust has multiple tenants, the total of all monthly rents.) indicated in the relevant lease agreement(s) of each property or property in trust as of February 28, 2019 by 12, rounded down to the nearest one million yen. In addition, the amount does not include parking or solar panel rents. For a property in trust under joint co-ownership, leased area is computed by multiplying the joint co-ownership ratio.

Summary of Portfolio Properties

Area	Property number	Name of property	Location	Construction date (Note 1)	Annual contracted rent (Million yen) (Note 2)	Tenant leasehold and security deposit (Million yen) (Note 3)	Land area (m²)
	Tokyo-1	GLP Tokyo	Ota, Tokyo	November 17, 2003	1,333	316	14,879.68
	Tokyo-2	GLP Higashi-Ogishima	Kawasaki, Kanagawa	August 27, 1987	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	25,313.64
	Tokyo-3	GLP Akishima	Akishima, Tokyo	February 10, 2001	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	30,939.95
	Tokyo-4	GLP Tomisato	Tomisato, Chiba	July 3, 2007	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	39,398.15
	Tokyo-5	GLP Narashino II	Narashino, Chiba	August 26, 1991	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	55,185.00
	Tokyo-6 GLP Fu	GLP Funabashi	Funabashi, Chiba	April 14, 1990	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	5,804.04
	Tokyo-7	GLP Kazo	Kazo, Saitama	March 11, 2005	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	38,278.86
	Tokyo-8	GLP Fukaya	Fukaya, Saitama	January 23, 1991	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	31,666.62
	Tokyo-9 GL	GLP Sugito II	Kita-katsushika, Saitama	January 18, 2007	1,273	393	53,792.06
	Tokyo-10	Tokyo-10 GLP Iwatsuki Saitama	Saitama, Saitama	August 5, 2008	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	17,277.60
	Tokyo-11	GLP Kasukabe	Kasukabe, Saitama	July 15, 2004	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	18,269.08
	Tokyo-12	GLP Koshigaya II	Koshigaya, Saitama	July 28, 2006	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	16,056.14
	Tokyo-13	GLP Misato II	Misato, Saitama	September 19, 2008	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	30,614.09
	Tokyo-14	GLP Tatsumi	Koto, Tokyo	September 8, 2003	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	6,500.01
	Tokyo-15	GLP Hamura	Hamura, Tokyo	January 13, 2009	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	26,712.92
	Tokyo-16	GLP Funabashi III	Funabashi, Chiba	January 24, 2001	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	9,224.00
	Tokyo-17	GLP Sodegaura	Sodegaura, Chiba	June 15, 2007	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	32,524.00
	Tokyo-18	GLP Urayasu III	Urayasu, Chiba	March 6, 2006	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	33,654.00
	Tokyo-19	GLP Tatsumi IIa	Koto, Tokyo	August 28, 1986	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	6,384.51
	Tokyo-21	GLP Tokyo II	Koto, Tokyo	April 20, 2006	1,997	391	31,998.97
	Tokyo-22	GLP Okegawa	Okegawa, Saitama	July 31, 1993	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	9,913.68
	Tokyo-23	GLP Shinkiba	Koto, Tokyo	August 29, 2002	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	11,224.54

Area	Property number	Name of property	Location	Construction date (Note 1)	Annual contracted rent (Million yen) (Note 2)	Tenant leasehold and security deposit (Million yen) (Note 3)	Land area (m²)
	Tokyo-24	GLP Narashino	Narashino, Chiba	September 26, 1989	321	44	14,047.00
	Tokyo-26	GLP Sugito	Kita-Katsushika, Saitama	July 4, 2005	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	48,237.80
	Tokyo-27	GLP Matsudo	Matsudo, Chiba	April 5, 1999	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	12,088.34
•	Tokyo-28	GLP-MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama (Note 5)	Ichikawa, Chiba	January 14, 2014	885	123	52,887.00
	Tokyo-29	GLP Atsugi II	Aiko, Kanagawa	June 1, 2016	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	38,241.60
-	Tokyo-30	GLP Yoshimi	Hiki, Saitama	September 4, 2015	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	33,911.95
-	Tokyo-31	GLP Noda-Yoshiharu	Noda, Chiba	September 19, 2012	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	17,026.44
-	Tokyo-32	GLP Urayasu	Urayasu, Chiba	April 7, 2003	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	16,054.00
-	Tokyo-33	GLP Funabashi II	Funabashi, Chiba	January 13, 1989	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	16,346.00
-	Tokyo-34	GLP Misato	Misato, Saitama	January 25, 2006	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	38,992.48
	Tokyo-35	GLP Shinsuna	Koto, Tokyo	March 31, 1987	747	181	22,831.21
	Tokyo-36	GLP Shonan	Fujisawa, Kanagawa	December 24, 1999	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	14,384.17
Tok	yo Metropolit	an area, total			20,160	6,569	870,659.53
	Osaka-1	GLP Hirakata	Hirakata, Osaka	September 20, 1985	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	25,290.30
	Osaka-2	GLP Hirakata II	Hirakata, Osaka	December 11, 2000	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	31,131.17
•	Osaka-3	GLP Maishima II	Osaka, Osaka	October 15, 2006	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	24,783.06
-	Osaka-4	GLP Tsumori	Osaka, Osaka	October 14, 1981	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	9,021.75
-	Osaka-5	GLP Rokko	Kobe, Hyogo	March 4, 1991	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	24,969.30
	Osaka-6	GLP Amagasaki	Amagasaki, Hyogo	December 8, 2006	1,528	599	59,078.60
	Osaka-7	GLP Amagasaki II	Amagasaki, Hyogo	February 12, 1992	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	4,310.06
	Osaka-8	GLP Nara	Yamatokoriyama, Nara	November 22, 1969	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	13,420.77
	Osaka-9	GLP Sakai	Sakai, Osaka	September 18, 2007	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	10,000.03
	Osaka-10	GLP Rokko II	Kobe, Hyogo	July 26, 2006	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	18,212.00
	Osaka-11	GLP Kadoma	Kadoma, Osaka	January 29, 1980	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	8,436.79
	Osaka-12	GLP Seishin	Kobe, Hyogo	December 19, 1995	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	5,489.57
-	Osaka-13	GLP Fukusaki	Kanzaki, Hyogo	July 20, 2004	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	40,466.90
	Osaka-14	GLP Kobe-Nishi	Kobe, Hyogo	January 8, 2015	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	20,999.95
	Osaka-15	GLP Fukaehama	Kobe, Hyogo	February 28, 2007	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	18,242.52
	Osaka-16	GLP Maishima I	Osaka, Osaka	July 10, 2006	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	25,834.92
	Osaka-17	GLP Osaka	Osaka, Osaka	August 19, 2004	1,690	363	45,953.22
	Osaka-18	GLP Settsu	Settsu, Osaka	March 20, 1981	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	37,718.42
	Osaka-19	GLP Nishinomiya	Nishinomiya Hyogo	October 31, 1979	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	14,639.04
	Osaka-20	GLP Shiga	Kusatsu, Shiga	October 16, 1991	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	32,678.54
	Osaka-21	GLP Neyagawa	Neyagawa, Osaka	April 4, 2018	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	13,328.77
Grea	ater Osaka are	a, total			9,472	3,333	484,005.68
	Other-1	GLP Morioka	Shiwa, Iwate	August 27, 1980	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	10,244.70
	Other-2	GLP Tomiya	Tomiya, Miyagi	April 5, 2006	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	19,525.08
	Other-3	GLP Koriyama I	Koriyama, Fukushima	August 21, 2008	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	18,626.32
	Other-4	GLP Koriyama III	Koriyama, Fukushima	February 17, 1993	237	55	22,862.07
	Other-5	GLP Tokai	Tokai, Aichi	July 14, 2004	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	18,987.22
	Other-6	GLP Hayashima	Tsukubo, Okayama	November 28, 1989	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	12,808.41
	Other-7	GLP Hayashima II	Tsukubo, Okayama	December 7, 2007	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	14,675.59
	Other-8	GLP Kiyama	Miyaki, Saga	November 5, 2008	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	73,225.00
	Other-10	GLP Sendai	Sendai, Miyagi	January 4, 2007	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	19,276.01
	Other-11	GLP Ebetsu	Ebetsu, Hokkaido	January 20, 2009	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	35,111.40
	Other-12	GLP Kuwana	Kuwana, Mie	September 4, 2006	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	46,811.76
	Other-13	GLP Hatsukaichi	Hatsukaichi, Hiroshima	July 10, 2006	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	18,452.00
	Other-14	GLP Komaki	Komaki, Aichi	February 15, 2008	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	27,640.00
	Other-15	GLP Ogimachi	Sendai, Miyagi	August 9, 1974	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	10,354.95
	Other-16	GLP Hiroshima	Hiroshima, Hiroshima	March 31, 1989	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	15,603.94
	Other-17	GLP Fukuoka	Fukuoka, Fukuoka	January 14, 1988	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	7,527.47
	Other-19	GLP Tosu I	Tosu, Saga	January 31, 2008	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	51,843.52
	Other-20	GLP Tomiya IV	Tomiya, Miyagi	November 24, 1998	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	24,947.28

Area	Property number	Name of property	Location	Construction date (Note 1)	Annual contracted rent (Million yen) (Note 2)	Tenant leasehold and security deposit (Million yen) (Note 3)	Land area (m²)
	Other-21	GLP Soja I	Soja, Okayama	February 6, 2013	745	435	33,054.58
	Other-22	GLP Soja II	Soja, Okayama	October 13, 2015	768	216	33,061.77
	Other-23	GLP Fujimae	Nagoya, Aichi	October 21, 1987	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	17,972.76
Oth	Other, total					2,258	532,611.83
Tot	Total portfolio					12,162	1,887,277.04

- (Note 1) "Construction date" generally represents the date of construction of the main building as stated in the property registry. For properties with several main buildings, it represents the date of construction of the building with the largest floor space according to the property registry. When the date of construction is not stated in the registry, the delivery date of the inspection certificate is shown.
- (Note 2) "Annual contracted rent" represents the amount annualized by multiplying the monthly contracted rent (including CAM but excluding consumption taxes, if the property or property in trust has multiple tenants, the total of all monthly rents) as indicated in the relevant lease agreement(s) of each property or property in trust as of February 28, 2019 by 12. Any fraction less than one million yen is rounded down. Accordingly, the sum of annual contracted rent of each property or property in trust may not equal to each subtotal or total of portfolio. In addition, the amount does not include parking or solar panel rents.
- (Note 3) "Tenant leasehold and security deposit" represents total balance of leasehold and security deposit amount based on the lease agreement of each property or property in trust as of February 28, 2019, rounded down to the nearest million yen. Accordingly, the sum of leasehold and security deposits of each property or property in trust may not equal to each subtotal or total of portfolio.
- (Note 4) Not disclosed because the tenants' consent is not obtained.
- (Note 5) "Annual contracted rent" and "Tenant leasehold and security deposit" are computed by multiplying 50% of the joint co-ownership ratio. "Land area" is based on the entire property.

Valuation and Annraical

				A	Indicated value					
Property	Name of property		Date of valuation	Appraisal value	Direct Capit metho		Discount Cash Flow me		ethod	
number				(Million yen) (Note 1)	Value (Million yen)	Cap rate (%)	Value (Million yen)	Discount rate (%)	Yield (%)	
Tokyo-1	GLP Tokyo	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	February 28, 2019	29,700	30,300	3.7	29,000	3.5	3.9	
Tokyo-2	GLP Higashi- Ogishima	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	February 28, 2019	6,850	6,980	4.1	6,720	3.9	4.3	
Tokyo-3	GLP Akishima	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	February 28, 2019	9,730	9,900	4.2	9,560	4.0	4.4	
Tokyo-4	GLP Tomisato	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	6,080	6,230	4.6	6,010	1y-3y 4.6 4y- 4.7	4.8	
Tokyo-5	GLP Narashino II	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	20,100	20,500	4.7	19,900	1y-2y 4.4 3y- 4.6	4.7	
Tokyo-6	GLP Funabashi	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	2,090	2,090	4.5	2,090	1y-3y 4.4 4y-5y 4.5 6y- 4.6	4.7	
Tokyo-7	GLP Kazo	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	14,300	15,100	4.5	14,000	1y-3y 4.4 4y-10y 4.6	4.7	
Tokyo-8	GLP Fukaya	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	2,890	2,990	4.8	2,840	1y-4y 4.7 5y-10y 4.9	5.0	
Tokyo-9	GLP Sugito II	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	February 28, 2019	24,600	24,800	4.1	24,300	3.9	4.3	
Tokyo-10	GLP Iwatsuki	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	February 28, 2019	9,520	9,700	4.1	9,330	3.9	4.3	
Tokyo-11	GLP Kasukabe	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	February 28, 2019	5,280	5,380	4.3	5,180	4.1	4.5	
Tokyo-12	GLP Koshigaya II	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	February 28, 2019	13,500	13,700	4.0	13,200	3.8	4.2	
Tokyo-13	GLP Misato II	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	February 28, 2019	21,100	21,500	4.0	20,700	3.8	4.2	
Tokyo-14	GLP Tatsumi	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	February 28, 2019	6,430	6,560	3.8	6,290	3.6	4.0	
Tokyo-15	GLP Hamura	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	9,960	10,200	4.2	9,850	1y-5y 4.0 6y-10y 4.2	4.4	
Tokyo-16	GLP Funabashi III	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	February 28, 2019	4,230	4,310	4.1	4,150	3.9	4.3	
Tokyo-17	GLP Sodegaura	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	February 28, 2019	8,090	8,220	4.6	7,950	4.4	4.8	
Tokyo-18	GLP Urayasu III	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	22,800	23,100	3.8	22,700	1y-4y 3.7 5y-10y 3.8	3.9	
Tokyo-19	GLP Tatsumi IIa	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	February 28, 2019	8,500	8,670	3.7	8,320	3.5	3.9	
Tokyo-21	GLP Tokyo II	Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019	43,400	43,800	3.8	43,000	3.5	3.9	
Tokyo-22	GLP Okegawa	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	3,080	3,100	4.6	3,070	1y-8y 4.6 9y-10y 4.7	4.8	
Tokyo-23	GLP Shinkiba	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	12,800	13,400	3.9	12,500	1y-4y 3.9 5y-10y 4.0	4.1	
Tokyo-24	GLP Narashino	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	5,570	5,650	4.6	5,530	1y 4.5 2y-10y 4.6	4.7	

						I	ndicated value		
Property	Name of property	Appraiser	Date of valuation	Appraisal value	Direct Capit metho		Discour	nt Cash Flow met	hod
number	rame or property	i ippiuisei	Suit of variation	(Million yen) (Note 1)	Value (Million yen)	Cap rate (%)	Value (Million yen)	Discount rate (%)	Yield (%)
Tokyo-26	GLP Sugito	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	February 28, 2019	10,300	10,700	4.2	10,100	4.0	4.4
Tokyo-27	GLP Matsudo	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	February 28, 2019	2,890	2,940	4.5	2,830	4.3	4.7
Tokyo-28	GLP-MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama (Note 2)	Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019	17,300	17,450	4.1	17,150	3.8	4.3
Tokyo-29	GLP Atsugi II	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	24,000	24,200	4.1	23,900	1y-7y 4.0 8y-10y 4.1	4.2
Tokyo-30	GLP Yoshimi	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	11,800	11,900	4.7	11,700	1y-7y 4.6 8y-11y 4.7	4.8
Tokyo-31	GLP Noda- Yoshiharu	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	5,360	5,420	4.8	5,340	1y-6y 4.4 7y-10y 4.6	4.8
Tokyo-32	GLP Urayasu	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	7,910	8,020	4.0	7,860	1y-4y 3.9 5y-10y 4.0	4.1
Tokyo-33	GLP Funabashi II	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	February 28, 2019	8,300	8,500	4.1	8,090	3.9	4.3
Tokyo-34	GLP Misato	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	February 28, 2019	18,200	18,500	4.0	17,800	3.8	4.2
Tokyo-35	GLP Shinsuna	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	18,900	19,600	3.9	18,800	1y-2y 3.9 3y-10y 4.0	4.1
Tokyo-36	GLP Shonan	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	6,190	6,240	4.5	6,170	1y-4y 4.4 5y-10y 4.5	4.6
Osaka-1	GLP Hirakata	Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019	6,390	6,430	4.8	6,340	4.4	5.1
Osaka-2	GLP Hirakata II	Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019	9,440	9,560	4.5	9,320	4.3	4.7
Osaka-3	GLP Maishima II	Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019	12,200	12,300	4.6	12,100	4.3	4.8
Osaka-4	GLP Tsumori	Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019	2,750	2,780	5.1	2,710	4.8	5.4
Osaka-5	GLP Rokko	Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019	6,020	6,070	5.1	5,960	4.7	5.4
Osaka-6	GLP Amagasaki	Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019	29,500	29,900	4.3	29,000	4.1	4.5
Osaka-7	GLP Amagasaki II	Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019	2,340	2,370	5.0	2,300	4.6	5.4
Osaka-8	GLP Nara	JLL Morii Valuation &	February 28, 2019	3,000	3,030	5.4	2,960	5.2	5.6
Osaka-9	GLP Nara GLP Sakai	Advisory K.K. Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019	2,260	2,260	5.1	2,250	4.7	5.3
Osaka-10	GLP Rokko II	*	•		4,410	4.8	4,320	1y-2y 4.8	5.0
Osaka-10	GLP Kokko II GLP Kadoma	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019 February 28, 2019	4,350 3,250	3,260	4.8	3,240	3y-10y 5.0 4.3	4.8
		1	•	·					
Osaka-12	GLP Seishin	Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019	1,640	1,660	5.1	1,620	4.8	5.4
Osaka-13	GLP Fukusaki	Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019	4,480	4,530	5.1	4,430	4.7	5.4
Osaka-14	GLP Kobe-Nishi	Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019	7,620	7,670	4.7	7,570	4.7	5.1
Osaka-15	GLP Fukaehama	Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019	4,910	4,990	4.8	4,830	4.5	5.0
Osaka-16	GLP Maishima I	Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019	19,400	19,600	4.4	19,100	4.2	4.6
Osaka-17	GLP Osaka	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	February 28, 2019	36,200	37,700	4.0	35,500	3.8	4.2
Osaka-18	GLP Settsu	Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019	7,650	7,770	4.8	7,530	4.6	5.0
Osaka-19	GLP Nishinomiya	Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019	2,820	2,850	5.3	2,780	4.7	5.1
Osaka-20	GLP Shiga	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	February 28, 2019	4,740	4,820	4.8	4,660	4.6	5.0
Osaka-21	GLP Neyagawa	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	February 28, 2019	8,360	8,550	4.2	8,170	4.0	4.4
Other-1	GLP Morioka	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	870	894	6.3	860	6.1	6.5
Other-2	GLP Tomiya	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	3,670	3,700	5.1	3,650	5.0	5.3
Other-3	GLP Koriyama I	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	4,590	4,620	5.4	4,570	1y-3y 5.1 4y-5y 5.2 6y-10y 5.3	5.6
Other-4	GLP Koriyama III	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	2,770	2,810	5.4	2,750	1y-2y 5.1 3y-6y 5.2 7y-10y 5.3	5.6
Other-5	GLP Tokai	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	February 28, 2019	7,930	8,070	4.4	7,780	4.2	4.6
Other-6	GLP Hayashima	Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019	1,360	1,370	5.7	1,340	5.5	5.9
Other-7	GLP Hayashima II	Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019	2,880	2,900	5.2	2,860	4.9	5.4
Other-8	GLP Kiyama	Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019	6,020	6,100	4.9	5,940	4.4	5.3
Other-10	GLP Sendai	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	6,940	7,010	4.9	6,910	1y-3y 4.6	5.1
Other-11	GLP Ebetsu	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	February 28, 2019	2,220	2,250	5.2	2,180	4y-10y 4.8 5.0	5.4
Other-12	GLP Kuwana	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	4,300	4,360	5.4	4,280	1y-3y 5.4	5.6
		- **			•			4y-10y 5.6	

						I	ndicated value	e	
Property number	Name of property	Appraiser Date of valuation (M	Date of valuation	Appraisal value (Million yen)	Direct Capit metho		Discount Cash Flow method		
number			(Note 1)	Value (Million yen)	Cap rate (%)	Value (Million yen)	Discount rate (%)	Yield (%)	
Other-13	GLP Hatsukaichi	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	2,360	2,370	5.4	2,360	1y-4y 5.4 5y-10y 5.6	5.6
Other-14	GLP Komaki	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	February 28, 2019	13,700	13,900	4.3	13,400	4.1	4.5
Other-15	GLP Ogimachi	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	1,650	1,670	5.8	1,640	1y 5.3 2y-10y 5.5	5.8
Other-16	GLP Hiroshima	Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019	4,200	4,220	5.5	4,180	5.1	5.6
Other-17	GLP Fukuoka	Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019	1,910	1,930	5.1	1,880	4.7	5.5
Other-19	GLP Tosu I	Japan Real Estate Institute	February 28, 2019	11,100	11,300	4.6	10,900	4.2	5.0
Other-20	GLP Tomiya IV	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	February 28, 2019	6,500	6,600	5.0	6,390	4.8	5.2
Other-21	GLP Soja I	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	13,100	13,200	5.0	13,000	1y 4.9 2y 5.0 3y- 5.1	5.2
Other-22	GLP Soja II	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	13,000	13,300	5.0	12,800	1y 4.9 2y-3y 5.0 4y- 5.1	5.2
Other-23	GLP Fujimae	Tanizawa Sogo Appraisal	February 28, 2019	2,040	2,190	4.7	2,140	1y-3y 4.7 4y-10y 4.8	4.9

⁽Note 1) "Appraisal value" represents the appraisal value or research price as set forth on the relevant review reports by real estate appraisers as of the balance sheet date in accordance with the policy prescribed in the Articles of Incorporation of GLP J-REIT and the rules of the Investment Trusts Association, Japan.

⁽Note 2) "Appraisal value" of GLP-MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama as of the end of the period is the value based on 50% of the joint co-ownership ratio. "Indicated value" is computed by multiplying 50% of the joint co-ownership ratio.

Summary of Engineering Reviews and Seismic Risk Assessment

Property number	Name of property	Engineering due diligence company	Date of report	Emergency repair and maintenance costs (Thousand yen) (Notes 1 and 2)	Mid- to Long-term repair and maintenance costs (Thousand yen) (Notes 1 and 3)	PML (%) (Note 4)
Tokyo-1	GLP Tokyo			_	446,000	8.5
Tokyo-2	GLP Higashi-Ogishima	1		_	337,520	11.3
Tokyo-3	GLP Akishima (Note 5)	-			206,370	11.6
	` ′	-				
Tokyo-4	GLP Tomisato	-			90,060	8.4
Tokyo-5	GLP Narashino II	_			1,117,350	11.4
Tokyo-6	GLP Funabashi				167,750	14.0
Tokyo-7	GLP Kazo	_	August 31, 2017		392,050	12.9
Tokyo-8	GLP Fukaya				307,300	5.1
Tokyo-9	GLP Sugito II	1			406,640	9.2
Tokyo-10	GLP Iwatsuki	Deloitte Tohmatsu			71,950	14.8
Tokyo-11	GLP Kasukabe	Property Risk		<u> </u>	167,980	14.9
Tokyo-12	GLP Koshigaya II	Solution Co., Ltd		_	139,890	8.7
Tokyo-13	GLP Misato II (Note 5)			_	168,620	11.7
Tokyo-14	GLP Tatsumi	_		_	54,520	14.9
Tokyo-15	GLP Hamura				61,540	12.2
Tokyo-16	GLP Funabashi III		August 31 2018		127,980	11.2
Tokyo-17	GLP Sodegaura				63,000	9.2
Tokyo-18	GLP Urayasu III			_	296,600	10.1
Tokyo-19	GLP Tatsumi IIa		March 20, 2014	_	86,120	14.0
Tokyo-21	GLP Tokyo II (Note 5)		July 25, 2014	_	357,870	1.7
Tokyo-22	GLP Okegawa		July 23, 2014	_	209,530	14.8
Tokyo-23	GLP Shinkiba				243,980	14.9
Tokyo-24	GLP Narashino		July 27, 2015		230,950	11.4
Tokyo-26	GLP Sugito (Note 5)			_	276,775	9.3
Tokyo-27	GLP Matsudo	Tokio Marine &	December 14, 2015	1	142,870	10.9
Tokyo-28	GLP-MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama (Note 6)	Nichido Risk Consulting Co., Ltd.	April 12, 2016	1	220,644	1.7
Tokyo-29	GLP Atsugi II	Consuming Co., Ltd.	August 2, 2016	1	180,143	1.4
Tokyo-30	GLP Yoshimi		August 3, 2016		142,536	8.8
Tokyo-31	GLP Noda-Yoshiharu	Deloitte Tohmatsu Property Risk Solution Co., Ltd	July 1, 2015	_	62,226	11.8
Tokyo-32	GLP Urayasu				82,849	14.3
Tokyo-33	GLP Funabashi II	Tokio Marine &	August 18, 2017		262,847	14.7
Tokyo-34	GLP Misato	Nichido Risk		1	211,734	12.9
Tokyo-35	GLP Shinsuna	Consulting Co., Ltd.	I1 20, 2010	_	298,639	12.5
Tokyo-36	GLP Shonan		July 30, 2018	_	142,715	8.3
Osaka-1	GLP Hirakata			_	376,400	9.3
Osaka-2	GLP Hirakata II				236,350	14.6
Osaka-3	GLP Maishima II (Note 5)			_	271,900	10.5
Osaka-4	GLP Tsumori			_	143,330	16.6
Osaka-5	GLP Rokko		August 31, 2017	_	406,840	12.6
Osaka-6	GLP Amagasaki (Note 5)	Deloitte Tohmatsu		_	204,430	12.9
Osaka-7	GLP Amagasaki II	Property Risk			136,600	10.8
Osaka-8	GLP Nara	Solution Co., Ltd			146,790	26.1
Osaka-9	GLP Sakai	1		_	39,800	12.9
Osaka-10	GLP Rokko II	1	August 30, 2018		353,530	8.4
Osaka-11	GLP Kadoma	1		_	114,160	16.9
Osaka-12	GLP Seishin	1	July 25, 2014	_	186,900	11.1
Osaka-13	GLP Fukusaki (Note 5)	1		_	160,500	6.6
Osaka-14	GLP Kobe-Nishi	1	January 28, 2015	_	57,340	6.2

Property number	Name of property	Engineering due diligence company	Date of report	Emergency repair and maintenance costs (Thousand yen) (Notes 1 and 2)	Mid- to Long-term repair and maintenance costs (Thousand yen) (Notes 1 and 3)	PML (%) (Note 4)		
Osaka-15	GLP Fukaehama (Note 5)		August 3, 2016	_	219,979	12.8		
Osaka-16	GLP Maishima I		August 18, 2017	_	407,302	2.4		
Osaka-17	GLP Osaka	Tokio Marine &	_	_	459,059	1.5		
Osaka-18	GLP Settsu	Nichido Risk		_	413,785	22.6		
Osaka-19	GLP Nishinomiya	Consulting Co., Ltd.	July 30, 2018	_	227,195	13.5		
Osaka-20	GLP Shiga		-	_	215,421	11.1		
Osaka-21	GLP Neyagawa			_	63,718	12.0		
Other-1	GLP Morioka			_	52,660	13.5		
Other-2	GLP Tomiya (Note 5)			_	84,040	12.4		
Other-3	GLP Koriyama I			_	56,400	9.4		
Other-4	GLP Koriyama III			_	315,200	8.9		
Other-5	GLP Tokai		August 31, 2017	_	151,530	14.9		
Other-6	GLP Hayashima			_	144,200	8.7		
Other-7	GLP Hayashima II	Deloitte Tohmatsu		_	51,550	6.6		
Other-8	GLP Kiyama (Note 5)	Property Risk		_	233,920	8.0		
Other-10	GLP Sendai	Solution Co., Ltd		_	134,980	10.8		
Other-11	GLP Ebetsu			_	74,540	9.4		
Other-12	GLP Kuwana		August 31 2018	_	126,470	10.5		
Other-13	GLP Hatsukaichi		August 31 2016	_	83,530	9.5		
Other-14	GLP Komaki			_	227,250	5.8		
Other-15	GLP Ogimachi			_	110,170	16.3		
Other-16	GLP Hiroshima		July 25, 2014	_	198,660	8.3		
Other-17	GLP Fukuoka			_	134,110	8.5		
Other-19	GLP Tosu I (Note 5)		July 27, 2015	_	187,234	10.0		
Other-20	GLP Tomiya IV	Tokio Marine &	August 3, 2016	_	233,500	12.8		
Other-21	GLP Soja I	Nichido Risk	15 2010	_	161,102	1.5		
Other-22	GLP Soja II	Consulting Co., Ltd.	January 15, 2018	_	161,224	1.5		
Other-23	GLP Fujimae]	July 30, 2018	_	143,851	13.9		
Portfolio PML (Note 4)								

⁽Note 1) Each of "Emergency repair and maintenance costs" and "Mid- to Long-term repair and maintenance costs" is based on "Engineering Due Diligence Report."

- (Note 2) "Emergency repair and maintenance costs" represents the repair costs deemed to be required within one year from the date of the report.
- (Note 3) "Mid- to Long-term repair and maintenance costs" represents the repair costs deemed to be required within 12 years from the date of the report.
- (Note 4) Probable Maximum Loss ("PML") by each portfolio and PML of the entire portfolio are based on the "Portfolio Seismic Risk Assessment Review" dated on August 18, 2017 and rounded to the first decimal place.
- (Note 5) The amounts include repair and maintenance expenses reported in "Engineering Due Diligence Report (Solar Panels)" on January 15, 2018.
- (Note 6) GLP-MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama is a property under joint co-ownership which GLP J-REIT holds 50% beneficiary right of real estate in trust. "Emergency repair and maintenance expenses" and "Mid-to-Long term repair and maintenance expenses" stated above are computed by multiplying 50% of the joint co-ownership ratio.

Information on Major Properties — None

Information on Major Tenants

There is no major tenant that occupies 10% or more of the total leased area of GLP J-REIT's entire property portfolio.

Short-Term and Long-Term Loans Payable

-	Category	Balance at beginning of the period	Increase	Decrease (Thousand yen)	Balance at end of the	Average rate	Repayment date	Use	Remarks
	Name of financial institution	(Thousand yen)	` ,	` ,	period (Thousand yen)	(Note 2)	(Note 3)		
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	284,938	_	284,938	_				
္ထ	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	307,716	=	307,716	_				
hor	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	66,436	_	66,436	_				Unsecured not guaranteed Unsecured not guaranteed
Short-term loans payable	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch	78,880	_	78,880	_			(Note 9)	
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	49,774	_	49,774	_		Colomogra		Unsecure
oans	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	72,763	_	72,763	_	0.21%	February 28, 2019	(Note 8)	
pa	The Norinchukin Bank	106,087	_	106,087	_				guarantee
vab.	Resona Bank, Limited	33,323	_	33,323	_				
<u>e</u>	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	130,974	_	130,974	_				
-	Shinsei Bank, Limited	14,552	_	14,552	_				
-	The 77 Bank, Ltd.	14,552	=	14,552	_				
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	_	4,800,000	4,320,000	480,000	0.21%	September 2, 2019 (Note 5)	(Note 9)	not guarantee
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	ĺ	3,200,000	2,880,000	320,000	0.21%	September 2, 2019 (Note 6)	(Note 9)	not
	Subtotal	1,160,000	8,000,000	8,360,000	800,000				
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	5,000,000	_	_	5,000,000	-			
_	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	6,400,000	_	_	6,400,000				Unsecure
<u>[</u>	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	4,000,000	=	-	4,000,000	1.41% (Note 4)	January 4, 2020	(Note 9)	
g-te	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	900,000	=	-	900,000	(14016 4)	2020		guarantee
ř	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	4,500,000	_	_	4,500,000				
Long-term loans pavable	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	3,250,000	_	_	3,250,000	1.03%	January 31, 2020	(Note 9)	not
avable	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	3,250,000	_	_	3,250,000	1.30% (Note 4)	February 1, 2021	(Note 9)	Unsecured not
ł	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	3,720,000	=	3,720,000	_	_			
ŀ	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	3,730,000	-	3,730,000	_			21 . 0	
ŀ	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	2,550,000	_	2,550,000	_				
ŀ	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch	700,000	-	700,000	_	0.76%	February		
ŀ	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	700,000	_	700,000	_	(Note 4)	28, 2019	(Note 9)	
ŀ	The Norinchukin Bank	450,000	_	450,000	_				8
-	Resona Bank, Limited	450,000	_	450,000	_				
-	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	2,000,000	_	_	2,000,000				
ŀ	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	2,400,000	_	_	2,400,000	1.09%	February	a	
ŀ	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	1,250,000	_	_	1,250,000	(Note 4)	26, 2021	(Note 9)	
-	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	450,000	_	_	450,000				guarantee
ŀ	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	1,470,000	_	_	1,470,000				T.T
ŀ	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	1,170,000	_	_	1,170,000	1.56%	February	(Note 9)	
-	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	500,000	_	_	500,000	(Note 4)	29, 2024	()	
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	3,800,000	_	_	3,800,000	0.92%	February 26, 2021	(Note 8)	not
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	500,000	_	_	500,000	1.48%	June 30,		
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	500,000	_	_	500,000	(Note 4)	2026	(Note 8)	
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	3,890,000		_	3,890,000	•	1		guarantee
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	4,440,000	=	_	4,440,000]			
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	2,830,000	_	_	2,830,000				
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	610,000	_	_	610,000	0.060/	Conton-1-		Unsecure
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	650,000	_	_	650,000	0.86% (Note 4)	September 2, 2022	(Note 9)	not
	The Norinchukin Bank	350,000		_	350,000	00	,		guarantee
		270,000		_	270,000				
ŀ	Resona Bank, Limited					╡			
	Cumitomo Mitori Terret Dania I in 'c 1	560 000	_						
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	560,000 1,530,000			560,000 1,530,000	1.85%	September		Unsecure

	Category Name of financial institution	Balance at beginning of the period	Increase (Thousand yen)	Decrease (Thousand yen)	Balance at end of the period	Average rate	Repayment date	Use	Remarks
		(Thousand yen) 1,250,000		1,250,000	(Thousand yen)	(Note 2)	(Note 3)		Unsecured
-	Development Bank of Japan Inc. Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	1,250,000		1,250,000		0.31%	December 20, 2018	(Note 8)	not guaranteed
_	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	800,000	_	800,000	_	0.29%	February 28, 2019	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed
Long-term loans payable	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	2,700,000	_	_	2,700,000	0.52% (Note 4)	April 30, 2021	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed
ns payat	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	700,000	_	_	700,000	0.52% (Note 4)	April 30, 2021	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed
	The Norinchukin Bank	400,000	_	_	400,000	0.52% (Note 4)	April 30, 2021	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	2,922,000	_	_	2,922,000				
_1	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	3,028,000	_	_	3,028,000				
L	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	1,640,000	ı	_	1,640,000				
Ľ	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch	320,000		_	320,000				
Ľ	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	480,000	_	_	480,000	0.61%	February		Unsecured
Ľ	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	320,000	_	_	320,000	(Note 4)	28, 2022	(Note 9)	not guaranteed
<u> </u>	The Norinchukin Bank	320,000	_	_	320,000				guaranteed
Ľ	Resona Bank, Limited	320,000	_	_	320,000				
-	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	440,000	_	_	440,000				
Ľ	Shinsei Bank, Limited	130,000	_	_	130,000				
Ľ	The 77 Bank, Ltd.	130,000	_	_	130,000				
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	1,300,000	_	_	1,300,000	0.96% (Note 4)	September 1, 2025	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed
L!	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	3,000,000	ı	3,000,000	_	(0.01)0/	Echmiomi		Unsecured
Ľ	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch	500,000		500,000	_	(0.01)% (Note 4)	February 28, 2019	(Note 8)	not
Ľ	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	1,800,000	_	1,800,000	_				guaranteed
Ľ	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	1,400,000	_	_	1,400,000	0.35%	February	(Note 8)	Unsecured not
Ľ	The Norinchukin Bank	1,400,000	_	_	1,400,000	(Note 4)	26, 2021	(= := = =)	guaranteed
_!	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	1,900,000	_	_	1,900,000	0.61%	February	(Note 8)	Unsecured not
_!	Resona Bank, Limited	1,400,000			1,400,000	(Note 4)	29, 2024	(11010 0)	guaranteed
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	1,500,000	_	_	1,500,000	0.93% (Note 4)	February 27, 2026	(Note 8)	Unsecured not guaranteed
Į.	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	5,600,000	_	_	5,600,000	1.22%	December	(Note 8)	Unsecured not
Ŀ	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	5,100,000	l	_	5,100,000	(Note 4)	21, 2026	(11010-0)	guaranteed
Į.	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	500,000	_	_	500,000	1.31%	December	(Note 8)	Unsecured
1	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	400,000	_	_	400,000	(Note 4)	20, 2027	(Note 8)	not guaranteed
;	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	600,000		-	600,000	1.57%	December	(Note 8)	Unsecured
7	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	400,000	_	_	400,000	(Note 4)	20, 2028	(Note 8)	not guaranteed
í	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	980,000	_	_	980,000	0.42% (Note 4)	January 14, 2022	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed
,	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	850,000	_	_	850,000	0.42%	January 14, 2022	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed
,	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	610,000	_	_	610,000	0.42% (Note 4)	January 14, 2022	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed
,	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	3,780,000	_	_	3,780,000	0.29%	September 1, 2023	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	4,100,000	ĺ		4,100,000	0.32%	September 1, 2024	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed
,	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	530,000	_	_	530,000				
-	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	510,000	_	_	510,000				Unsecured
H	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch	310,000	_	_	310,000	0.24%	September	(Notes	not
-	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	290,000	_	=	290,000		2, 2019	8 and 9)	guaranteed
Ι,			ii		, · · ·				

Long-term loans		the period (Thousand yen)	Increase (Thousand yen)	Decrease (Thousand yen)	end of the period (Thousand yen)	Average rate (Note 2)	Repayment date (Note 3)	Use	Remarks
N	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	1,250,000	_	_	1,250,000				
Long-term loans pav	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	1,570,000	_	_	1,570,000		September	(Notes	Unsecured
T S N N	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch	270,000		_	270,000	0.26%	1, 2020	8 and 9)	not guaranteed
erm loans pav	The 77 Bank, Ltd.	60,000	_	_	60,000				guaranteeu
loans pav	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	790,000		_	790,000				
ns pav	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	2,000,000		_	2,000,000				
2 <u>v</u>	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	1,280,000		_	1,280,000				
욕 (780,000		_	780,000				
	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch		_		500,000				
_	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	500,000		_	,				Unsecured
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	230,000			230,000	0.44%	March 1, 2024	(Notes 8 and 9)	not
-	The Norinchukin Bank	1,060,000	_	_	1,060,000		2024	o and))	guaranteed
	Resona Bank, Limited	490,000	Ī	_	490,000				
A	Aozora Bank, Ltd.	180,000	_	_	180,000				
S	Shinsei Bank, Limited	180,000	-	_	180,000				
S	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	480,000		_	480,000				
T	The 77 Bank, Ltd.	180,000		_	180,000				
S	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	2,170,000	ı	_	2,170,000				
N	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	2,310,000	_	_	2,310,000				
N	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	1,110,000	=	_	1,110,000				
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	740,000		_	740,000				
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	550,000	_	_	550,000	0.57%	March 3,	(Notes	Unsecured not
_	Resona Bank, Limited	650,000		_	650,000	0.5770	2025	8 and 9)	guaranteed
	•	370,000	_	_	370,000				
	Aozora Bank, Ltd.		_	_					
_	Shinsei Bank, Limited	370,000		_	370,000				
S	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	920,000	_	_	920,000				Umanayanad
M	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	1,150,000	_	_	1,150,000	0.25%	December 21, 2020	(Note 8)	Unsecured not guaranteed
Т	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	500,000	_	_	500,000	0.53%	December 20, 2022	(Note 8)	Unsecured not guaranteed
S	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	1,150,000	_	_	1,150,000	0.56%	December 20, 2023	(Note 8)	Unsecured not guaranteed
S	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	5,700,000		_	5,700,000	0.79%	September 1, 2025	(Note 8)	Unsecured not guaranteed
S	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	870,000		_	870,000	0.46%	September 1, 2023	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed
N	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	580,000		_	580,000	0.46%	September 1, 2023	(Note 9)	Unsecured not guaranteed
N	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	1,500,000	_	_	1,500,000				
N	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	800,000	_	_	800,000				Unsecured
C	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch	1,800,000	_	_	1,800,000	0.19%	December 21, 2020	(Note 8)	not
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	1,800,000	_	_	1,800,000		21, 2020		guaranteed
	The Norinchukin Bank	1,300,000	_	_	1,300,000				
_	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	5,100,000	_	_	5,100,000				T.T., *
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	3,600,000		_	3,600,000	0.28%	December	(Note 8)	Unsecured not
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	500,000	_	_	500,000	(Note 4)	20, 2021		guaranteed
	Resona Bank, Limited	1,300,000	_	_	1,300,000	0.48% (Note 4)	December 22, 2025	(Note 8)	Unsecured not guaranteed
S	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	2,300,000	_	_	2,300,000				
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	2,300,000	_	_	2,300,000	0.60%	October 30,	(Note 8)	Unsecured not
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	2,000,000		_	2,000,000	(Note 4)	2026		guaranteed

	Category	Balance at		D	Balance at	Average	Repayment		
	Name of financial institution	beginning of the period	Increase (Thousand yen)	Decrease (Thousand yen)	end of the period	rate	date (Note 3)	Use	Remarks
		(Thousand yen)			(Thousand yen)	(Note 2)	(Note 3)		
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	540,000	_	_	540,000				
L	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	700,000	_	_	700,000				
Long-term loans payable	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	930,000	_	_	930,000				Umaaaaaad
-tern	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch	140,000	_	=	140,000	0.29% (Note 4)	September 1, 2021	(Notes 8 and 9)	Unsecured not
n lo	The Norinchukin Bank	190,000	_	_	190,000	(Note 4)	1, 2021	and 9)	guaranteed
ans	Resona Bank, Limited	130,000	=	=	130,000				
paya	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	340,000	_	_	340,000				
able	Shinsei Bank, Limited	200,000	_	_	200,000				
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	2,850,000	_	_	2,850,000				
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	2,600,000	_	_	2,600,000				
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	1,900,000	=	=	1,900,000				
	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch	470,000	_	_	470,000	0.34%	Echanicani	(Notes 9	Unsecured
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	580,000	_	_	580,000	(Note 4)	February 28, 2023	(Notes 8 and 9)	not
	The Norinchukin Bank	530,000	_	_	530,000				guaranteed
	Resona Bank, Limited	260,000	_	_	260,000				
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	440,000	=	=	440,000				
	Shinsei Bank, Limited	500,000	_	_	500,000				
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	1,900,000	_	_	1,900,000				
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	1,900,000	_	_	1,900,000				
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	1,140,000	=	=	1,140,000				
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	270,000	=	=	270,000	0.38%	February	(Notes 8	Unsecured
	The Norinchukin Bank	220,000	=	=	220,000	(Note 4)	29, 2024	and 9)	not guaranteed
	Resona Bank, Limited	60,000	-	_	60,000				
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	220,000	_	_	220,000				
	Shinsei Bank, Limited	290,000	_	_	290,000				
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	1,130,000	_	_	1,130,000				
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	830,000	_	_	830,000	0.50%	February	(Notes 8	Unsecured
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	820,000	_	_	820,000	(Note 4)	27, 2026	and 9)	not guaranteed
	Resona Bank, Limited	390,000	=	=	390,000				<i>G</i>
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	1,420,000	=	=	1,420,000				T.T. 1
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	1,110,000	=	=	1,110,000	0.71% (Note 4)	February 29, 2028	(Notes 8 and 9)	Unsecured not
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	630,000	=	=	630,000	(Note 4)	29, 2026	and 9)	guaranteed
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	_	1,690,000	_	1,690,000				
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	_	1,280,000	_	1,280,000				
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		2,530,000	_	2,530,000				
	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch		1,200,000	_	1,200,000	0.36%	September		Unsecured
	The Norinchukin Bank		980,000	_	980,000	(Note 4)	2, 2022	(Note 9)	not guaranteed
	Resona Bank, Limited	_	120,000	_	120,000				guaranteed
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	_	940,000	_	940,000				
	Shinsei Bank, Limited		1,230,000	_	1,230,000				
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	_	4,920,000	_	4,920,000				
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.		4,770,000	_	4,770,000				
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	_	2,610,000	_	2,610,000				
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	_	530,000	_	530,000	0.45%	September	(Note 9)	Unsecured not
	The Norinchukin Bank	_	600,000	_	600,000	(Note 4)	1, 2024	(11016 9)	guaranteed
			540,000		540,000				
	Resona Bank, Limited			_	·				
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	_	540,000	_	540,000 3 160,000		-		
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	_	3,160,000	_	3,160,000				
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	_	2,840,000	_	2,840,000	0.70%	September	(NI-4 O)	Unsecured
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	_	1,770,000	_	1,770,000	(Note 4)	2, 2027	(Note 9)	not guaranteed
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	_	530,000	_	530,000				5
	Resona Bank, Limited	_	540,000	_	540,000		<u> </u>		

	Category Name of financial institution	Balance at beginning of the period (Thousand yen)	Increase (Thousand yen)	Decrease (Thousand yen)	Balance at end of the period (Thousand yen)	Average rate (Note 2)	Repayment date (Note 3)	Use	Remarks	
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	_	1,250,000	_	1,250,000	0.31% (Note 4)	December 20, 2023	(Note 8)	Unsecured not guaranteed	
Long-term loans payable	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited		1,250,000	ĺ	1,250,000	0.31% (Note 4)	December 20, 2023	(Note 8)	Unsecured not guaranteed	
rm loan	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	_	3,600,000	_	3,600,000	0.21%	February 28, 2020	(Note 10)	Unsecured not guaranteed	
s payab	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	_	2,400,000	_	2,400,000	0.21%	February 28, 2020	(Note 10)	Unsecured not guaranteed	
le	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	_	557,000	_	557,000					
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	_	703,000	_	703,000					
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	_	1,125,000	ı	1,125,000					
	Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch	_	1,091,000	ı	1,091,000					
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	_	639,000		639,000	0.21%	February	(Note 8)	Unsecured not	
	The Norinchukin Bank		139,000	ı	139,000	(Note 4)	28, 2022	(Note 8)	guaranteed	
	Resona Bank, Limited	-	100,500	1	100,500					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	-	131,000	1	131,000					
	Shinsei Bank, Limited	_	14,500	-	14,500					
	The Gunma Bank, Ltd.	_	500,000	-	500,000					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	_	350,000	-	350,000					
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	_	1,034,000	-	1,034,000					
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	_	2,007,000		2,007,000					
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	_	1,223,000		1,223,000	0.37%	February	(Nata 9)	Unsecured not	
	Development Bank of Japan Inc.	_	73,000		73,000	(Note 4)	27, 2026	(Note 8)	guaranteed	
	The Norinchukin Bank	_	296,000		296,000					
	Resona Bank, Limited	_	262,500	-	262,500					
	Shinsei Bank, Limited	_	14,500	_	14,500					
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	_	2,100,000		2,100,000				Unsecured	
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	_	2,100,000		2,100,000	0.63% (Note 4)	0.63% February (Note 4) 28, 2029		not	
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	_	1,800,000	_	1,800,000	(2.000 1)	20, 2029		guaranteed	
	Subtotal	206,520,000	58,080,000	20,900,000	243,700,000					
	Total	207,680,000	66,080,000	29,260,000	244,500,000					

- (Note 1) "Long term loans payable" include the current portion of long term loans payable as of each period end.
- (Note 2) "Average rate" represents the weighted average interest rate during the fiscal period and is rounded to the second decimal place.
- When the repayment date falls on a day other than a business day, it shall be the next business day. (Note 3)
- (Note 4) GLP J-REIT uses interest rate swaps to hedge the interest rate risk exposure. The rate stated above is the effective rate of interest after interest rate swaps.
- (Note 5) GLP J-REIT borrowed 4,800 million yen on September 3, 2018 and made repayments of 1,140 million yen on September 28, 2018 and 3,180 million yen on December 20, 2018 before respective contractual repayment date.
- GLP J-REIT borrowed 3,200 million yen on September 3, 2018 and made repayments of 760 million yen on September 28, 2018 and 2,120 (Note 6) million yen on December 20, 2018 before respective contractual repayment date.
- (Note 7) Of outstanding loan balance of 12,300 million yen at beginning of the period, 3,300 million yen was repaid on December 11, 2018 before its contractual repayment date.
- (Note 8) The fund was used to make repayments of bank borrowings.
- (Note 9) The fund was used to acquire properties or beneficiary rights of real estate in trust.
- (Note 10) The fund was used to redeem the investment corporation bonds.
- (Note 11) The repayment schedule for long-term loans payable excluding the current portion within five years after the balance sheet date is as follows:

(Unit: Thousand yen)

	Due within one year	Due after one to two years	Due after two to three years	Due after three to four years	Due after four to five years
Long-term loans payable	31,990,000	27,450,000	33,660,000	34,200,000	21,320,000

Investment Corporation Bonds

(Unit: Thousand yen)

							<u> </u>	, , , ,
Description	Issued date	Balance at beginning of	Decrease during the	Balance at end of	Interest rate	Maturity date	Use	Collateral
CLDIDEET	E-1	the period	period	the period	(Note 1)	E-h 27		11
GLP J-REIT 1st Unsecured Bond	February 27, 2014	6,000,000	6,000,000	_	0.47%	February 27, 2019	(Note 2)	Unsecured (Notes 3, 4)
GLP J-REIT 2nd Unsecured Bond	July 30, 2014	2,000,000	_	2,000,000	0.98%	July 30, 2024	(Note 2)	Unsecured (Notes 3, 4)
GLP J-REIT 3rd Unsecured Bonds	December 26, 2014	4,500,000	_	4,500,000	0.51%	December 25, 2020	(Note 2)	Unsecured (Notes 3, 4)
GLP J-REIT 4th Unsecured Bonds	December 26, 2014	1,500,000	_	1,500,000	0.68%	December 26, 2022	(Note 2)	Unsecured (Notes 3, 4)
GLP J-REIT 5th Unsecured Bonds	December 26, 2014	3,000,000	_	3,000,000	1.17%	December 25, 2026	(Note 2)	Unsecured (Notes 3, 4)
GLP J-REIT 6th Unsecured Bonds	June 30, 2015	1,500,000		1,500,000	0.89%	June 30, 2025	(Note 2)	Unsecured (Notes 3, 4)
GLP J-REIT 7th Unsecured Bonds	November 28, 2016	6,900,000		6,900,000	0.01%	November 28, 2019	(Note 2)	Unsecured (Notes 3, 4)
GLP J-REIT 8th Unsecured Bonds	November 28, 2016	1,100,000		1,100,000	0.45%	November 27, 2026	(Note 2)	Unsecured (Notes 3, 4)
GLP J-REIT 9th Unsecured Bonds	February 27, 2017	1,000,000	_	1,000,000	0.47%	February 26, 2027	(Note 2)	Unsecured (Notes 3, 4)
GLP J-REIT 10th Unsecured Bonds	July 9, 2018	2,000,000		2,000,000	0.23%	July 7, 2023	(Note 2)	Unsecured (Notes 3, 4)
GLP J-REIT 11th Unsecured Bonds	July 9, 2018	1,000,000	J	1,000,000	0.56%	July 7, 2028	(Note 2)	Unsecured (Notes 3, 4)
GLP J-REIT 12th Unsecured Bonds (Green Bonds)	December 20, 2018	_	_	5,100,000	0.68%	December 20, 2028	(Note 2)	Unsecured (Notes 3, 4)
Total		30,500,000	6,000,000	29,600,000				

⁽Note 1) The interest rate is rounded to the second decimal place.

(Note 4) The redemption schedule for investment corporation bonds within five years after the balance sheet date is as follows:

(Unit: Thousand yen)

	Within one year	Due after one to two years	Due after two to three years	Due after three to four years	Due after four to five years
Investment corporation bonds	6,900,000	4,500,000	_	1,500,000	2,000,000

⁽Note 2) The fund was used to repay bank borrowings.

⁽Note 3) The bond is subject to the special pari passu clause among specified investment corporation bonds.

Property and Equipment

(Unit: Thousand yen)

								(
	Class of assets	Balance at beginning of the period	Increase	Decrease	Balance at end of the period	Accumulated	Depreciation for the period	Net book value	Note
	Vehicles	1,016	ı		1,016	635	127	381	
	Buildings in trust	224,866,071	27,338,775	_	252,204,846	29,355,567	3,587,515	222,849,278	(Note)
Pro	Structures in trust	5,790,599	411,125	_	6,201,724	1,741,238	184,301	4,460,486	(Note)
Property	Machinery and equipment in trust	57,507	365	_	57,873	51,431	3,090	6,442	(Note)
and eq	Tools, furniture and fixtures in trust	249,272	17,572	_	266,845	122,835	13,063	144,009	(Note)
equipment	Land in trust	302,746,622	58,493,364	_	361,239,986	_	_	361,239,986	(Note)
nent	Construction in progress	23,484		23,484	_	_	_		
	Subtotal	533,734,574	86,261,203	23,484	619,972,292	31,271,708	3,788,098	588,700,584	
	Total	533,734,574	86,261,203	23,484	619,972,292	31,271,708	3,788,098	588,700,584	

"Increase" was primarily due to acquisition of eight properties (GLP Shinsuna, GLP Shonan, GLP Osaka, GLP Settsu, GLP Nishinomiya, GLP (Note) Shiga, GLP Neyagawa and GLP Fujimae) in the amount of 85,285,354 thousand yen.

Information on Other Specified Assets — None



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of GLP J-REIT:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of GLP J-REIT (a Japanese Real Estate Investment Trust), which comprise the balance sheets as at February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018, and the statements of income and retained earnings, statements of changes in net assets and statements of cash flows for the sixmonth periods ended February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018 and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, while the objective of the financial statement audit is not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of GLP J-REIT as at February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018, and their financial performance and cash flows for the six-month periods ended February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018 in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 16 to the financial statements that describes the sale of beneficiary right of real estate in trust. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

KPMG AZSA LLC

May 30, 2019 Tokyo, Japan

GLP J-REIT Balance Sheets As of February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018

Thousands of yen As of February 28, 2019 August 31, 2018 Assets Current assets: ¥ 15,577,887 Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) ¥ 16,497,172 1,909,626 Operating accounts receivable 1,770,717 Prepaid expenses 546,037 442,635 Consumption taxes receivable 1,146,043 2,985,941 Other current assets 2,293 2,301 Total current assets 20,101,172 20,779,483 Property and equipment, net (Note 5): Vehicles 1,016 1,016 Land in trust 361,239,986 302,746,622 Buildings in trust 252,204,846 224,866,071 Structures in trust 6,201,724 5,790,599 57,873 57,507 Machinery and equipment in trust Tools, furniture and fixtures in trust 266,845 249,272 Construction in progress 23,484 619,972,292 533,734,574 (31,271,708)Accumulated depreciation (27,483,609)588,700,584 506,250,964 Total property and equipment, net Investments and other assets: Investment securities 1,600 1.600 Long-term prepaid expenses 1,781,707 1,365,906 Deferred tax assets (Note 11) **62** Security deposit 10,000 10,000 157,006 Investment unit issuance expenses 111,283 Investment corporation bond issuance costs 108,168 94,322 1,400 Other 1,400 2,059,945 Total investments and other assets 1,584,512

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Total Assets

¥ 528,614,960

¥610,861,701

	Thousands	of yen
	As of	£ .
	February 28, 2019	August 31, 2018
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Operating accounts payable	¥ 218,617	¥ 342,177
Short-term loans payable (Notes 3 and 9)	800,000	1,160,000
Current portion of investment corporation bonds (Notes 3 and 10)	6,900,000	6,000,000
Current portion of long-term loans payable (Notes 3, 4 and 9)	31,990,000	20,900,000
Accounts payable	2,452,715	2,167,737
Accrued expenses	78,233	60,560
Income taxes payable	1,706	605
Advances received	3,160,598	2,799,913
Deposits received	_	143,855
Current portion of tenant leasehold and security deposits	43,687	19,134
Total current liabilities	45,645,559	33,593,982
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Investment corporation bonds (Notes 3 and 10)	22,700,000	24,500,000
Long-term loans payable (Notes 3, 4 and 9)	211,710,000	185,620,000
Tenant leasehold and security deposits (Note 3)	11,893,873	10,895,259
Tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust (Note 3)	224,560	74,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	246,528,434	221,089,259
Total Liabilities	292,173,993	254,683,242
Net Assets (Note 8)		
Unitholders' equity:		
Unitholders' capital, net (Note 8)	309,633,944	265,985,003
Units authorized: 16,000,000 units as of February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018	, ,	
Units issued and outstanding: 3,833,420 units as of February 28, 2019 and 3,402,681 units as of August 31, 2018		
Unappropriated retained earnings	9,053,764	7,946,714
Total unitholders' equity	318,687,708	273,931,717
Total Net Assets		
	318,687,708	273,931,717

GLP J-REIT

Statements of Income and Retained Earnings

For the six-month periods ended February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018

	Thousands of yen		
	For the six-month	For the six-month periods ended	
	February 28, 2019	August 31, 2018	
Operating revenues:			
Rental revenues (Note 6)	¥17,642,441	¥15,545,133	
Other rental revenues	1,049,058	1,351,299	
Total operating revenues	18,691,499	16,896,432	
Operating expenses:			
Rental expenses (Notes 5 and 6)	6,389,098	5,936,781	
Asset management fee	1,994,088	1,738,971	
Asset custody fee	7,547	6,636	
Administrative service fees	24,474	22,439	
Directors' remuneration	3,960	3,960	
Audit fee	13,500	13,500	
Taxes and dues	103	108	
Other operating expenses	73,302	73,805	
Total operating expenses	8,506,074	7,796,204	
Operating income	10,185,424	9,100,227	
Non-operating income (expenses):			
Interest income	67	57	
Reversal of distributions payable	1,954	998	
Interest on refund of consumption taxes	3,645	683	
Insurance income (Note 12)	554,024	_	
Interest expense	(817,637)	(753,981)	
Borrowing related expenses	(239,726)	(214,667)	
Amortization of investment unit issuance expenses	(46,150)	(45,966)	
Offering costs associated with the issuance of investment units	(41,496)	(54,823)	
Amortization of investment corporation bond issuance costs	(15,440)	(14,138)	
Interest expenses on investment corporation bonds	(80,371)	(72,121)	
Loss on disaster (Note 12)	(446,573)	_	
Others, net	(3,756)	(1,345)	
Total non-operating expenses, net	(1,131,461)	(1,155,305)	
Income before income taxes	9,053,963	7,944,922	
Income taxes (Note 11):			
-Current	1,716	605	
-Deferred	(62)	10	
Total income taxes	1,653	615	
Net income	¥ 9,052,310	¥ 7,944,307	
Accumulated earnings brought forward	1,454	2,406	
Unappropriated retained earnings	¥ 9,053,764	¥ 7,946,714	
-			

For the six-month periods ended February 28, 2019 August 31, 2018 **Earnings per unit** (Note 13): Net income per unit 2,365 yen 2,336 yen Weighted average number of units outstanding 3,826,153 units 3,400,648 units

GLP J-REIT Statements of Changes in Net Assets For the six-month periods ended February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018

Thousands of yen Number of Unitholders' Retained units capital, net earnings **Total net assets** ¥215,055,453 Balance as of February 28, 2018 (Note 8) 2,853,078 ¥208,665,004 ¥6,390,448 Issuance of new units on March 1, 2018 529,922 56,095,423 56,095,423 Issuance of new units on March 20, 2018 19,681 2,083,351 2,083,351 Distributions in excess of retained earnings (858,776)(858,776)Distributions of earnings (6,388,041)(6,388,041)Net income 7,944,307 7,944,307 Balance as of August 31, 2018 (Note 8) 3,402,681 ¥265,985,003 ¥7,946,714 ¥273,931,717 Issuance of new units on September 3, 2018 411,013 42,620,815 42,620,815 Issuance of new units on September 26, 2018 19,726 2,045,527 2,045,527 Distributions in excess of retained earnings (1,017,401)(1,017,401)Distributions of earnings (7,945,260)(7,945,260)Net income 9,052,310 9,052,310 Balance as of February 28, 2019 (Note 8) 3,833,420 ¥309,633,944 ¥9,053,764 ¥318,687,708

GLP J-REIT

Statements of Cash Flows

For the six-month periods ended February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018

	Thousands of yen For the six-month periods ended	
	February 28, 2019	August 31, 2018
Operating activities:		
Income before income taxes	¥ 9,053,963	¥ 7,944,922
Depreciation (Notes 5 and 8)	3,788,098	3,400,908
Amortization of investment corporation bond issuance costs	15,440	14,138
Amortization of investment unit issuance expenses	46,150	45,966
Interest income	(67)	(57)
Reversal of distributions payable	(1,954)	(998)
Interest expense	898,008	826,103
Insurance income (Note 12)	(554,024)	_
Loss on disaster (Note 12)	446,573	_
Decrease (increase) in operating accounts receivable	(138,908)	(154,244)
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	(103,401)	(41,380)
Decrease (increase) in consumption taxes receivable	1,839,898	(2,865,193)
Decrease (increase) in other current assets	7	23
Decrease (increase) in long-term prepaid expenses	(415,801)	(124,638)
Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable	(123,559)	163,790
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	214,487	307,047
Increase (decrease) in advances received	360,685	386,211
Increase (decrease) in deposits received	(143,855)	143,855
Subtotal	15,181,741	10,046,455
Interest received	67	57
Interest paid	(880,335)	(805,229)
Income taxes paid	(615)	(807)
Proceeds from insurance income (Note 12)	554,024	(807)
Payments for loss on disaster (Note 12)	(288,891)	_
		0.240.476
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	14,565,991	9,240,476
Investing activities:	(1.505)	(0.6)
Purchase of property and equipment	(1,785)	(86)
Purchase of property and equipment in trust	(86,322,082)	(83,099,394)
Proceeds from tenant leasehold and security deposits	1,468,426	2,389,719
Repayments of tenant leasehold and security deposits	(294,699)	(63,102)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(85,150,140)	(80,772,864)
Financing activities:		
Proceeds from short-term loans payable	8,000,000	1,140,000
Repayments of short-term loans payable	(8,360,000)	(5,480,000)
Proceeds from long-term loans payable	58,080,000	25,630,000
Repayments of long-term loans payable	(20,900,000)	_
Proceeds from issuance of investment corporation bonds	5,100,000	3,000,000
Redemption of investment corporation bonds	(6,000,000)	_
Payments of investment corporation bond issuance costs	(29,286)	(20,516)
Proceeds from issuance of investment units	44,574,468	58,079,617
Payment of distributions of earnings	(7,944,769)	(6,387,658)
Payment of distributions in excess of retained earnings	(1,016,978)	(858,547)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	71,503,434	75,102,894
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	919,284	3,570,505
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	15,577,887	12,007,381
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period (Note 3)	¥ 16,497,172	¥ 15,577,887
Cash and Cash equivalents at the of period (1901)	± 10,477,172	+ 13,377,007

GLP J-REIT

Notes to Financial Statements

For the six-month periods ended February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018

1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

1) Organization

GLP J-REIT is a Japanese real estate investment corporation specializing in modern logistics facilities in Japan. GLP J-REIT was established on September 16, 2011 under the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations of Japan (hereinafter the "Investment Trust Act of Japan").

GLP J-REIT is externally managed by a licensed asset management company, GLP Japan Advisors Inc. (hereinafter "Asset Manager") which operates with support of GLP Japan Inc. based on the Sponsor Support Agreement.

Since its initial public offering on December 20, 2012, GLP J-REIT has, on a number of occasions, issued units through public offering or through allocation to a third party. Those units are listed on the J-REIT section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

As of February 28, 2019, GLP J-REIT held beneficiary rights of real estate in trust with respect to 76 properties located in the Tokyo metropolitan area, the greater Osaka area and other areas.

2) Basis of presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Investment Trust Act of Japan and the Japanese Financial Instruments and Exchange Act and related accounting regulations, and in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan (hereinafter "Japanese GAAP"), which are different in certain respects as to application and disclosure requirements from the International Financial Reporting Standards.

The accompanying financial statements have been reformatted and translated into English from the financial statements of GLP J-REIT prepared in accordance with Japanese GAAP and filed with the appropriate Local Finance Bureau of the Ministry of Finance as required by the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act. In preparing these financial statements, certain reclassifications and modifications have been made to the financial statements issued domestically in order to present them in a format which is more familiar to readers outside Japan. In addition, certain reclassifications have been made in the prior period's financial statements to conform to the classifications used in the current period.

GLP J-REIT does not prepare consolidated financial statements as it has no subsidiaries.

As permitted by the regulations under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan, amounts of less than one thousand yen have been omitted. As a result, the totals shown in the accompanying financial statements do not necessarily agree with the sums of the individual amounts.

The fiscal period of GLP J-REIT represents two six-month accounting periods: each period is from September 1 to February 28/29 of the following year and from March 1 to August 31.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

1) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and cash in trust, readily-available bank deposits, readily-available bank deposits in trust and short-term investments that are liquid and realizable with a maturity of three months or less when purchased and that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

The balance of cash and cash equivalents as of February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018 included 9,383,835 thousand yen and 7,960,149 thousand yen of cash and deposits in trust, respectively.

2) Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost, which includes the original purchase price and related acquisition costs and expenses. Depreciation of property and equipment, including property and equipment in trust, is calculated by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings 2 to 77 years

Structures 2 to 60 years

Machinery and equipment 6 to 12 years

Vehicles 4 years

Tools, furniture and fixtures 2 to 18 years

3) Taxes on property and equipment

With respect to taxes on property and equipment held by GLP J-REIT, of the tax amounts assessed and determined, the amounts corresponding to the relevant accounting period are accounted for as rental expenses.

Of the amounts paid for the acquisition of real estate or beneficiary right of real estate in trust, the amounts equivalent to property-related taxes are capitalized as part of the acquisition cost of the relevant property instead of being charged as expenses. Capitalized property-related taxes amounted to 114,332 thousand yen and 274,381 thousand yen for the six-month periods ended February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018, respectively.

4) Investment securities

Available-for-sale securities with no readily determinable market price are stated at cost. Cost of securities sold is determined by the moving-average method.

5) Investment unit issuance expenses

Investment unit issuance expenses are amortized over three years using the straight-line method.

6) Hedge accounting

GLP J-REIT enters into derivative transactions in order to hedge against risks defined in its Articles of

Incorporation in compliance with their general risk management policy. GLP J-REIT uses interest rate swaps for the purpose of hedging its risk exposure associated with interests on floating rate loans payable. Where deferral accounting is generally adopted for hedge transactions, GLP J-REIT applies the special accounting treatment to interest rate swaps which qualify for hedge accounting and meet the specific matching criteria. Under the special accounting treatment, interest rate swaps are not measured at fair value, but the differential paid or received under the swap agreements is recognized and included in interest expense.

The hedge effectiveness test for interest rate swaps is omitted since all interest rate swaps of GLP J-REIT meet the specific matching criteria for the special accounting treatment as permitted under the Japanese GAAP.

7) Beneficiary rights of real estate or solar panels in trust

As to beneficiary rights of real estate or solar panels in trust, all accounts of assets and liabilities for assets in trust as well as the related income generated and expenses incurred are recorded in the relevant balance sheet and statement of income accounts.

8) Consumption taxes

Consumption taxes withheld and paid are not included in the accompanying statements of income.

9) Capitalized borrowing related expenses

Capitalized borrowing related expenses are amortized over the borrowing period on a straight-line basis and the amount amortized is included in borrowing related expenses.

10) Investment corporation bond issuance costs

Investment corporation bond issuance costs are amortized over the respective terms of the bonds using the straightline method.

3. Financial Instruments

1) Detailed information on financial instruments

(a) Policy for financial instruments

GLP J-REIT procures funds for acquisition of assets or repayment of debts through issuance of new investment units, bank loans and issuance of investment corporation bonds.

GLP J-REIT enters into derivative transactions solely for the purpose of reducing interest rate and other risks. GLP J-REIT does not use derivative transactions for speculative purposes.

GLP J-REIT generally invests surplus funds in deposits considering the safety and liquidity of the investment although surplus funds could be invested in securities and monetary claims as a matter of policy.

(b) Financial instruments, their risks and risk management system

Deposits are used for investment of GLP J-REIT's surplus funds. These deposits are exposed to credit risk, such as bankruptcy of the depository financial institution. GLP J-REIT limits credit risk by using only short-term deposits in financial institutions with high credit ratings.

Bank loans and investment corporation bonds are mainly made to procure funds for acquisition of properties and refinancing of bank loans or investment corporation bonds upon their maturities. GLP J-REIT mitigates the liquidity risk exposure upon repayment and redemption of loans by diversifying the maturities and lending institutions and manages such liquidity risk by preparing and monitoring the forecasted cash flows.

Certain loans are floating rate and exposed to the risk of rising interest rates. GLP J-REIT mitigates such risk by maintaining a prudent loan-to-value ratio and stabilizing its financial costs with the use of derivative transactions (interest rate swaps) as a hedge. All interest rate swaps meet the specific matching criteria to qualify for the special accounting treatment, thus the hedge effectiveness test is omitted. Derivative transactions are executed and managed under the Management Guidelines of the Asset Manager.

Tenant leasehold and security deposits and tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust are deposits received from tenants. GLP J-REIT is obligated to repay the deposits upon the tenant's termination of the leased property, and is thus exposed to liquidity risk. GLP J-REIT generally minimizes and manages such risk by holding sufficient funds to make the repayments and monitoring its cash flows.

(c) Supplemental explanation regarding fair values of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is based on observable market prices, if available. When there is no available observable market price, the fair value is reasonably estimated. Since various factors are considered in estimating the fair value, different assumptions and factors could result in a range of fair values.

2) Estimated fair value of financial instruments

Book value, fair value and differences between the values as of February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018 are as stated below. Financial instruments for which the fair value is difficult to estimate are excluded from the following table (see*2 below).

Thousands of yen

	As of February 28, 2019					
		Book value	Fair value		Difference	
(1) Cash and cash equivalents:						
Cash and deposits	¥	7,113,336	¥	7,113,336	¥	_
Cash and deposits in trust		9,383,835		9,383,835		_
Total assets	¥	16,497,172	¥ 1	6,497,172	¥	_
(1) Short-term loans payable	¥	800,000	¥	800,000	¥	_
(2) Current portion of investment corporation bonds		6,900,000		6,895,860	((4,140)
(3) Current portion of long-term loans payable		31,990,000	3	2,106,328	1	16,328
(4) Investment corporation bonds		22,700,000	2	2,999,350	2	99,350
(5) Long-term loans payable		211,710,000	21	4,143,893	2,4	33,893
Total liabilities	¥	274,100,000	¥27	6,945,432	¥ 2,8	45,432
Derivative transactions	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_

_	Thousands of yen						
_	As of August 31, 2018						
_		Book value	Fair value		Diff	erence	
(1) Cash and cash equivalents:							
Cash and deposits	¥	7,617,737	¥	7,617,737	¥	_	
Cash and deposits in trust		7,960,149		7,960,149		_	
Total assets	¥	15,577,887	¥	15,577,887	¥	_	
(1) Short-term loans payable	¥	1,160,000	¥	1,160,000	¥	_	
(2) Current portion of investment corporation bonds		6,000,000		6,010,200		10,200	
(3) Current portion of long-term loans payable		20,900,000		20,911,370		11,370	
(4) Investment corporation bonds		24,500,000		24,744,840	2	44,840	
(5) Long-term loans payable	-	185,620,000	1	86,846,882	1,2	26,882	
Total liabilities	¥2	238,180,000	¥2	39,673,293	¥ 1,49	93,293	
Derivative transactions	¥	_	¥	(22,505)	¥ (2	2,505)	

Notes:

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

Due to the short maturities, the book value of these instruments is deemed a reasonable approximation of the fair value; therefore, the book value is used as the fair value.

Liabilities:

(1) Short-term loans payable

Due to the short maturities, the book value of these instruments is deemed a reasonable approximation of the fair value; therefore, the book value is used as the fair value.

- (2) Current portion of investment corporation bonds and (4) Investment corporation bonds The reference value published by the Japan Securities Dealers Association is used as the fair value.
- (3) Current portion of long-term loans payable and (5) Long-term loans payable

Methods to estimate fair value of financial instruments and matters regarding derivative transactions Assets:

With respect to long-term loans payable, interest rates of floating-rate loans are periodically adjusted or renewed by contract. Thus, the book value of these instruments is deemed a reasonable approximation of the fair value, and the book value is, therefore, used as the fair value. The fair value of fixed-rate loans is measured by discounting the total principal and interest amount at the current rates that are reasonably estimated to be applicable if GLP J-REIT enters into new similar loans. The fair value of interest rate swaps under the special accounting treatment is included in long-term loans payable designated as a hedged item.

Derivative transactions:

Please refer to Note 4, "Derivative Transactions."

*2 Financial instruments for which the fair value is difficult to estimate are as follows:

	Thousands of	Thousands of yen				
	As of					
	February 28, 2019	August 31, 2018				
Tenant leasehold and security deposits	¥11,893,873	¥10,895,259				
Tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust	224,560	74,000				
Total	¥12,118,434	¥10,969,259				

Regarding tenant leasehold and security deposits and tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust, no observable market prices are available and the timing of repayments is not reliably estimated. Thus, it is impracticable to reasonably estimate their future cash flows and difficult to estimate their fair value. Therefore, their fair values are not disclosed.

*3 Redemption schedules for monetary claims are as follows:

				Th	ousana	ls of ye	n				
	As of February 28, 2019										
	Due within one year	one	after to two ears	two to	after three ars	three	after to four ears	four	after to five ars		after years
Cash and cash equivalents:											
Cash and deposits	¥ 7,113,336	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_
Cash and deposits in trust	9,383,835		_		_		_		_		_
Total	¥16,497,172	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_

	Thousands of yen										
		As of August 31, 2018									
	Due within one year	one	e after to two years	two	ue after to three years	three	e after e to four years	fou	ue after r to five years		e after e years
Cash and cash equivalents:											_
Cash and deposits	¥ 7,617,737	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_
Cash and deposits in trust	7,960,149		_		_		_		_		
Total	¥15,577,887	¥		¥		¥		¥	_	¥	

*4 Redemption schedules for investment corporation bonds and long-term loans payable are as follows:

			Thousai	ıds of yen			
	As of February 28, 2019						
	Due within one year	Due after one to two years	Due after two to three years	Due after three to four years	Due after four to five years	Due after five years	
Investment corporation bonds	¥ 6,900,000	¥ 4,500,000	¥ –	¥ 1,500,000	¥ 2,000,000	¥ 14,700,000	
Long-term loans payable	31,990,000	27,450,000	33,660,000	34,200,000	21,320,000	95,080,000	
Total	¥38,890,000	¥31,950,000	¥33,660,000	¥35,700,000	¥23,320,000	¥109,780,000	

Thousands of yen As of August 31, 2018 Due after Due after Due after Due after Due within Due after five four to five one to two two to three three to four one year years years years years years Investment corporation bonds ¥ 6,000,000 ¥ 6,900,000 ¥ 4,500,000 ¥ 3,500,000 9,600,000 Long-term loans payable 79,290,000 20,900,000 25,990,000 31,250,000 24,860,000 24,230,000 Total \(\frac{\pma}{26,900,000}\)\(\frac{\pma}{32,890,000}\)\(\frac{\pma}{35,750,000}\)\(\frac{\pma}{24,860,000}\)\(\frac{\pma}{27,730,000}\)\(\pma\)\(\pma\)\(88,890,000\)

4. Derivative Transactions

For the six-month periods ended February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018, GLP J-REIT only utilized interest rate swaps which qualified for hedge accounting and met the specific matching criteria, as described below.

Hedge accounting method: Special accounting treatment for interest rate swaps

Type of derivative transaction: Interest rate swaps, receive floating/pay fix

Primary hedged item: Long-term loans payable

Thousands of yen

	As of							
February 28, 2019				August 31, 2018				
Contract	t amount		Fair value	Contrac	Contract amount		Fair value	
Total	Due after one year	Fair value	measurement method	Total	Due after one year	Fair value	measurement method	
¥182,340,000	¥161,540,000	(*1)	(*2)	¥181,180,000 (*3)	¥163,580,000 (*3)	¥(22,505) (*1 and 4)	(*2)	

Notes:

- *1 Interest rate swaps under the special accounting treatment are accounted for as an integral component of long-term loans payable designated as hedged items. Thus, their fair value is included in that of long-term loans payable disclosed in Note 3, "Financial Instruments, 2) Estimated fair value of financial instruments, (3) Current portion of long-term loans payable and (5) Long-term loans payable."
- *2 Fair value is measured by the counterparty of the relevant transaction based on market rates.
- *3 The amount includes 33,320 million yen of interest rate swap entered on August 30, 2018. The start date of the loan subject to the interest rate swap is September 3, 2018.

*4 The interest rate swap entered on August 30, 2018 is not deemed as an integral component of long-term loan payable under the special accounting treatment since the corresponding loan designated as a hedged item has not yet started. Thus, the amount presents the fair value of the aforementioned interest rate swap as of August 31, 2018.

5. Investment and Rental Properties

Property and equipment consists of leasable logistics facilities for the purpose of earning rental revenues. The following table summarizes the book value, including changes during the fiscal periods and fair value of these rental properties.

	Thousands of yen					
	For the six-month periods ended					
	February 28, 2019 August 3					
Book value						
Balance at the beginning of the period	¥506,227,480	¥426,357,341				
Change during the period	82,473,104	79,870,138				
Balance at the end of the period	¥588,700,584	¥506,227,480				
Fair value at the end of the period	¥714,180,000	¥622,221,000				

The fair value of investment and rental properties was determined based on third-party appraisals or research prices.

The change in book value for the six-month period ended February 28, 2019 primarily consisted of the decrease due to depreciation of 3,788,098 thousand yen and the increase due to the acquisition of eight properties (GLP Shinsuna, GLP Shonan, GLP Osaka, GLP Settsu, GLP Nishinomiya, GLP Shiga, GLP Neyagawa and GLP Fujimae) in the amount of 85,285,354 thousand yen.

The change in book value for the six-month period ended August 31, 2018 primarily consisted of the decrease due to depreciation of 3,400,908 thousand yen and the increase due to the acquisition of six properties (GLP Urayasu, GLP Funabashi II, GLP Misato, GLP Maishima I, GLP Soja I and GLP Soja II) in the amount of 77,569,736 thousand yen and the acquisition of solar panels in properties in the amount of 5,042,790 thousand yen.

6. Property-related Revenues and Expenses

The following table summarizes the revenues and expenses generated from the property leasing activities for the six-month periods ended February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018.

Thousands of yen For the six-month periods ended			
¥17,049,111	¥15,030,857		
593,329	514,275		
17,642,441	15,545,133		
513,379	478,394		
74,618	62,739		
363,025	648,099		
98,035	162,065		
1,049,058	1,351,299		
¥18,691,499	¥16,896,432		
¥ 1,223,515	¥ 1,223,515		
680,351	602,115		
417,040	418,447		
82,105	135,991		
38,001	30,707		
3,788,098	3,400,908		
159,985	125,095		
¥ 6,389,098	¥ 5,936,781		
¥12,302,400	¥10,959,650		
	For the six-month p February 28, 2019 ¥17,049,111 593,329 17,642,441 513,379 74,618 363,025 98,035 1,049,058 ¥18,691,499 ¥ 1,223,515 680,351 417,040 82,105 38,001 3,788,098 159,985 ¥ 6,389,098		

7. Leases

The future minimum rental revenues from tenants subsequent to each fiscal period end under non-cancelable operating leases of properties are as follows:

	Thousands of	Thousands of yen As of			
	As of				
	February 28, 2019	August 31, 2018			
Due within one year	¥ 33,593,879	¥ 30,149,858			
Due after one year	90,013,364	87,546,426			
Total	¥123,607,244	¥ 117,696,285			

8. Net Assets

1) Stated capital

GLP J-REIT issues only non-par value units in accordance with the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations of Japan and all issue amounts of new units are designated as stated capital. GLP J-REIT maintains at least 50,000 thousand yen as the minimum net assets as required by Article 67, Paragraph 4 of the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations.

2) Unitholders' capital, net

Unitholders' capital, net as of February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018 consists of the following items:

Unitholders' capital - accumulated paid-in amount
Issuance of new investment units
Deduction from unitholders' capital - accumulated
distribution in excess of retained earnings
Unitholders' capital, net

Thousands o	Thousands of yen				
As of					
February 28, 2019	August 31, 2018				
¥273,277,487	¥215,098,711				
44,666,342	58,178,775				
(8,309,885)	(7,292,483)				
¥309,633,944	¥265,985,003				

3) Distributions

Distributions related to the period but declared after the balance sheet date are summarized as follows:

	<u>Yen</u>						
	For the six-month periods ended						
	February 28	August 31, 2018					
	Total	Per unit	Total	Per unit			
I Unappropriated retained earnings	¥9,053,764,437		¥7,946,714,353				
II Distributions in excess of retained earnings							
Deduction from unitholders' capital	1,134,692,320		1,017,401,619				
	10,188,456,757		8,964,115,972				
III Distributions							
Distributions of earnings	9,050,704,620	¥2,361	7,945,260,135	¥2,335			
Distributions in excess of retained earnings	1,134,692,320	296	1,017,401,619	299			
Total Distributions	10,185,396,940	¥2,657	8,962,661,754	¥2,634			
IV Retained earnings carried forward	¥ 3,059,817		¥ 1,454,218				

In accordance with Section 34.1 of the bylaws set forth by GLP J-REIT for distributions of cash dividends, the amount of the distributions shall be more than 90% of income available for dividends defined in Section 67.15 of the Special Taxation Measures Act.

Accordingly, GLP J-REIT declared a distribution amount of 9,050,704,620 yen and 7,945,260,135 yen, which was the amount equivalent to the maximum integral multiples of the number of investment units issued and outstanding as of February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018, respectively.

Furthermore, based on the distribution policy as defined in Section 34.2 of its bylaws, GLP J-REIT will make an Optimal Payable Distribution (the "OPD"), which represents a distribution of funds in excess of retained earnings, in each fiscal period on a continuing basis. Accordingly, GLP J-REIT intends to distribute funds in excess of retained earnings, which do not exceed the amount calculated by deducting the amount of capital expenditures for the accounting period immediately preceding the period in which the OPD is made from the depreciation expense for the corresponding period. For the six-month periods ended February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018, the amount of capital expenditures was 962,005,439 yen and 658,520,445 yen, and the depreciation expense was 3,788,098,961 yen and 3,400,908,538 yen, respectively. Thus, the maximum amount available for the OPD amounted to 2,826,093,522 yen and 2,742,388,093 yen for the six-month periods ended February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018, respectively.

Thus, GLP J-REIT declared an OPD amounting to 1,134,692,320 yen and 1,017,401,619 yen as a refund of its investment categorized as a distribution from unitholders' capital for tax purposes for the six-month periods ended February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018, respectively. The amounts of OPD approximated 30% of the depreciation expense of 3,788,098,961 yen and 3,400,908,538 yen for the six-month periods ended February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018, respectively.

9. Short-Term and Long-Term Loans Payable

Short-term and long-term loans payable consisted of bank borrowings under loan agreements. The following table summarizes the short-term and long-term loans payables as of February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018.

	Thousands of yen				
	As of				
	February 28, 2019	August 31, 2018			
0.21% unsecured short-term loans	¥ –	¥ 1,160,000			
0.21% unsecured short-term loans	800,000				
Total short-term loans payable	¥ 800,000	¥ 1,160,000			
0.31% unsecured long-term loans due 2018	¥ –	¥ 2,500,000			
0.76% unsecured long-term loans due 2019 (*)	_	12,300,000			
0.29% unsecured long-term loans due 2019	_	800,000			
(0.01)% unsecured long-term loans due 2019 (*)	_	5,300,000			
0.24% unsecured long-term loans due 2019	1,940,000	1,940,000			
1.41% unsecured long-term loans due 2020 (*)	20,800,000	20,800,000			
1.03% unsecured long-term loans due 2020	3,250,000	3,250,000			
0.26% unsecured long-term loans due 2020	3,150,000	3,150,000			
0.25% unsecured long-term loans due 2020	1,150,000	1,150,000			
0.19% unsecured long-term loans due 2020	7,200,000	7,200,000			
0.21% unsecured long-term loans due 2020	6,000,000	_			
1.30% unsecured long-term loans due 2021 (*)	3,250,000	3,250,000			
1.09% unsecured long-term loans due 2021 (*)	6,100,000	6,100,000			
0.92% unsecured long-term loans due 2021	3,800,000	3,800,000			
0.52% unsecured long-term loans due 2021 (*)	3,800,000	3,800,000			
0.35% unsecured long-term loans due 2021 (*)	2,800,000	2,800,000			
0.28% unsecured long-term loans due 2021 (*)	9,200,000	9,200,000			
0.29% unsecured long-term loans due 2021 (*)	3,170,000	3,170,000			

Thousands of yen

	As of		
	February 28, 2019	August 31, 2018	
0.86% unsecured long-term loans due 2022 (*)	13,600,000	13,600,000	
0.61% unsecured long-term loans due 2022 (*)	10,050,000	10,050,000	
0.42% unsecured long-term loans due 2022 (*)	1,590,000	1,590,000	
0.42% unsecured long-term loans due 2022	850,000	850,000	
0.53% unsecured long-term loans due 2022	500,000	500,000	
0.36% unsecured long-term loans due 2022 (*)	9,970,000	_	
0.21% unsecured long-term loans due 2022 (*)	5,000,000	_	
0.29% unsecured long-term loans due 2023	3,780,000	3,780,000	
0.56% unsecured long-term loans due 2023	1,150,000	1,150,000	
0.46% unsecured long-term loans due 2023	1,450,000	1,450,000	
0.34% unsecured long-term loans due 2023 (*)	10,130,000	10,130,000	
0.31% unsecured long-term loans due 2023 (*)	2,500,000	_	
1.56% unsecured long-term loans due 2024 (*)	3,140,000	3,140,000	
0.61% unsecured long-term loans due 2024 (*)	3,300,000	3,300,000	
0.32% unsecured long-term loans due 2024	4,100,000	4,100,000	
0.44% unsecured long-term loans due 2024	8,150,000	8,150,000	
0.38% unsecured long-term loans due 2024 (*)	6,000,000	6,000,000	
0.45% unsecured long-term loans due 2024 (*)	14,510,000	_	
0.96% unsecured long-term loans due 2025 (*)	1,300,000	1,300,000	
0.57% unsecured long-term loans due 2025	9,190,000	9,190,000	
0.79% unsecured long-term loans due 2025	5,700,000	5,700,000	
0.48% unsecured long-term loans due 2025 (*)	1,300,000	1,300,000	
1.48% unsecured long-term loans due 2026 (*)	1,000,000	1,000,000	
0.93% unsecured long-term loans due 2026 (*)	1,500,000	1,500,000	
1.22% unsecured long-term loans due 2026 (*)	10,700,000	10,700,000	
0.60% unsecured long-term loans due 2026 (*)	6,600,000	6,600,000	
0.50% unsecured long-term loans due 2026 (*)	3,170,000	3,170,000	
0.37% unsecured long-term loans due 2026 (*)	5,260,000	_	
1.85% unsecured long-term loans due 2027 (*)	2,700,000	2,700,000	
1.31% unsecured long-term loans due 2027 (*)	900,000	900,000	
0.70% unsecured long-term loans due 2027 (*)	8,840,000	_	
1.57% unsecured long-term loans due 2028 (*)	1,000,000	1,000,000	
0.71% unsecured long-term loans due 2028 (*)	3,160,000	3,160,000	
0.63% unsecured long-term loans due 2029 (*)			
	6,000,000	_	
Less: current portion	(31,990,000)	(20,900,000)	

Note:

GLP J-REIT uses interest rate swaps to hedge their interest rate risk exposure. The stated interest rate includes the effect of the interest rate swap.

The stated interest rate is the weighted average interest rate during the period ended February 28, 2019 and is rounded to the second decimal place.

The redemption schedules for long-term loans payable subsequent to February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018 are disclosed in Note 3, "Financial Instruments."

10. Investment Corporation Bonds

GLP J-REIT issued 12 series of unsecured investment corporation bonds with special pari passu conditions among specified investment corporation bonds to refinance bank borrowings. Each bond would be repaid on a lump-sum basis at each contractual maturity date. The following summarizes the status of investment corporation bonds as of February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018.

				Thousands of yen			
				A	s of		
Description	Issued date	Maturity date	Interest rate	February 28, 2019	August 31, 2018		
GLP J-REIT 1st Unsecured Bonds	February 27, 2014	February 27, 2019	0.47%	¥ –	¥ 6,000,000		
GLP J-REIT 2nd Unsecured Bonds	July 30, 2014	July 30, 2024	0.98%	2,000,000	2,000,000		
GLP J-REIT 3rd Unsecured Bonds	December 26, 2014	December 25, 2020	0.51%	4,500,000	4,500,000		
GLP J-REIT 4th Unsecured Bonds	December 26, 2014	December 26, 2022	0.68%	1,500,000	1,500,000		
GLP J-REIT 5th Unsecured Bonds	December 26, 2014	December 25, 2026	1.17%	3,000,000	3,000,000		
GLP J-REIT 6th Unsecured Bonds	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2025	0.89%	1,500,000	1,500,000		
GLP J-REIT 7th Unsecured Bonds	November 28, 2016	November 28, 2019	0.01%	6,900,000	6,900,000		
GLP J-REIT 8th Unsecured Bonds	November 28, 2016	November 27, 2026	0.45%	1,100,000	1,100,000		
GLP J-REIT 9th Unsecured Bonds	February 27, 2017	February 26, 2027	0.47%	1,000,000	1,000,000		
GLP J-REIT 10th Unsecured Bonds	July 9, 2018	July 7, 2023	0.23%	2,000,000	2,000,000		
GLP J-REIT 11th Unsecured Bonds	July 9, 2018	July 7, 2028	0.56%	1,000,000	1,000,000		
GLP J-REIT 12th Unsecured Bonds (Green Bonds)	December 20, 2018	December 20, 2028	0.68%	5,100,000			
Total				¥29,600,000	¥30,500,000		

The stated interest rate is rounded to the second decimal place.

11. Income Taxes

GLP J-REIT is subject to Japanese corporate income taxes on its taxable income. The tax effects of temporary differences that give rise to a significant portion of the deferred tax assets and liabilities as of February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018 were as follows:

	Thousands o	Thousands of yen As of			
	As of				
	February 28, 2019	August 31, 2018			
Deferred tax assets					
Enterprise tax payable	¥ 62	¥ -			
Total	62	_			
Net deferred tax assets	¥ 62	¥ -			

Effective from September 1, 2018, GLP J-REIT has adopted the "Partial Amendments to Accounting Standard for Tax Effect Accounting" (the Accounting Standards Board of Japan ("ASBJ") Statement No. 28, February 16, 2018). Accordingly, deferred tax assets are classified to "Investments and other assets" and deferred tax liabilities are classified to "Noncurrent liabilities".

Reconciliations between the Japanese statutory tax rate and the actual income tax rate with respect to pre-tax income reflected in the accompanying statement of income for the six-month periods ended February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018 are as follows:

For the six-month periods ended		
August 31, 2018		
31.74		
(31.74)		
0.01		
0.01		
_		

GLP J-REIT has a policy of making cash distributions of earnings in excess of 90% of distributable income as defined in the Special Taxation Measures Act for the fiscal period to qualify for conditions as set forth in the Special Taxation Measures Act to achieve a deduction of cash distributions for income tax purposes. Based on this policy, GLP J-REIT treated the cash distributions of earnings as a tax deductible distribution as defined in the Special Taxation Measures Act.

12. Insurance Income and Loss on Disaster

For the six-month period ended February 28, 2019, GLP J-REIT recognized a loss on disaster of 446,573 thousand yen for the restoration of property damage sustained during Typhoon Jebi (No. 21) and Typhoon Trami (No. 24) in September 2018. However, GLP J-REIT received insurance proceeds of 554,024 thousand yen for those damages and recognized the amount as insurance income.

13. Per Unit Information

The following table summarizes per unit information for the six-month periods ended and as of February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018.

	For the six-month periods ended			
	February 28, 2019	August 31, 2018		
Net income per unit:				
Basic net income per unit	2,365 yen	2,336 yen		
Weighted average number of units outstanding	3,826,153 units	3,400,648 units		
	As of			
	February 28, 2019	August 31, 2018		
Net assets per unit	83,134 yen	80,504 yen		

Diluted earnings per unit and related information are not disclosed as no dilutive securities were outstanding.

14. Transactions with Related Parties

1) Transactions and account balances with the parent company and major corporate unitholders (For the six-month periods ended February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018) None

2) Transactions and account balances with affiliates

(For the six-month periods ended February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018) None

3) Transactions and account balances with companies under common control and others

(For the six-month period ended February 28, 2019)

Classification	Name of the company	Location	Stated capital (Thousands of yen)	Type of business	% of voting rights (owned)	Business relationship	Type of transaction	Transaction amount (Thousands of yen)	Account title	Balance at the end of the period (Thousands of yen)
				T		Entrustment	Property management fee	¥354,879	Operating	****
	GLP Japan Inc.	Minato-ku,	¥100,000	Investment advisory/	_	of property management	Leasing commission	108,702	accounts payable	¥66,277
	-	Tokyo	ŕ	agency		Patent	Royalty fee (*2)	7,500	_	_
						license Concurrently	respects rec (2)	7,000		
	GLP Japan Advisors Inc.	Minato-ku, Tokyo	110,000	Asset management	_	serving directors Entrustment of asset management	Asset management fee (*2 and 3)	2,248,638	Accounts payable	1,897,412
	GLP J-REIT Master Lease GK	Minato-ku, Tokyo	1,000	Real estate	_	Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	146,421	Operating accounts receivable	27,648
	Ichikawashiohama Godo Kaisha	Minato-ku, Tokyo	1,000	Equipment leasing	_	Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	15,911	Operating accounts receivable	5,236
	GLP Tosu One GK	Minato-ku, Tokyo	2,200	Equipment leasing		Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	35,685	Operating accounts receivable	5,629
	GLP Sugito Y.K.	Minato-ku, Tokyo	4,300	Equipment leasing	_	Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	9,512	Operating accounts receivable	1,694
Subsidiary of	GLP Urayasu Three Y.K.	Minato-ku, Tokyo	3,000	Equipment leasing	_	Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	27,323	Operating accounts receivable	4,399
major unitholder	GLP Tokyo Two Y.K.	Minato-ku, Tokyo	3,000	Equipment leasing		Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	13,255	Operating accounts receivable	2,183
	GLP Komaki Y.K.	Minato-ku, Tokyo	3,000	Equipment leasing		Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	22,299	Operating accounts receivable	3,905
	GLP Fukusaki Y.K.	Minato-ku, Tokyo	3,500	Equipment leasing	_	Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	14,119	Operating accounts receivable	2,376
	GLP Amagasaki Y.K.	Minato-ku, Tokyo	3,000	Equipment leasing	_	Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	21,363	Operating accounts receivable	3,666
	GLP Misato Two GK	Minato-ku, Tokyo	2,200	Equipment leasing	_	Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	15,665	Operating accounts receivable	2,710
	GLP Maishima Two Y.K.	Minato-ku, Tokyo	3,000	Equipment leasing	_	Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	15,050	receivable	2,553
	GLP Kiyama GK	Minato-ku, Tokyo	2,200	Equipment leasing	_	Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	26,417	Operating accounts receivable	4,348
	Shinsuna Logistic Special Purpose	Minato-ku,	3,517,000	Real estate	_	_	Purchase of beneficiary right of real estate in trust	18,300,000	_	_
	Company	Tokyo	-,,				Receipt of deposits Acceptance of security deposits	27,614 203,578		_
							Purchase of beneficiary right of	,		1
	Azalea Two Special	Minato-ku,	100,100	Real estate			real estate in trust	17,720,000	_	-
	Purpose Company	Tokyo	100,100	Acai estate			Receipt of deposits	17,598	_	_
							Acceptance of security deposits Purchase of beneficiary right of	215,318	_	_
	Osaka Logistic	Minato-ku,	25 250	Dool			real estate in trust	36,000,000	_	_
	Special Purpose Company	Tokyo	25,250	Real estate	_		Receipt of deposits	25,515	_	_
	1 ,						Acceptance of security deposits Purchase of beneficiary right of	369,907	_	-
	Cosmos Special	Minato-ku,	681,100	Real estate	_	_	real estate in trust	4,730,000	_	-
	Purpose Company	Tokyo					Acceptance of security deposits	72,042		-
	Neyagawa Logistic Special Purpose Company	Minato-ku, Tokyo	419,800	Real estate	_	_	Purchase of beneficiary right of real estate in trust Acceptance of security deposits	8,100,000 150,560	_	_
	Company		<u> </u>		l	<u>I</u>	Acceptance of security deposits	150,500	_	

(For the six-month period ended August 31, 2018)

Classification	Name of the company	Location	Stated capital (Thousands of yen)	Type of business	% of voting rights (owned)	Business relationship	Type of transaction	Transaction amount (Thousands of yen)	Account title	Balance at the end of the period (Thousands of yen)					
				Investment		Entrustment of property	Property management fee	¥312,099	Operating	V70.460					
	GLP Japan Inc. Minato-ku, Tokyo ¥100,000 advisory/	management	Leasing commission	80,736	accounts payable	¥79,460									
		TOKYO		agency		Patent license	Royalty fee (*2)	7,500	_	_					
	GLP Japan Advisors Inc.	Minato-ku, Tokyo	110,000	Asset management	_	Concurrently serving directors Entrustment of asset management	Asset management fee (*2 and 3)	1,970,152	Accounts payable	1,661,539					
	GLP J-REIT Master Lease GK	Minato-ku, Tokyo	1,000	Real estate	_	Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	254,036	Operating accounts receivable	52,948					
	Ichikawashiohama Godo Kaisha	Minato-ku, Tokyo	1,000	Equipment leasing	_	Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	30,722	Operating accounts receivable	4,864					
	Fukaehama Logistic Special Purpose	Minato-ku,					Purchase of beneficiary right of real estate in trust	7,440,881	_	_					
	Company	Tokyo	169,600	Real estate	_	_	Receipt of deposits	4,031	_	_					
	(*4)						Acceptance of security deposits	264,538	_	_					
	Funabashi Two Logistic Special	Minato-ku,					Purchase of beneficiary right of real estate in trust	7,789,590	_	-					
	Purpose Company	Tokyo	1,971,100	Real estate	_	_	Receipt of deposits	2,979	_	_					
	(*4 and 5)						Acceptance of security deposits	96,097	_	_					
	Misato Logistic Special Purpose	Minato-ku,					Purchase of beneficiary right of real estate in trust	16,939,573	_	_					
	Company	Tokyo	17,350	Real estate	_	_	Receipt of deposits	10,768	_	_					
	(*4)						Acceptance of security deposits	799,000	_	_					
	Maishima One Logistic Special	Minato-ku,					Purchase of beneficiary right of real estate in trust	19,390,298	_	_					
	Purpose Company	Tokyo	100,100	Real estate	_	_	Receipt of deposits	15,872	_	_					
	(*4)						Acceptance of security deposits	483,267	_	_					
	Soja Logistic Special	Minato-ku,					Purchase of beneficiary right of real estate in trust	12,800,000	_	_					
Subsidiary of	Purpose Company	Tokyo				33,350	Real estate	Real estate	;	te –	_	Receipt of deposits	6,282	_	_
major unitholder							Acceptance of security deposits	395,414	_	_					
	Soja Two Logistic	Minato-ku,					Purchase of beneficiary right of real estate in trust	12,700,000	_	_					
	Special Purpose Company	Tokyo	8,950	Real estate	_	_	Receipt of deposits	6,958	_	_					
	Company						Acceptance of security deposits	204,889	_	_					
	GLP Solar Special Purpose Company	Minato-ku, Tokyo	12,900	Equipment leasing	_	_	Purchase of beneficiary right of solar panels in trust	4,990,000	- On anoting	_					
	GLP Tosu One GK	Minato-ku, Tokyo	2,200	Equipment leasing	-	Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	62,488	Operating accounts receivable	12,757					
	GLP Sugito Y.K.	Minato-ku, Tokyo	3,800	Equipment leasing	_	Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	15,811	receivable	3,396					
	GLP Urayasu Three Y.K.	Minato-ku, Tokyo	3,000	Equipment leasing	_	Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	50,237	Operating accounts receivable	11,246					
	GLP Tokyo Two Y.K.	Minato-ku, Tokyo	3,000	Equipment leasing	_	Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	24,067	Operating accounts receivable	5,307					
	GLP Komaki Y.K.	Minato-ku, Tokyo	3,000	Equipment leasing	_	Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	39,053	Operating accounts receivable	7,438					
	GLP Fukusaki Y.K.	Minato-ku, Tokyo	3,000	Equipment leasing	_	Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	25,989	Operating accounts receivable	5,047					
	GLP Amagasaki Y.K.	Minato-ku, Tokyo	3,000	Equipment leasing	_	Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	42,051	Operating accounts receivable	8,307					
	GLP Misato Two GK	Minato-ku, Tokyo	2,200	Equipment leasing	_	Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	27,110	Operating accounts receivable	5,430					
	GLP Maishima Two Y.K.	Minato-ku, Tokyo	3,000	Equipment leasing	_	Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	28,926	Operating accounts receivable	5,703					
	GLP Kiyama GK	Minato-ku, Tokyo	2,200	Equipment leasing		Solar panel leasing	Rental income from solar panel leasing	47,605	Operating accounts receivable	9,696					

Notes:

- *1 Consumption taxes are not included in the transaction amount but included in the related balance at the end of the period.
- *2 Decisions relating to the terms and conditions of transactions:
 - (a) The asset management fee was determined in accordance with the rules prescribed in the Articles of Incorporation of GLP J-REIT.
 - The royalty fee was mutually agreed after negotiation between both parties, based on the initial formula proposed by GLP Japan Inc.
 - (c) Other transactions, including the transaction described in below (Note 4), are determined based on market conditions.
- *3 The Asset management fee above includes management fees capitalized as part of acquisition costs of properties. For the six-month periods ended February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018, the amounts of such management fees capitalized were 254,550 thousand yen and 231,181 thousand ven, respectively.
- *4 The counterparty of the transactions was Sumitomo Mitsui Finance and Leasing Company, Limited ("SMFL") which is not a related party of GLP J-REIT. The sellers of the corresponding properties (GLP Urayasu, GLP Funabashi II, GLP Misato and GLP Maishima I; hereinafter the "Four Properties") to SMFL were, however, Fukaehama Logistic Special Purpose Company, Funabashi Two Logistic Special Purpose Company, Misato Logistic Special Purpose Company, and Maishima One Logistic Special Purpose Company, respectively, and they are all subsidiaries of GLP Holdings Limited, the major unitholder of GLP J-REIT. At the same time of the acquisition of the Four Properties, SMFL entered the contract to sell the said properties to GLP J-REIT; that is, SMFL held the Four Properties only temporarily. Further, the contract prescribed that GLP J-REIT's acquisition price of the Four Properties shall be determined based on the acquisition price by SMFL. Thus, GLP J-REIT considers that the transactions were essentially made with the related parties of GLP J-REIT, and discloses them as related party transactions. The amounts stated above are the amounts of transactions between GLP J-REIT and SMFL.
- Funabashi Two Logistic Special Purpose Company has been liquidated on March 29, 2018.
- 4) Transactions and account balances with directors and major individual unitholders

(For the six-month periods ended February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018)

None

15. Segment and Related Information

Segment Information

1) Overview of operating and reportable segments

Operating segments are a component of GLP J-REIT for which separate financial information is available and whose operating results are regularly evaluated by the Board of Directors to make decisions about how resources are allocated and assess their performance. Consequently, each property is considered an operating segment. However, when properties share similar economic characteristic and meet other specific conditions, they may be aggregated for purposes of reporting segment information. Therefore, properties with multiple tenants have been aggregated and presented as the "Multi-tenant Property" reportable segment, whereas build-to-suit ("BTS") properties developed for a single tenant or properties with a single tenant have been aggregated and presented as the "BTS Property" reportable segment.

As of February 28, 2019, GLP J-REIT's properties were classified into each reportable segment as follows:

GLP Tokyo, GLP Sugito II, GLP Koshigaya II, GLP Misato II, GLP Amagasaki, GLP Multi-tenant Property:

> Koriyama III, GLP Urayasu III, GLP Komaki, GLP Tokyo II, GLP Narashino, GLP-MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama, GLP Atsugi II, GLP Soja I, GLP Soja II, GLP Shinsuna

and GLP Osaka

BTS Property: GLP Higashi-Ogishima, GLP Akishima, GLP Tomisato, GLP Narashino II, GLP

> Funabashi, GLP Kazo, GLP Fukaya, GLP Iwatsuki, GLP Kasukabe, GLP Tatsumi, GLP Hirakata, GLP Hirakata II, GLP Maishima II, GLP Tsumori, GLP Rokko, GLP Amagasaki II, GLP Nara, GLP Sakai, GLP Morioka, GLP Tomiya, GLP Koriyama I, GLP Tokai, GLP Hayashima, GLP Hayashima II, GLP Kiyama, GLP Sendai, GLP Hamura, GLP Funabashi III, GLP Sodegaura, GLP Rokko II, GLP Ebetsu, GLP Kuwana, GLP Hatsukaichi, GLP Tatsumi IIa, GLP Okegawa, GLP Kadoma, GLP Seishin, GLP Fukusaki, GLP Ogimachi, GLP Hiroshima, GLP Fukuoka, GLP Kobe

Nishi, GLP Shinkiba, GLP Sugito, GLP Matsudo, GLP Tosu I, GLP Yoshimi, GLP Fukaehama, GLP Tomiya IV, GLP Noda-Yoshiharu, GLP Urayasu, GLP Funabashi II, GLP Misato, GLP Maishima I, GLP Shonan, GLP Settsu, GLP Nishinomiya, GLP Shiga, GLP Neyagawa and GLP Fujimae

2) Basis of measurement for the amounts of segment income, segment assets and other items for each reportable segment

The accounting policies of each reportable segment are consistent to those disclosed in Note 2, "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies." Segment income is measured on the basis of operating income, excluding certain corporate expenses and gain on sales of property and equipment (see reconciling items below). Segment assets are measured on the basis of total assets, excluding certain assets (see reconciling items below).

3) Information about segment income, segment assets and other items for the periods ended February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018 is as described in the following tables.

	Thousands of yen								
	As of and for	As of and for the six-month period ended February 28, 2019							
	Multi-tenant rental business	BTS rental business	Reconciling items (*2)	Amount on financial statements					
Operating revenues (*1)	¥ 8,558,828	¥ 10,132,670	¥ —	¥ 18,691,499					
Segment income	5,440,378	6,862,021	(2,116,975)	10,185,424					
Segment assets	277,930,868	322,153,375	10,777,457	610,861,701					
Other items									
Depreciation	1,556,477	2,231,621	_	3,788,098					
Increase in property and equipment	54,851,693	31,409,509	(23,484)	86,237,718					

Notes:

- *1 Operating revenues are exclusively earned from external parties.
- *2 Reconciling items to total segment income consist of corporate expenses that are not allocated to each reportable segment. Corporate expenses represent mainly asset management fee of 1,994,088 thousand yen, asset custody fee of 7,547 thousand yen, administrative service fees of 24,474 thousand yen, directors' remuneration of 3,960 thousand yen and other expenses.

Reconciling items to total segment assets consist of several assets that are not allocated to each reportable segment. Those assets include cash and cash equivalents of 7,113,336 thousand yen, consumption taxes receivable of 1,146,043 thousand yen, long-term prepaid expenses of 1,781,707 thousand yen and investment unit issuance expenses of 157,006 thousand ven.

Reconciling items to total increase in property and equipment under other items consist of corporate assets which are not allocated to each reportable segment. Such corporate assets represent construction in progress.

Thousands of yen

	As of and for the six-month period ended August 31, 2018						
	Multi-tenant rental business	BTS rental business	Reconciling items (*2)	Amount on financial statements			
Operating revenues (*1)	¥ 7,412,055	¥ 9,484,376	¥ –	¥ 16,896,432			
Segment income	4,633,630	6,326,019	(1,859,422)	9,100,227			
Segment assets	224,060,692	291,966,455	12,587,811	528,614,960			
Other items							
Depreciation	1,316,352	2,084,556	_	3,400,908			
Increase in property and equipment	27,898,105	55,372,941	(15,518)	83,255,528			

Notes:

- *1 Operating revenues are exclusively earned from external parties.
- *2 Reconciling items to total segment income consist of corporate expenses that are not allocated to each reportable segment. Corporate expenses represent mainly asset management fee of 1,738,971 thousand yen, asset custody fee of 6,636 thousand yen, administrative service fees of 22,439 thousand yen, directors' remuneration of 3,960 thousand yen and other expenses.

Reconciling items to total segment assets consist of several assets that are not allocated to each reportable segment. Those assets include cash and cash equivalents of 7,617,737 thousand yen, consumption taxes receivable of 2,985,941 thousand yen, long-term prepaid expenses of 1,365,906 thousand yen and investment unit issuance expenses of 111,283 thousand yen.

Reconciling items to total increase in property and equipment under other items consist of corporate assets which are not allocated to each reportable segment. Such corporate assets represent construction in progress.

Related Information

(For the six-month periods ended February 28, 2019 and August 31, 2018)

- 1) Information by geographic area
 - (a) Operating revenues

Substantially all of the operating revenue is earned from external customers in Japan.

(b) Property and equipment

Substantially all property and equipment are located in Japan.

2) Information on major tenants

Disclosure of this information has been omitted as no customer accounting for 10% or more of the total operating revenues existed.

16. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to February 28, 2019, GLP J-REIT sold GLP Fukuoka as described below.

· Type of specified asset Beneficiary right of real estate in trust

· Contract date March 29, 2019 · Closing date March 29, 2019

· Sales price 2,300 million yen (Note 1) • Buyer Not disclosed (Note 2)

Notes:

- *1 "Sales price" excludes asset transfer costs, property taxes, city planning taxes, consumption taxes and local consumption taxes.
- *2 The Buyer is one entity, but its profile including the company form is not disclosed since the Buyer's consent has not been obtained. As of May 30, 2019, there is no capital, personnel or transactional relationship to be disclosed between the Buyer and GLP J-REIT or its Asset Manager. In addition, the Buyer is not a related party of GLP J-REIT or its Asset Manager.

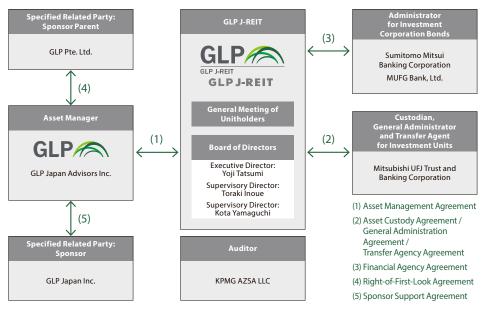
From this transaction, GLP J-REIT will recognize approximately 784 million yen of gain on sales of property and equipment for the six-month period ending August 31, 2019 (from March 1, 2019 to August 31, 2019).

Overview of GLP J-REIT

GLP J-REIT

■ Structure of GLP J-REIT

Other Specified Related



(Note) Each of the following companies indirectly holds GLP Japan Advisors Inc. and is therefore regarded as a "Specified Related Party" as defined in the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act (the Act): GLP holdings Limited, GLP Holdings, LP, GLP Topco Limited, GLP Midco Limited, GLP Bidco Limited, GLP Japan Investment Holdings Pte. Ltd. and GLP Singapore Pte. Ltd. GLP - REIT Master Lease Good kaish is also regarded as a "Specified Related Party" as defined in the Act since the company is conducting or has conducted transactions specified under Article 29-3 Paragraph 3, Item 4 (Real Estate Lending Transactions) of Order for Enforcement of the Act (Cabinet Order No. 231 of 1965) and thus is considered as an "interested party" of GLP Japan Advisors Inc.

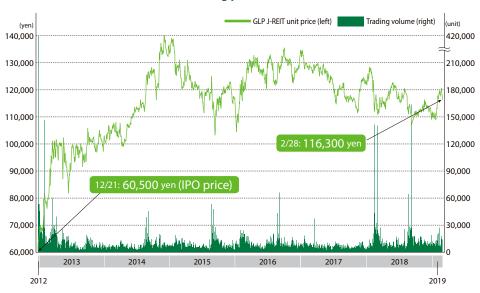
■ Governance Structure for Related Party Transactions



(Note) Approval of the J-REIT board is necessary for transactions that require the consent of J-REIT based on the resolution of the J-REIT board, and reporting to the board is necessary for other cases.

■ Historical Investment Unit Price (closing price)

Investor's Information



Unitholder Composition (as of the end of Feb 2019)

Number of units held by unitholders **Number of unitholders** Others Others Domestic individuals Overseas 82,686 units & others investors 332 (2%) (2%)196,354 units (5%) 290 (2%) Overseas Domestic investors institutions 1,204,932 units 182 (1%) (31%)GLP group Domestic institutions 389,440 units (10%) 1,960,008 units (51%) Domestic individuals & others 18,157 (96%) Total number of issued units: 3,833,420 Total number of unitholders: 18.961

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